

**SPDR® SERIES TRUST**

Supplement dated March 19, 2015  
to the Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information  
dated October 31, 2014

**SPDR® Nuveen S&P® VRDO Municipal Bond ETF**  
**SPDR® S&P® Mortgage Finance ETF**

Effective immediately, the SPDR Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF and SPDR S&P Mortgage Finance ETF are closed to investors.

**PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

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**SPDR® SERIES TRUST (the “Trust”)**

Supplement dated March 9, 2015  
to the Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information  
dated October 31, 2014

**SPDR® Nuveen S&P® VRDO Municipal Bond ETF**  
**SPDR® S&P® Mortgage Finance ETF**

At the recommendation of SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the “Adviser”), the Trust’s investment adviser, the Trust’s Board of Trustees voted to close and liquidate the SPDR Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF and SPDR S&P Mortgage Finance ETF (each, a “Fund” and collectively, the “Funds”). Accordingly, at the close of business on March 18, 2015, the Funds will no longer accept creation orders. March 18, 2015 will also be the last day of trading on the NYSE Arca, Inc. Each Fund will cease operations, liquidate its assets, and distribute proceeds to shareholders of record on or about March 31, 2015. Shareholders of record of the Funds remaining on March 31, 2015 will receive cash at the net asset value of their shares as of March 31, 2015, which will include any capital gains and dividends as of this date. Such payment should be made on March 31, 2015. Between March 19, 2015 and March 31, 2015, the Funds will be in the process of closing down and liquidating their respective portfolios, which will result in the Funds not tracking their applicable Indexes and increasing their cash holdings, which may not be consistent with each Fund’s investment objective and strategy. Shareholders of the Funds may sell their holdings on the NYSE Arca, Inc. prior to March 19, 2015. Customary brokerage charges may apply to such transactions. From March 19, 2015 through March 31, 2015, we cannot assure you that there will be a market for your shares.

On or promptly after March 31, 2015, each Fund will distribute to its remaining shareholders a liquidating cash distribution equal to the current net asset value of their shares. While Fund shareholders remaining on March 31, 2015 will not incur transaction fees, shareholders generally will recognize a capital gain or loss on the redemptions. Shareholders should contact their tax adviser to discuss the income tax consequences of the liquidation.

Shareholders can call 1-866-787-2257 for additional information.

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**Precise in a world that isn't.®**

## **SPDR® Series Trust**

### **Prospectus**

October 31, 2014 (as supplemented February 3, 2015)

SPDR Barclays 1-3 Month T-Bill ETF (BIL)  
SPDR Barclays TIPS ETF (IPE)  
SPDR Barclays 0-5 Year TIPS ETF (SIPE)  
SPDR Barclays 1-10 Year TIPS ETF (TIPX)  
SPDR Barclays Short Term Treasury ETF (SST)  
SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Treasury ETF (ITE)  
SPDR Barclays Long Term Treasury ETF (TLO)  
SPDR Barclays Short Term Corporate Bond ETF (SCPB)  
SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Corporate Bond ETF (ITR)  
SPDR Barclays Long Term Corporate Bond ETF (LWC)  
SPDR Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Bond ETF (CBND)  
SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF (CWB)  
SPDR Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF (MBG)  
SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF (LAG)  
SPDR Nuveen Barclays Municipal Bond ETF (TFI)  
SPDR Nuveen Barclays California Municipal Bond ETF (CXA)  
SPDR Nuveen Barclays New York Municipal Bond ETF (INY)

SPDR Nuveen Barclays Short Term Municipal Bond ETF (SHM)  
SPDR Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF (VRD)  
SPDR Nuveen S&P High Yield Municipal Bond ETF (HYMB)  
SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF (BABS)  
SPDR DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF (WIP)  
SPDR Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF (BWZ)  
SPDR Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF (BWX)  
SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF (IBND)  
SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF (EBND)  
SPDR Barclays High Yield Bond ETF (JNK)  
SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF (IJNK)  
SPDR Barclays Short Term High Yield Bond ETF (SJNK)  
SPDR Barclays Investment Grade Floating Rate ETF (FLRN)  
SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF (EMCD)  
SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF (XOVR)

Principal U.S. Listing Exchange: NYSE Arca, Inc.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Shares in the Funds are not guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other agency of the U.S. Government, nor are Shares deposits or obligations of any bank. It is possible to lose money by investing in the Funds.



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## FUND SUMMARIES

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays 1-3 Month T-Bill ETF

### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The SPDR Barclays 1-3 Month T-Bill ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the 1-3 month sector of the United States Treasury Bill market.

### FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.1345%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.0000%
Other expenses	0.0023%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.1368%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

### EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$14	\$44	\$77	\$175

### PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 577% of the average value of its portfolio.

### THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of public obligations of the U.S. Treasury that have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to 1 month and less than 3 months. The Index includes all publicly issued zero-coupon U.S. Treasury Bills that have a remaining maturity of less than 3 months and more than 1 month, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non-convertible. Excluded from the Index are certain special issues, such as flower bonds, targeted investor notes, state and local government series bonds, inflation protected public obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commonly known as "TIPS," and coupon issues that have been stripped from bonds included in the Index. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 9 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 0.08 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Turnover Risk:** High portfolio turnover may result in increased transaction costs to the Fund, including brokerage commissions, dealer markups and other transaction costs on the sale of the securities and on reinvestment in other securities. The sale of portfolio securities may result in the realization and/or distribution to shareholders of higher capital gains or losses as compared to a fund with less active trading policies. These effects of higher than normal portfolio turnover may adversely affect the Fund's performance.

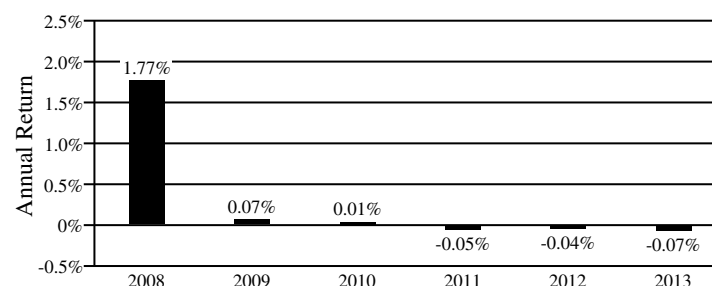
**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.



## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 0.70% (Q1, 2008)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -0.03% (Q4, 2011)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was -0.07%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (5/25/07)
Return Before Taxes	-0.07%	-0.01%	0.65%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-0.07%	-0.02%	0.43%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.04%	-0.01%	0.42%
Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	0.05%	0.09%	0.74%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Todd Bean, Steve Meier and Jeff St. Peters.

Todd Bean, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the firm's Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2004.

Steve Meier, CFA, FRM, is an Executive Vice President of the Adviser and is the CIO of the Global Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments. He joined the Adviser in 2003.

Jeff St. Peters is a Managing Director of the Adviser and Head of U.S. Cash Management within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2001.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays TIPS ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays TIPS ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the inflation protected sector of the United States Treasury market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.15%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.15%

- <sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.
- <sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$15	\$48	\$85	\$192

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 20% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. Government Inflation-Linked Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of the inflation protected public obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commonly known as "TIPS." TIPS are securities issued by the U.S. Treasury that are designed to provide inflation protection to investors. The Index includes publicly issued TIPS that have at least 1 year remaining to maturity on the Index rebalancing date, with an issue size equal to or in excess of \$500 million. Bonds must be capital-indexed and linked to an eligible inflation index. The securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and pay coupon and principal in U.S. dollars. The notional coupon of a bond must be fixed or zero. Bonds must settle on or before the Index rebalancing date. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 35 securities in the Index.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Inflation Protected Securities Risk:** Inflation protected securities, such as TIPS, generally fluctuate in response to changes in "real" interest rates. Real interest rates represent nominal (stated) interest rates reduced by the expected impact of inflation. Generally, an inflation protected security's value will decrease when real interest rates rise and increase when real interest rates fall. Interest payments on inflation-protected debt securities can be unpredictable and will vary as the principal and/or interest is adjusted for inflation. During periods of "deflation," the principal and income of an inflation protected security may decline in price, which could result in losses for the Fund.

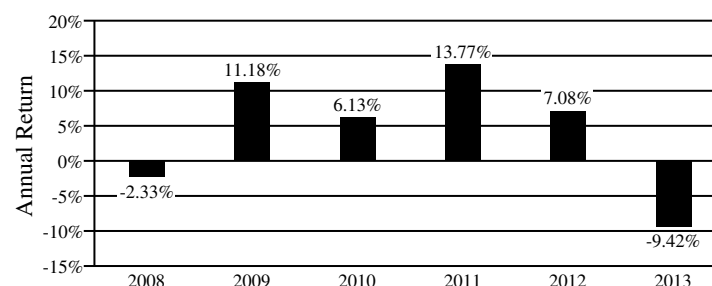
**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 5.44% (Q1, 2009)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -7.42% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 4.03%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (5/25/07)
Return Before Taxes	-9.42%	5.42%	5.13%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-9.84%	4.56%	3.98%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-5.32%	3.92%	3.58%
Barclays U.S. Government Inflation-Linked Bond Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-9.26%	5.44%	5.28%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Peter R. Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Cynthia Moy.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2012.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Cynthia Moy is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 2007.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays 0-5 Year TIPS ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays 0-5 Year TIPS ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the 0-5 year inflation protected sector of the United States Treasury market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.15%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.15%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> Other expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3
\$15	\$48

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. From the Fund’s inception, February 26, 2014, to the most recent fiscal year end, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 10% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays 0-5 Year US Government Inflation-Linked Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide



shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of the inflation protected public obligations of the U.S. Treasury commonly known as "TIPS" that have a remaining maturity less than 5 years. TIPS are securities issued by the U.S. Treasury that are designed to provide inflation protection to investors. The Index includes publicly issued TIPS that have less than 5 years remaining to maturity on index rebalancing date, with an issue size equal to or in excess of \$500 million. The total amount outstanding for each issue is reflected, there are no adjustments made for sums held in the Federal Reserve System Open Market Account (SOMA) account. Bonds must be capital-indexed and linked to a domestic inflation index. The securities must be issued by the U.S. government, denominated in U.S. dollars and pay coupon and principal in U.S. dollars. New bonds/reopening's entering the Index must settle on or before the Index rebalancing date. The Index is rebalanced on the last calendar date of each month. As of September 30, 2014, the Index comprised 14 securities.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Inflation Protected Securities Risk:** Inflation protected securities, such as TIPS, generally fluctuate in response to changes in "real" interest rates. Real interest rates represent nominal (stated) interest rates reduced by the expected impact of inflation. Generally, an inflation protected security's value will decrease when real interest rates rise and increase when real interest rates fall. Interest payments on inflation-protected debt securities can be unpredictable and will vary as the principal and/or interest is adjusted for inflation. During periods of "deflation," the principal and income of an inflation protected security may decline in price, which could result in losses for the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.



## **FUND PERFORMANCE**

The Fund has not yet completed a full calendar year of investment operations. Once the Fund has completed a full calendar year of operations, a bar chart and table will be included that will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the variability of the Fund's returns based on net assets and comparing the Fund's performance to the Index. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## **PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

### **INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### **PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Peter Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Cynthia Moy.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2012.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Cynthia Moy is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 2007.

### **PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays 1-10 Year TIPS ETF

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The SPDR Barclays 1-10 Year TIPS ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the 1-10 year inflation protected sector of the United States Treasury market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.15%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.15%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$15	\$48	\$85	\$192

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 24% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays 1-10 Year U.S. Government Inflation-Linked Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of the inflation protected public obligations of the U.S. Treasury commonly known as "TIPS" that have a remaining maturity greater than or equal to 1 year and less than 10 years. TIPS are securities issued by the U.S. Treasury that are designed to provide inflation protection to investors. The Index includes publicly issued, TIPS that have at least 1 year remaining to maturity and less than 10 years on index rebalancing date, with an issue size equal to or in excess of \$500 million. The total amount outstanding for each issue is reflected, there are no adjustments made for sums held in the Federal Reserve System Open Market Account (SOMA) account. Bonds must be capital-indexed and linked to a domestic inflation index. The securities must be issued by the U.S. Government and must be denominated in U.S. dollars and pay coupon and principal in U.S. dollars. New bonds/ reopening's entering the Index must settle on or before the index rebalancing date. The Index is rebalanced on the last calendar date of each month. As of September 30, 2014, the Index comprised 22 securities.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Inflation Protected Securities Risk:** Inflation protected securities, such as TIPS, generally fluctuate in response to changes in "real" interest rates. Real interest rates represent nominal (stated) interest rates reduced by the expected impact of inflation. Generally, an inflation protected security's value will decrease when real interest rates rise and increase when real interest rates fall. Interest payments on inflation-protected debt securities can be unpredictable and will vary as the principal and/or interest is adjusted for inflation. During periods of "deflation," the principal and income of an inflation protected security may decline in price, which could result in losses for the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The Fund has not yet completed a full calendar year of investment operations. Once the Fund has completed a full calendar year of operations, a bar chart and table will be included that will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the variability of the Fund's returns based on net assets and comparing the Fund's performance to the Index. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## **PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

### **INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### **PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Peter R. Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Cynthia Moy.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2012.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Cynthia Moy is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 2007.

### **PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Short Term Treasury ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Short Term Treasury ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the short term sector of the United States Treasury market.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.10%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.10%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$10	\$32	\$56	\$128

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 40% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays 1-5 Year U.S. Treasury Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of public obligations of the U.S. Treasury that have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to 1 year and less than 5 years. The Index includes all publicly issued, U.S. Treasury securities that have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to 1 year and less than 5 years, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non-convertible. Excluded from the Index are certain special issues, such as flower bonds, targeted investor notes, state and local government series bonds, inflation protected public obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commonly known as "TIPS," and coupon issues that have been stripped from bonds included in the Index. Also excluded from the Index are structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features, private placements, floating rate securities and Eurobonds. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 151 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 2.56 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

### **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

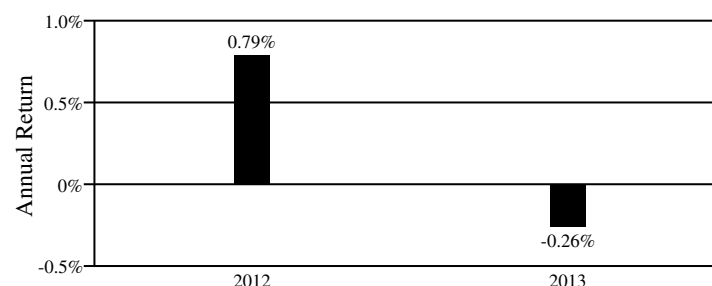
**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.



## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 0.55% (Q2, 2012)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -0.68% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 0.64%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (11/30/11)
Return Before Taxes	-0.26%	0.32%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-0.45%	0.16%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.15%	0.18%
Barclays 1-5 Year U.S. Treasury Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-0.14%	0.44%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Mahesh Jayakumar, Joanna Mauro and Karen Tsang.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Joanna Mauro is a Vice President of SSgA and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. She joined the Adviser in 2003.

Karen Tsang is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 1998.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Intermediate Term Treasury ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Treasury ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the 1-10 year sector of the United States Treasury market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.10%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.10%

- <sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.
- <sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$10	\$32	\$56	\$128

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 32% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Intermediate U.S. Treasury Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of public obligations of the U.S. Treasury that have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to 1 year and less than 10 years. The Index includes all publicly issued, U.S. Treasury securities that have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to 1 year and less than 10 years, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non-convertible. Excluded from the Index are certain special issues, such as flower bonds, targeted investor notes, state and local government series bonds, inflation protected public obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commonly known as "TIPS," and coupon issues that have been stripped from bonds included in the Index. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 206 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 3.64 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

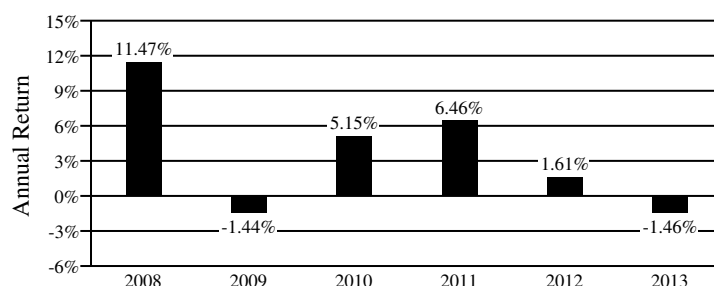
**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*

Highest Quarterly Return: 6.53% (Q4, 2008)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -2.16% (Q2, 2009)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 1.50%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (5/23/07)
Return Before Taxes	-1.46%	2.01%	4.28%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-2.06%	1.30%	3.41%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.81%	1.31%	3.03%
Barclays Intermediate U.S. Treasury Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-1.34%	2.11%	4.36%

**PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT****INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

**PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Mahesh Jayakumar, Joanna Mauro and Karen Tsang.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Joanna Mauro is a Vice President of SSgA and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. She joined the Adviser in 2003.

Karen Tsang is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 1998.

**PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Long Term Treasury ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Long Term Treasury ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the long term (10+ years) sector of the United States Treasury market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.10%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.10%

- <sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.
- <sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$10	\$32	\$56	\$128

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 24% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Long U.S. Treasury Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of public obligations of the U.S. Treasury that have a remaining maturity of 10 or more years. The Index includes all publicly issued, U.S. Treasury securities that have a remaining maturity of 10 or more years, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non-convertible. Excluded from the Index are certain special issues, such as flower bonds, targeted investor notes, state and local government series bonds, inflation protected public obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commonly known as "TIPS," and coupon issues that have been stripped from bonds included in the Index. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 43 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 16.64 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

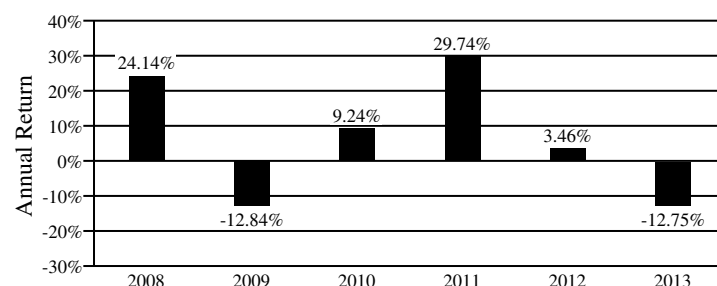
**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

### FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*

Highest Quarterly Return: 24.55% (Q3, 2011)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -8.17% (Q4, 2010)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 15.03%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (5/23/07)
Return Before Taxes	-12.75%	2.20%	6.53%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-13.79%	0.97%	5.15%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-7.18%	1.23%	4.60%
Barclays Long U.S. Treasury Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-12.66%	2.28%	6.60%

**PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT****INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

**PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Mahesh Jayakumar, Joanna Mauro and Karen Tsang.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Joanna Mauro is a Vice President of SSgA and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. She joined the Adviser in 2003.

Karen Tsang is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 1998.

**PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Short Term Corporate Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Short Term Corporate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the short-term U.S. corporate bond market.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.12%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.12%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$12	\$39	\$68	\$154

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 43% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. 1-3 Year Corporate Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of the short term U.S. corporate bond market. The Index includes publicly issued U.S. dollar denominated corporate issues that have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to 1 year and less than 3 years, are rated investment grade (must be Baa3/BBB- or higher using the middle rating of Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC), and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars, fixed rate and non-convertible. The Index includes only corporate sectors. The corporate sectors are Industrial, Utility, and Financial Institutions, which include both U.S. and non-U.S. corporations. The following instruments are excluded from the Index: structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features; private placements; floating rate securities; and Eurobonds. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 989 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 1.84 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Utilities Sector Risk:** Traditional regulated utility companies are affected by supply and demand, operating costs, government regulation, environmental factors, liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities, and rate caps or rate changes. Although rate changes of a utility usually fluctuate in approximate correlation with financing costs due to political and regulatory factors, rate changes ordinarily occur only following a delay after the changes in financing costs. This factor will tend to favorably affect a regulated utility company's earnings and dividends in times of decreasing costs, but conversely, will tend to adversely affect earnings and dividends when costs are rising. The value of regulated utility debt securities (and, to a lesser extent, equity securities) tends to have an inverse relationship to the movement of interest rates. Certain utility companies have experienced full or partial deregulation in recent years. These utility companies are frequently more similar to industrial companies in that they are subject to greater competition and have been permitted by regulators to diversify outside of their original geographic regions and their traditional lines of business. These opportunities may permit certain utility companies to earn more than their traditional regulated rates of return. Some companies, however, may be forced to defend their core business and may be less profitable. In addition, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, government intervention or other factors may render a utility company's equipment unusable or obsolete and negatively impact profitability.

Among the risks that may affect utility companies are the following: risks of increases in fuel and other operating costs; the high cost of borrowing to finance capital construction during inflationary periods; restrictions on operations and increased costs and delays associated with compliance with environmental and nuclear safety regulations; and the difficulties involved in obtaining natural gas for resale or fuel for generating electricity at reasonable prices. Other risks include those related to the construction and operation of nuclear power plants; the effects of energy conservation and the effects of regulatory changes.

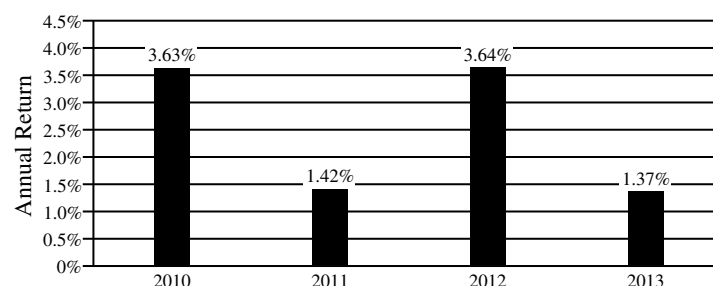
**Financial Sector Risk:** Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financial sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 1.86% (Q3, 2010)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -0.56% (Q3, 2011)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 0.82%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (12/16/09)
Return Before Taxes	1.37%	2.29%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	0.78%	1.65%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.80%	1.53%
Barclays U.S. 1-3 Year Corporate Bond Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	1.71%	2.99%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Kyle Kelly and Christopher DiStefano.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

Christopher DiStefano is a Portfolio Manager within SSgA's Fixed Income, Currency, and Cash Investments team. He joined SSgA in 2010.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Intermediate Term Corporate Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Corporate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the intermediate term (1-10 years) sector of the United States corporate bond market.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.12%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.12%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$12	\$39	\$68	\$154

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 13% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. Intermediate Corporate Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide



shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of U.S. corporate bonds that have a maturity of greater than or equal to 1 year and less than 10 years. The Index is a component of the Barclays U.S. Corporate Index and includes investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable, U.S. dollar denominated debt with \$250 million or more of par amount outstanding, issued by U.S. and non-U.S. industrial, utility, and financial institutions. Subordinated issues, securities with normal call and put provisions and sinking funds, medium-term notes (if they are publicly underwritten), 144A securities with registration rights, and global issues that are SEC-registered are included. Structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features, as well as private placements, floating-rate securities, and Eurobonds are excluded from the Index. The Index is rebalanced monthly, on the last business day of the month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 3,605 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 4.32 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Utilities Sector Risk:** Traditional regulated utility companies are affected by supply and demand, operating costs, government regulation, environmental factors, liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities, and rate caps or rate changes. Although rate changes of a utility usually fluctuate in approximate correlation with financing costs due to political and regulatory factors, rate changes ordinarily occur only following a delay after the changes in financing costs. This factor will tend to favorably affect a regulated utility company's earnings and dividends in times of decreasing costs, but conversely, will tend to adversely affect earnings and dividends when costs are rising. The value of regulated utility debt securities (and, to a lesser extent, equity securities) tends to have an inverse relationship to the movement of interest rates. Certain utility companies have experienced full or partial deregulation in recent years. These utility companies are frequently more similar to industrial companies in that they are subject to greater competition and have been permitted by regulators to diversify outside of their original geographic regions and their traditional lines of business. These opportunities may permit certain utility companies to earn more than their traditional regulated rates of return. Some companies, however, may be forced to defend their core business and may be less profitable. In addition, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, government intervention or other factors may render a utility company's equipment unusable or obsolete and negatively impact profitability.

Among the risks that may affect utility companies are the following: risks of increases in fuel and other operating costs; the high cost of borrowing to finance capital construction during inflationary periods; restrictions on operations and increased costs and delays associated with compliance with environmental and nuclear safety regulations; and the difficulties involved in obtaining natural gas for resale or fuel for generating electricity at reasonable prices. Other risks include those related to the construction and operation of nuclear power plants; the effects of energy conservation and the effects of regulatory changes.

**Financial Sector Risk:** Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financial sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.



## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

### ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 4.07% (Q3, 2010)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -2.53% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 3.32%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares. Prior to December 17, 2010, the Fund's investment strategy sought to track the total return performance of an index different from the Barclays U.S. Intermediate Corporate Bond Index. Performance of the Fund prior to December 17, 2010 is therefore based on the Fund's investment strategy to track the prior index.

	One Year	Since Inception (2/10/09)
Return Before Taxes	-0.19%	6.27%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-1.45%	4.85%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.07%	4.35%
Barclays U.S. Intermediate Corporate Bond Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	0.08%	7.99%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Kyle Kelly and Christopher DiStefano.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

Christopher DiStefano is a Portfolio Manager within SSgA's Fixed Income, Currency, and Cash Investments team. He joined SSgA in 2010.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

#### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

#### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Long Term Corporate Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Long Term Corporate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the long term (10+ years) sector of the United States corporate bond market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.12%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.12%

- <sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.
- <sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$12	\$39	\$68	\$154

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 8% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. Long Term Corporate Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of U.S. corporate bonds that have a maturity of greater than or equal to 10 years. The Index is a component of the Barclays U.S. Corporate Index and includes investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable, U.S. dollar-denominated debt with \$250 million or more of par amount outstanding, issued by U.S. and non-U.S. industrial, utility, and financial institutions. Subordinated issues, securities with normal call and put provisions and sinking funds, medium-term notes (if they are publicly underwritten), 144A securities with registration rights, and global issues that are SEC-registered are included. Structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features, as well as private placements, floating-rate securities, and Eurobonds are excluded from the Index. The Index is rebalanced monthly, on the last business day of the month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 1,506 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 13.60 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Utilities Sector Risk:** Traditional regulated utility companies are affected by supply and demand, operating costs, government regulation, environmental factors, liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities, and rate caps or rate changes. Although rate changes of a utility usually fluctuate in approximate correlation with financing costs due to political and regulatory factors, rate changes ordinarily occur only following a delay after the changes in financing costs. This factor will tend to favorably affect a regulated utility company's earnings and dividends in times of decreasing costs, but conversely, will tend to adversely affect earnings and dividends when costs are rising. The value of regulated utility debt securities (and, to a lesser extent, equity securities) tends to have an inverse relationship to the movement of interest rates. Certain utility companies have experienced full or partial deregulation in recent years. These utility companies are frequently more similar to industrial companies in that they are subject to greater competition and have been permitted by regulators to diversify outside of their original geographic regions and their traditional lines of business. These opportunities may permit certain utility companies to earn more than their traditional regulated rates of return. Some companies, however, may be forced to defend their core business and may be less profitable. In addition, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, government intervention or other factors may render a utility company's equipment unusable or obsolete and negatively impact profitability.

Among the risks that may affect utility companies are the following: risks of increases in fuel and other operating costs; the high cost of borrowing to finance capital construction during inflationary periods; restrictions on operations and increased costs and delays associated with compliance with environmental and nuclear safety regulations; and the difficulties involved in obtaining natural gas for resale or fuel for generating electricity at reasonable prices. Other risks include those related to the construction and operation of nuclear power plants; the effects of energy conservation and the effects of regulatory changes.

**Financial Sector Risk:** Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financial sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 8.89% (Q3, 2011)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -5.90% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 11.20%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares. Prior to December 17, 2010, the Fund's investment strategy sought to track the total return performance of an index different from the Barclays U.S. Long Term Corporate Bond Index. Performance of the Fund prior to December 17, 2010 is therefore based on the Fund's investment strategy to track the prior index.

	One Year	Since Inception (3/10/09)
Return Before Taxes	-5.89%	10.79%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-7.80%	8.49%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-3.32%	7.61%
Barclays U.S. Long Term Corporate Bond Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-5.68%	12.49%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Kyle Kelly and Christopher DiStefano.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

Christopher DiStefano is a Portfolio Manager within SSgA's Fixed Income, Currency, and Cash Investments team. He joined SSgA in 2010.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

#### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

#### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. corporate bond market.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.16%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.16%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$16	\$52	\$90	\$205

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 22% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).



The Index is designed to measure the performance of the U.S. corporate bond market. The Index includes publicly issued U.S. dollar denominated corporate issues that are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB- or higher) by at least two of Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, and have \$1 billion or more of par amount outstanding. Only securities issued by companies with publicly traded equity are eligible for inclusion. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars, fixed rate and non-convertible. The Index includes only corporate sectors. The corporate sectors are Industrial, Utility, and Financial Institutions, which include both U.S. and non-U.S. corporations. The following instruments are excluded from the Index: structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features; subordinated debt; private placements; floating rate securities; and Eurobonds. Individual issuers in the Index are weighted using the following financial ratios: return on assets, interest coverage and current ratio ("factors"). Individual security weights are then calculated by the relative market value of each eligible security issued by the issuer. Monthly maintenance rebalancing to reflect the addition and subtraction of securities occurs on the last business day of each month. Factor rebalancing occurs every six months on the last business day of March and September. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 4,617 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 6.42 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Utilities Sector Risk:** Traditional regulated utility companies are affected by supply and demand, operating costs, government regulation, environmental factors, liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities, and rate caps or rate changes. Although rate changes of a utility usually fluctuate in approximate correlation with financing costs due to political and regulatory factors, rate changes ordinarily occur only following a delay after the changes in financing costs. This factor will tend to favorably affect a regulated utility company's earnings and dividends in times of decreasing costs, but conversely, will tend to adversely affect earnings and dividends when costs are rising. The value of regulated utility debt securities (and, to a lesser extent, equity securities) tends to have an inverse relationship to the movement of interest rates. Certain utility companies have experienced full or partial deregulation in recent years. These utility companies are frequently more similar to industrial companies in that they are subject to greater competition and have been permitted by regulators to diversify outside of their original geographic regions and their traditional lines of business. These opportunities may permit certain utility companies to earn more than their traditional regulated rates of return. Some companies, however, may be forced to defend their core business and may be less profitable. In addition, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, government intervention or other factors may render a utility company's equipment unusable or obsolete and negatively impact profitability.

Among the risks that may affect utility companies are the following: risks of increases in fuel and other operating costs; the high cost of borrowing to finance capital construction during inflationary periods; restrictions on operations and increased costs and delays associated with compliance with environmental and nuclear safety regulations; and the difficulties involved in obtaining natural gas for resale or fuel for generating electricity at reasonable prices. Other risks include those related to the construction and operation of nuclear power plants; the effects of energy conservation and the effects of regulatory changes.

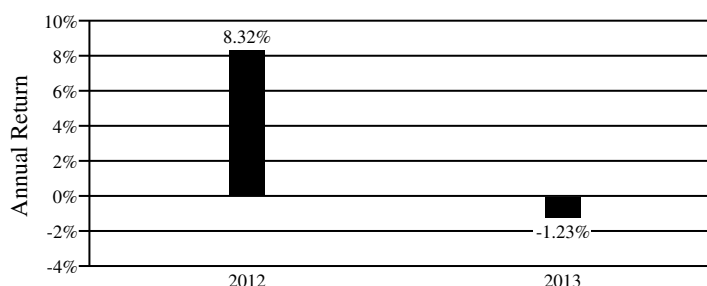
**Financial Sector Risk:** Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financial sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 2.94% (Q3, 2012)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -3.13% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 5.55%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (4/6/11)
Return Before Taxes	-1.23%	4.96%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-2.76%	3.54%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.66%	3.28%
Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-1.07%	5.50%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Kyle Kelly and Christopher DiStefano.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

Christopher DiStefano is a Portfolio Manager within SSgA's Fixed Income, Currency, and Cash Investments team. He joined SSgA in 2010.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Convertible Securities ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks United States convertible securities markets with outstanding issue sizes greater than \$500 million.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.40%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.40%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

### EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$41	\$128	\$224	\$505

### PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 40% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. Convertible Bond >\$500MM Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to represent the market of U.S. convertible securities, such as convertible bonds, with outstanding issue sizes greater than \$500 million. Convertible bonds are bonds that can be exchanged, at the option of the holder, for a specific number of shares of the issuer's preferred stock ("Preferred Securities") or common stock. The Index components are a subset of issues in the Barclays Convertible Composite Index. To be included in the Index a security must meet the following requirements: (i) have an outstanding issue size greater than \$500 million; (ii) be a non-called, non-defaulted security; (iii) have at least 31 days until maturity; (iv) be U.S. dollar denominated; and (v) be a registered or a convertible tranche issued under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Index is rebalanced on a monthly basis, at the end of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 100 securities in the Index.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Convertible Securities Risk:** Convertible securities are bonds, debentures, notes, preferred stocks or other securities that may be converted or exchanged (by the holder or by the issuer) into shares of the underlying common stock (or cash or securities of equivalent value) at a stated exchange ratio. Convertible securities tend to be subordinate to other debt securities issued by the same issuer. Also, issuers of convertible securities are often not as strong financially as issuers with higher credit ratings. Convertible securities generally provide yields higher than the underlying stocks, but generally lower than comparable non-convertible securities. Because of this higher yield, convertible securities generally sell at a price above their "conversion value," which is the current market value of the stock to be received upon conversion. The difference between this conversion value and the price of convertible securities will vary over time depending on changes in the value of the underlying common stocks and interest rates.

**Preferred Securities Risk:** There are special risks associated with investing in Preferred Securities. Generally, Preferred Security holders (such as the Fund) have no voting rights with respect to the issuing company unless certain events occur. In addition, Preferred Securities are subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure and therefore will be subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. Unlike debt securities, dividend payments on a Preferred Security typically must be declared by the issuer's board of directors. An issuer's board of directors is generally not under any obligation to pay a dividend (even if such dividends have accrued), and may suspend payment of dividends on Preferred Securities at any time. In the event an issuer of Preferred Securities experiences economic difficulties, the issuer's Preferred Securities may lose substantial value due to the reduced likelihood that the issuer's board of directors will declare a dividend and the fact that the Preferred Security may be subordinated to other securities of the same issuer. There is a chance that



the issuer of any of the Fund’s holdings will default (fail to make scheduled dividend payments on the Preferred Security or scheduled interest payments on other obligations of the issuer not held by the Fund).

**Interest Rate Risk:** Because many Preferred Securities pay dividends at a fixed rate, their market price can be sensitive to changes in interest rates in a manner similar to bonds — that is, as interest rates rise, the value of the Preferred Securities held by the Fund are likely to decline. To the extent that the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in fixed rate Preferred Securities, rising interest rates may cause the value of the Fund’s investments to decline significantly.

**Issuer Risk:** Because many Preferred Securities allow holders to convert the Preferred Securities into common stock of the issuer, their market price can be sensitive to changes in the value of the issuer’s common stock and, therefore, declining common stock values may also cause the value of the Fund’s investments to decline.

**Call Risk:** Preferred Securities often have call features which allow the issuer to redeem the security at its discretion. The redemption of a Preferred Security having a higher than average yield may cause a decrease in the Fund’s yield.

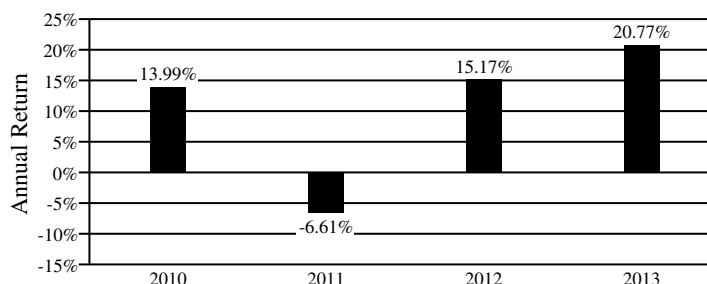
**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 10.36% (Q1, 2012)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -13.25% (Q3, 2011)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 7.90%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (4/14/09)
Return Before Taxes	20.77%	14.89%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	18.77%	13.17%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	11.68%	11.22%
Barclays U.S. Convertible Bond >\$500MM Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	22.44%	16.56%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Michael Brunell, Mahesh Jayakumar and Kyle Kelly.

Michael Brunell, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager of the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 1997.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

## TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income, qualified dividend income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

## PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The SPDR Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. agency mortgage pass-through sector of the U.S. investment grade bond market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.20%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Acquired fund fees and expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.09%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.29%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> Acquired fund fees and expenses are not included in the Fund’s financial statements, which provide a clearer picture of a Fund’s actual operating costs.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$30	\$93	\$163	\$368

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 379% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. MBS Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. TBA Transactions (as defined below) are included within the above-noted investment policy. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least

60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of the U.S. agency mortgage pass-through segment of the U.S. investment grade bond market. The term "U.S. agency mortgage pass-through security" refers to a category of pass-through securities backed by pools of mortgages and issued by one of the following U.S. government-sponsored enterprises: Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"); Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA") and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"). The Index is formed by grouping the universe of individual fixed rate mortgage backed securities pools into generic aggregates according to the following parameters: (i) agency; (ii) program; (iii) pass-through coupon; and (iv) origination year. Index maturity and liquidity criteria are then applied to these aggregates to determine which qualify for inclusion in the Index. To be included in the Index, securities must be fixed rate, denominated in U.S. dollars, and be part of a cohort that has \$1 billion or more of outstanding face value and have a weighted average maturity of at least one year. Excluded from the Index are buydowns, graduated equity mortgages, project loans, manufactured homes (dropped in January 1992), graduated payment mortgages (dropped in January 1995), non-agency (whole loan) securities, jumbo securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last calendar day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 427 securities in the Index.

Most transactions in mortgage pass-through securities occur through standardized contracts for future delivery in which the exact mortgage pools to be delivered are not specified until a few days prior to settlement, referred to as a "to-be announced transaction" or "TBA Transaction." In a TBA Transaction, the buyer and seller agree upon general trade parameters such as agency, settlement date, par amount and price. The actual pools delivered generally are determined two days prior to the settlement date. The Fund expects to enter into such contracts on a regular basis, and pending settlement of such contracts, the Fund will invest its assets in liquid, short-term instruments, including shares of money market funds advised by the Adviser or its affiliates.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Turnover Risk:** High portfolio turnover may result in increased transaction costs to the Fund, including brokerage commissions, dealer markups and other transaction costs on the sale of the securities and on reinvestment in other securities. The sale of portfolio securities may result in the realization and/or distribution to shareholders of higher capital gains or losses as compared to a fund with less active trading policies. These effects of higher than normal portfolio turnover may adversely affect the Fund's performance.

**Prepayment Risk:** Mortgage-related securities may be paid off early if the borrower on the underlying mortgage prepays the mortgage or refinances the mortgage prior to the maturity date. If interest rates are falling, the Fund may have to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund’s income.

**Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk:** Mortgage-backed securities, other than GNMA mortgage-backed securities, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, and there can be no assurance that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities where it is not obligated to do so. Mortgage-backed securities tend to increase in value less than other debt securities when interest rates decline, but are subject to similar risk of decline in market value during periods of rising interest rates. Because of prepayment and extension risk, mortgage-backed securities react differently to changes in interest rates than other bonds. Small movements in interest rates (both increases and decreases) may quickly and significantly affect the value of certain mortgage-backed securities.

**Mortgage Pass-Through Securities Risk:** Most transactions in mortgage pass through securities primarily occur through TBA Transactions, as described above. Default by or bankruptcy of a counterparty to a TBA Transaction would expose the Fund to possible losses because of an adverse market action, expenses or delays in connection with the purchase or sale of the pools of mortgage pass-through securities specified in the TBA Transaction.

**U.S. Government Agency Securities Risk:** Treasury securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government as to the timely payment of principal and interest. Securities issued by U.S. government agencies or government-sponsored entities may not be guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. If a government-sponsored entity is unable to meet its obligations, the performance of the Fund will be adversely impacted.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 3.24% (Q2, 2010)  
Lowest Quarterly Return: -2.20% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 4.06%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (1/15/09)
Return Before Taxes	-1.59%	3.47%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-2.00%	2.38%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.90%	2.29%
Barclays U.S. MBS Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-1.41%	3.53%

## **PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

### **INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### **PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Marc DiCosimo, Karen Tsang and Michael Przygoda.

Marc DiCosimo, CFA, is a Vice President of SSgA and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. He joined SSgA in 2013.

Karen Tsang is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 1998.

Michael Przygoda, CFA, is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2006.

### **PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. dollar denominated investment grade bond market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.08%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Acquired fund fees and expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.02%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>3</sup>	0.10%

- <sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.
- <sup>2</sup> Acquired fund fees and expenses are not included in the Fund’s financial statements, which provide a clearer picture of a Fund’s actual operating costs.
- <sup>3</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$10	\$32	\$56	\$128

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 91% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. TBA Transactions (as

defined below) are included within the above-noted investment policy. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of the U.S. dollar denominated investment grade bond market, which includes investment grade (must be Baa3/BBB- or higher using the middle rating of Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, and Fitch Inc.) government bonds, investment grade corporate bonds, mortgage pass through securities, commercial mortgage backed securities and asset backed securities that are publicly for sale in the United States. The securities in the Index must have at least 1 year remaining to maturity and must have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. Agency mortgage backed securities must be part of a cohort that has a minimum outstanding balance of \$1 billion. Asset backed securities must have a minimum deal size of \$500 million and a minimum tranche size of \$25 million. For commercial mortgage backed securities, the original aggregate transaction must have a minimum deal size of \$500 million, and a minimum tranche size of \$25 million; the aggregate outstanding transaction sizes must be at least \$300 million to remain in the Index. In addition, the securities must be U.S. dollar denominated, fixed rate, non-convertible, and taxable. Certain types of securities, such as flower bonds, targeted investor notes, and state and local government series bonds are excluded from the Index. Also excluded from the Index are structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features, private placements, floating rate securities and Eurobonds. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 8,908 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 5.52 years.

As of September 30, 2014, approximately 28.53% of the bonds represented in the Index are U.S. agency mortgage pass-through securities. U.S. agency mortgage pass-through securities are securities issued by entities such as Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA") and Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA") that are backed by pools of mortgages. Most transactions in mortgage pass-through securities occur through standardized contracts for future delivery in which the exact mortgage pools to be delivered are not specified until a few days prior to settlement, referred to as a "to-be-announced transaction" or "TBA Transaction." In a TBA Transaction, the buyer and seller agree upon general trade parameters such as agency, settlement date, par amount and price. The actual pools delivered generally are determined two days prior to the settlement date; however, it is not anticipated that the Fund will receive pools, but instead will participate in rolling TBA Transactions. The Fund expects to enter into such contracts on a regular basis. The Fund, pending settlement of such contracts, will invest its assets in high-quality, liquid short term instruments, including shares of affiliated money market funds.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income



due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Prepayment Risk:** Mortgage-related securities may be paid off early if the borrower on the underlying mortgage prepays the mortgage or refinances the mortgage prior to the maturity date. If interest rates are falling, the Fund may have to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund’s income.

**Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk:** Mortgage-backed securities, other than Government National Mortgage Association (“GNMA”) mortgage-backed securities, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, and there can be no assurance that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities where it is not obligated to do so. Mortgage-backed securities tend to increase in value less than other debt securities when interest rates decline, but are subject to similar risk of decline in market value during periods of rising interest rates. Because of prepayment and extension risk, mortgage-backed securities react differently to changes in interest rates than other bonds. Small movements in interest rates (both increases and decreases) may quickly and significantly affect the value of certain mortgage-backed securities.

**Mortgage Pass-Through Securities Risk:** Most transactions in mortgage pass through securities primarily occur through TBA Transactions, as described above. Default by or bankruptcy of a counterparty to a TBA Transaction would expose the Fund to possible losses because of an adverse market action, expenses or delays in connection with the purchase or sale of the pools of mortgage pass-through securities specified in the TBA Transaction.

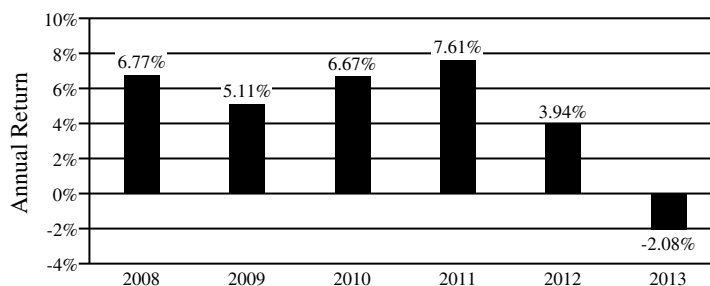
**U.S. Government Agency Securities Risk:** Treasury securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government as to the timely payment of principal and interest. Securities issued by U.S. government agencies or government-sponsored entities may not be guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. If a government-sponsored entity is unable to meet its obligations, the performance of the Fund will be adversely impacted.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 5.90% (Q4, 2008)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -2.38% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 4.00%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (5/23/07)
Return Before Taxes	-2.08%	4.20%	5.02%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-2.91%	2.93%	3.63%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-1.17%	2.80%	3.40%

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (5/23/07)
Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-2.02%	4.44%	5.00%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Peter R. Breault, Marc DiCosimo and Michael Przygoda.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2012.

Marc DiCosimo, CFA, is a Vice President of SSgA and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. He joined SSgA in 2013.

Michael Przygoda, CFA, is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2006.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

### PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Nuveen Barclays Municipal Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Nuveen Barclays Municipal Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. municipal bond market and provides income that is exempt from federal income taxes.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.30%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.30%
Less contractual fee waiver <sup>2</sup>	-0.07%
Net annual Fund operating expenses	0.23%

- <sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.
- <sup>2</sup> SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the Adviser) has contractually agreed to waive its advisory fee and reimburse certain expenses, until October 31, 2015, so that the Net annual Fund operating expenses of the Fund will be limited to 0.23% of the Fund’s average daily net assets before application of any extraordinary expenses or acquired fund fees and expenses. The contractual fee waiver does not provide for the recoupment by the Adviser of any fees the Adviser previously waived. The Adviser may continue the waiver from year to year, but there is no guarantee that the Adviser will do so and after October 31, 2015, the waiver may be cancelled or modified at any time.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$24	\$89	\$162	\$374

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 28% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Municipal Managed Money Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (“Nuveen Asset Management” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. Additionally, the Fund intends to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in investments the income of which is exempt from Federal income tax. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is designed to track the U.S. long term tax-exempt bond market, including state and local general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, pre-refunded bonds, and insured bonds. The Index is comprised of tax-exempt municipal securities issued by states, cities, counties, districts and their respective agencies. A general obligation bond is secured by the full faith and credit of its issuer. A revenue bond is payable from a specific source of revenue. A pre-refunded bond is a revenue bond that the issuer has allocated funds to fully retire. An insured bond is protected from issuer default or rating downgrade by an insurance company. The Index also includes municipal lease obligations, which are securities issued by state and local governments and authorities to finance the acquisition of equipment and facilities. They may take the form of a lease, an installment purchase contract, a conditional sales contract, or a participation interest in a lease or contract. The Index is a rules-based, market-value weighted index engineered for the tax exempt bond market. All bonds in the Index must be rated Aa3/AA- or higher by at least two of the following statistical ratings agencies: Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, and Fitch Inc. If only two of the three agencies rate the security, the lower rating is used to determine index eligibility. If only one of the agencies rates the security, the rating must be at least Aa3/AA-. Each Index security must have an outstanding par value of at least \$7 million and be issued as part of a transaction of at least \$75 million. The bonds must be fixed rate, have been issued within the last five years, and must be at least one year from their maturity date. Bonds subject to alternative minimum tax, hospital bonds, housing bonds, tobacco bonds, and airline bonds, along with remarketed issues, taxable municipal bonds, floaters, and derivatives are all excluded from the Index. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 16,040 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 7.58 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Tax Exemption Risk:** There is no guarantee that the Fund's income will be exempt from federal or state income taxes. Events occurring after the date of issuance of a municipal bond or after the Fund's acquisition of a municipal bond may result in a determination that interest on that bond is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to its date of issuance. Such a determination may cause a portion of prior distributions by the Fund to its shareholders to be taxable to those shareholders in the year of receipt. Federal or state changes in income or alternative minimum tax rates or in the tax treatment of municipal bonds may make municipal bonds less attractive as investments and cause them to decline in value.

**Political Risk:** A significant restructuring of federal income tax rates or even serious discussion on the topic in Congress could cause municipal bond prices to fall. The demand for municipal securities is strongly influenced by the value of tax-exempt income to investors. Lower income tax rates could reduce the advantage of owning municipals.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 6.75% (Q3, 2009)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -5.25% (Q4, 2010)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 7.78%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (9/11/07)
Return Before Taxes	-3.59%	5.15%	4.20%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-3.73%	5.09%	4.15%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.80%	4.86%	4.10%
Barclays Municipal Managed Money Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-3.03%	5.60%	4.59%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the "Adviser" or "SSgA FM") serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Nuveen Asset Management serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund's Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the "Adviser," such reference should also be read to refer to Nuveen Asset Management with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin.

Timothy T. Ryan, CFA, is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010.

Steven M. Hlavin is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund intends to pay income that is exempt from regular federal income tax, but which may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). To the extent the Fund invests in securities that do not produce income exempt from regular federal income tax and/or the AMT, a portion of the Fund's distributions may be subject to such taxes. Income from municipal securities of states other than the shareholder's state of residence generally will not qualify for tax-free treatment for such shareholder with respect to state and local taxes.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Nuveen Barclays California Municipal Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Nuveen Barclays California Municipal Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the California municipal bond market and provides income that is exempt from federal and California state income taxes.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.20%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.20%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$20	\$64	\$113	\$255

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 21% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Managed Money Municipal California Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (“Nuveen Asset Management” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. Additionally, the Fund intends to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in investments the income of which is exempt from Federal income tax and California income tax. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt

securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is designed to track the publicly traded California municipal bonds that cover the U.S. dollar denominated California tax exempt bond market, including state and local general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, pre-refunded bonds and insured bonds. A general obligation bond is secured by the full faith and credit of its issuer. A revenue bond is payable from a specific source of revenue. A pre-refunded bond is a revenue bond that the issuer has allocated funds to fully retire. An insured bond is protected from issuer default or rating downgrade by an insurance company. The Index also includes municipal lease obligations, which are securities issued by state and local governments and authorities to finance the acquisition of equipment and facilities. They may take the form of a lease, an installment purchase contract, a conditional sales contract, or a participation interest in a lease or contract. The Index is a rules-based, market-value weighted index. All bonds in the Index must be rated Aa3/AA- or higher by at least two of the following statistical ratings agencies: Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, and Fitch Inc. If only two of the three agencies rate the security, the lower rating is used to determine index eligibility. If only one of the agencies rates the security, the rating must be at least Aa3/AA-. Each Index security must be issued by authorities in California, have an outstanding par value of at least \$7 million and be issued as part of a transaction of at least \$75 million. The bonds must be fixed rate and have a nominal maturity of one or more years. No issuer may constitute more than 10% of the Index. Bonds subject to alternative minimum tax, hospital bonds, housing bonds, tobacco bonds, and airline bonds, along with remarketed issues, taxable municipal bonds, floaters, and derivatives are all excluded from the Index. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 1,914 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 7.98 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**California-State Specific Risk:** Because the Fund concentrates its investments in California municipal securities (*i.e.*, holds more than 25% of its total assets), the Fund will have greater exposure to negative political, economic and statutory factors within the State of California than a fund that invests in a broader base of securities. Unfavorable developments in any economic sector may have a substantial impact on the overall California municipal market. Provisions of the California Constitution and state statutes that limit the taxing and spending authority of California governmental entities may impair the ability of California issuers to pay principal and/or interest on their obligations. While California's economy is broad, it does have major concentrations in high



technology, aerospace and defense-related manufacturing, trade, entertainment, real estate and financial services, and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting those industries. Future California political and economic developments, constitutional amendments, legislative measures, executive orders, administrative regulations, litigation and voter initiatives could have an adverse effect on the debt obligations of California issuers. As of June 2014, California had one of the lowest credit ratings of any state in the country.

**Tax Exemption Risk:** There is no guarantee that the Fund’s income will be exempt from federal or state income taxes. Events occurring after the date of issuance of a municipal bond or after the Fund’s acquisition of a municipal bond may result in a determination that interest on that bond is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to its date of issuance. Such a determination may cause a portion of prior distributions by the Fund to its shareholders to be taxable to those shareholders in the year of receipt. Federal or state changes in income or alternative minimum tax rates or in the tax treatment of municipal bonds may make municipal bonds less attractive as investments and cause them to decline in value.

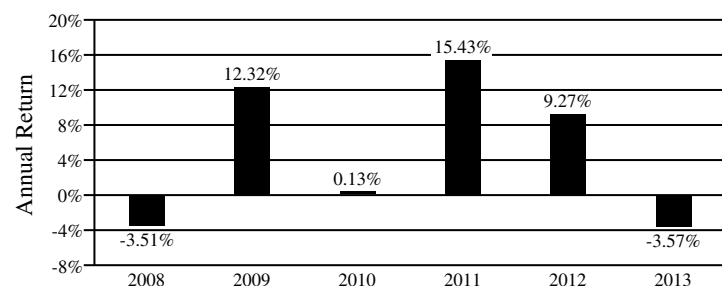
**Political Risk:** A significant restructuring of federal income tax rates or even serious discussion on the topic in Congress could cause municipal bond prices to fall. The demand for municipal securities is strongly influenced by the value of tax-exempt income to investors. Lower income tax rates could reduce the advantage of owning municipals.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 10.08% (Q3, 2009)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -7.87% (Q4, 2010)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 8.88%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (10/10/07)
Return Before Taxes	-3.57%	6.47%	4.77%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-4.17%	6.24%	4.60%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.38%	5.98%	4.62%
Barclays Managed Money Municipal California Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-3.41%	6.45%	4.84%



## **PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

### **INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ( the “Adviser” or “SSgA FM”) serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Nuveen Asset Management serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund’s Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the “Adviser,” such reference should also be read to refer to Nuveen Asset Management with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### **PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin.

Timothy T. Ryan, CFA, is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010.

Steven M. Hlavin is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003.

### **PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as “Creation Units.” Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund’s benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value (“NAV”), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund intends to pay income that is exempt from regular federal income tax and exempt from California state income tax for California residents, but which may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax (“AMT”). To the extent the Fund invests in securities that do not produce income exempt from regular federal income tax and/or the AMT, a portion of the Fund’s distributions may be subject to such taxes. Income from municipal securities of states other than the shareholder’s state of residence generally will not qualify for tax-free treatment for such shareholder with respect to state and local taxes.

### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Nuveen Barclays New York Municipal Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Nuveen Barclays New York Municipal Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the New York municipal bond market and provides income that is exempt from federal and New York state income taxes.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.20%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.20%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$20	\$64	\$113	\$255

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 32% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Managed Money Municipal New York Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (“Nuveen Asset Management” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. Additionally, the Fund intends to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in investments the income of which is exempt from Federal income tax and New York income tax. In addition, the Fund may invest in

debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is designed to track publicly traded New York municipal bonds that cover the U.S. dollar denominated New York revenue bonds, pre-refunded bonds, and insured bonds. A general obligation bond is secured by the full faith and credit of its issuer. A revenue bond is payable from a specific source of revenue. A pre-refunded bond is a revenue bond that the issuer has allocated funds to fully retire. An insured bond is protected from issuer default or rating downgrade by an insurance company. The Index also includes municipal lease obligations, which are securities issued by state and local governments and authorities to finance the acquisition of equipment and facilities. They may take the form of a lease, an installment purchase contract, a conditional sales contract, or a participation interest in a lease or contract. The Index is a rules-based, market-value weighted index. All bonds in the Index must be rated Aa3/AA- or higher by at least two of the following statistical ratings agencies: Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, and Fitch Inc. If only two of the three agencies rate the security, the lower rating is used to determine index eligibility. If only one of the agencies rates the security, the rating must be at least Aa3/AA-. Each Index security must be issued by authorities in New York, have an outstanding par value of at least \$7 million and be issued as part of a transaction of at least \$75 million. The bonds must be fixed rate and have a nominal maturity of one or more years. No issuer may constitute more than 10% of the Index. Bonds subject to alternative minimum tax, hospital bonds, housing bonds, tobacco bonds, and airline bonds, along with remarketed issues, taxable municipal bonds, floaters, and derivatives are all excluded from the Index. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 2,446 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 7.92 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**New York State-Specific Risk:** Because the Fund concentrates its investments in New York municipal securities (*i.e.*, holds more than 25% of its total assets), the Fund will have greater exposure to negative political, economic and statutory factors within the State of New York than a fund that invests in a broader base of securities. Unfavorable developments in any economic sector may have a substantial impact on the overall New York municipal market. Certain issuers of New York municipal bonds have experienced serious financial difficulties in the past and reoccurrence of these difficulties may impair the ability of certain New York issuers to pay principal or interest on their obligations. The financial health of New York City affects that of the state, and when New York City

experiences financial difficulty it may have an adverse effect on New York municipal bonds held by the Fund. The growth rate of New York has at times been somewhat slower than the nation overall. The economic and financial condition of New York also may be affected by various financial, social, economic and political factors.

**Tax Exemption Risk:** There is no guarantee that the Fund’s income will be exempt from federal or state income taxes. Events occurring after the date of issuance of a municipal bond or after the Fund’s acquisition of a municipal bond may result in a determination that interest on that bond is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to its date of issuance. Such a determination may cause a portion of prior distributions by the Fund to its shareholders to be taxable to those shareholders in the year of receipt. Federal or state changes in income or alternative minimum tax rates or in the tax treatment of municipal bonds may make municipal bonds less attractive as investments and cause them to decline in value.

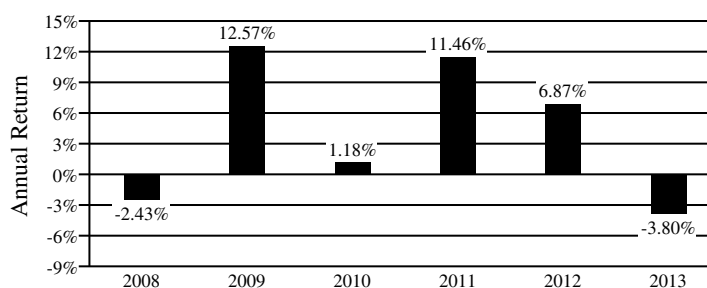
**Political Risk:** A significant restructuring of federal income tax rates or even serious discussion on the topic in Congress could cause municipal bond prices to fall. The demand for municipal securities is strongly influenced by the value of tax-exempt income to investors. Lower income tax rates could reduce the advantage of owning municipals.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 7.51% (Q3, 2009)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -5.50% (Q4, 2010)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 8.30%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (10/11/07)
Return Before Taxes	-3.80%	5.47%	4.15%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-4.41%	5.29%	4.01%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-0.52%	5.09%	4.05%
Barclays Managed Money Municipal New York Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-3.53%	5.92%	4.41%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ( the “Adviser” or “SSgA FM”) serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Nuveen Asset Management serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund’s Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the “Adviser,” such reference should also be read to refer to Nuveen Asset Management with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

**PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin.

Timothy T. Ryan, CFA, is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010.

Steven M. Hlavin is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003.

**PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund intends to pay income that is exempt from regular federal income tax and exempt from New York state income tax for New York residents, but which may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). To the extent the Fund invests in securities that do not produce income exempt from regular federal income tax and/or the AMT, a portion of the Fund's distributions may be subject to such taxes. Income from municipal securities of states other than the shareholder's state of residence generally will not qualify for tax-free treatment for such shareholder with respect to state and local taxes.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Nuveen Barclays Short Term Municipal Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Nuveen Barclays Short Term Municipal Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the short term tax exempt municipal bond market and provides income that is exempt from federal income taxes.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.20%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.20%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$20	\$64	\$113	\$255

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 17% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Managed Money Municipal Short Term Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (“Nuveen Asset Management” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. Additionally, the Fund intends to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in investments the



income of which is exempt from Federal income tax. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is designed to track the publicly traded municipal bonds that cover the U.S. dollar denominated short term tax exempt bond market, including state and local general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, pre-refunded bonds, and insured bonds. A general obligation bond is secured by the full faith and credit of its issuer. A revenue bond is payable from a specific source of revenue. A pre-refunded bond is a revenue bond that the issuer has allocated funds to fully retire. An insured bond is protected from issuer default or rating downgrade by an insurance company. The Index is a rules-based, market-value weighted index. All bonds in the Index must be rated Aa3/AA- or higher by at least two of the following statistical ratings agencies: Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC or Fitch Inc. If only two of the three agencies rate the security, the lower rating is used to determine index eligibility. If only one of the agencies rates the security, the rating must be at least Aa3/AA-. Each Index security must have an outstanding par value of at least \$7 million and be issued as part of a transaction of at least \$75 million. The bonds must be fixed rate and have a nominal maturity of one to five years. No issuer may constitute more than 10% of the Index. Bonds subject to alternative minimum tax, hospital bonds, housing bonds, tobacco bonds, and airline bonds, along with remarketed issues, taxable municipal bonds, floaters, and derivatives are all excluded from the Index. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 3,655 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 2.86 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Tax Exemption Risk:** There is no guarantee that the Fund's income will be exempt from federal or state income taxes. Events occurring after the date of issuance of a municipal bond or after the Fund's acquisition of a municipal bond may result in a determination that interest on that bond is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to its date of issuance. Such a determination may cause a portion of prior distributions by the Fund to its shareholders to be taxable to those shareholders in the year of receipt. Federal or state changes in income or alternative minimum tax rates or in the tax treatment of municipal bonds may make municipal bonds less attractive as investments and cause them to decline in value.



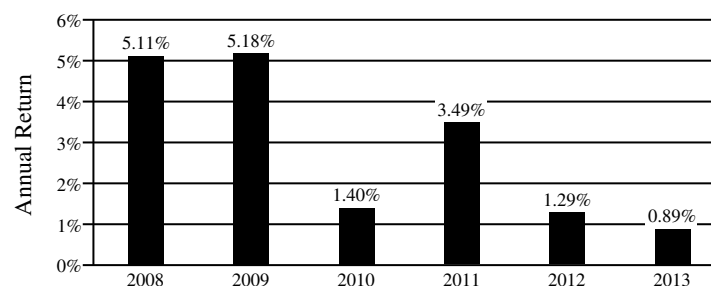
**Political Risk:** A significant restructuring of federal income tax rates or even serious discussion on the topic in Congress could cause municipal bond prices to fall. The demand for municipal securities is strongly influenced by the value of tax-exempt income to investors. Lower income tax rates could reduce the advantage of owning municipals.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

### ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 2.84% (Q4, 2008)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -1.02% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 1.19%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (10/10/07)
Return Before Taxes	0.89%	2.43%	3.03%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	0.89%	2.42%	3.02%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.93%	2.23%	2.76%
Barclays Managed Money Municipal Short Term Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	1.17%	2.79%	3.48%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ( the “Adviser” or “SSgA FM”) serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Nuveen Asset Management serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund’s Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the “Adviser,” such reference should also be read to refer to Nuveen Asset Management with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin.

Timothy T. Ryan, CFA, is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010.

Steven M. Hlavin is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003.

**PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund intends to pay income that is exempt from regular federal income tax, but which may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). To the extent the Fund invests in securities that do not produce income exempt from regular federal income tax and/or the AMT, a portion of the Fund's distributions may be subject to such taxes. Income from municipal securities of states other than the shareholder's state of residence generally will not qualify for tax-free treatment for such shareholder with respect to state and local taxes.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the performance of variable rate demand obligations (“VRDOs”) issued by municipalities.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.20%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.20%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$20	\$64	\$113	\$255

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 28% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the S&P National AMT-Free Municipal VRDO Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (“Nuveen Asset Management” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. Additionally, the Fund intends to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in investments the

income of which is exempt from Federal income tax. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is designed to track investment grade VRDOs issued by U.S. states and territories or local governments or agencies, such that interest on the securities is exempt from U.S. federal income taxes, with maturities greater than or equal to one month. A VRDO is a short-term tax-exempt fixed income instrument whose coupon rate is reset on a periodic basis (e.g., weekly or monthly). VRDOs tend to be issued with long maturities of up to 30 or 40 years; however, they are considered short-term instruments because they include a bondholder put provision that coincides with the periodic coupon rate reset which allows the bondholder to redeem a bond at face value. VRDOs included in the Index reset weekly. VRDOs are put back to a bank or other entity that serves as a liquidity provider (the "Remarketing Agent"), rather than the issuer. The Remarketing Agent tries to resell those VRDOs or, failing that, holds them in its own inventory. In addition, VRDOs commonly hold a credit enhancement, such as a letter of credit from the Remarketing Agent or a bank, and/or bond insurance. To be included in the Index a security must: (i) be issued by a state (including Puerto Rico and U.S. territories) or local government or agency such that interest on the security is exempt from U.S. federal income taxes; (ii) be priced at par; (iii) have a minimum par amount of \$10 million; (iv) be included in the Ipreo Holdings LLC product offering for VRDOs; (v) be rated A-3, VMIG-3 or F-3 or higher by one of the following statistical ratings agencies: Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, Moody's Investors Service or Fitch Inc., respectively; (vi) have a maturity of greater than or equal to one month; (vii) be a constituent of a deal with an original offering amount of at least \$100 million, or, for up to a maximum of 25% of constituents, have no minimum deal size criteria but be the highest yielding constituents (that meet all of the other criteria for eligibility) chosen from the eligible VRDO universe at each monthly rebalancing; (viii) have a weekly reset; and (ix) have a credit or liquidity support facility. The Index is rebalanced after the close of the last business day of each month, based on new issuance, size and maturity. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 121 issues included in the Index.

The Index is sponsored by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Tax Exemption Risk:** There is no guarantee that the Fund's income will be exempt from federal or state income taxes. Events occurring after the date of issuance of a municipal bond or after the Fund's acquisition of a municipal bond may result in a determination that interest on that bond is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to its date of issuance. Such a determination may cause a portion of prior distributions by

the Fund to its shareholders to be taxable to those shareholders in the year of receipt. Federal or state changes in income or alternative minimum tax rates or in the tax treatment of municipal bonds may make municipal bonds less attractive as investments and cause them to decline in value.

**Political Risk:** A significant restructuring of federal income tax rates or even serious discussion on the topic in Congress could cause municipal bond prices to fall. The demand for municipal securities is strongly influenced by the value of tax-exempt income to investors. Lower income tax rates could reduce the advantage of owning municipals.

**Variable Rate Demand Obligation Risk:** Particular VRDOs may not have an active secondary market. As a result, the Fund could suffer a loss on these instruments during periods when the Fund is not entitled to exercise its demand rights or if the issuer and/or Remarketing Agent defaults on its payment obligation. In addition, VRDOs are generally supported by either a letter of credit or a stand-by bond purchase agreement to provide credit enhancement. A decline in the credit quality of the issuer of the credit enhancement may in turn cause a decrease in value of the VRDO supported by the credit enhancement.

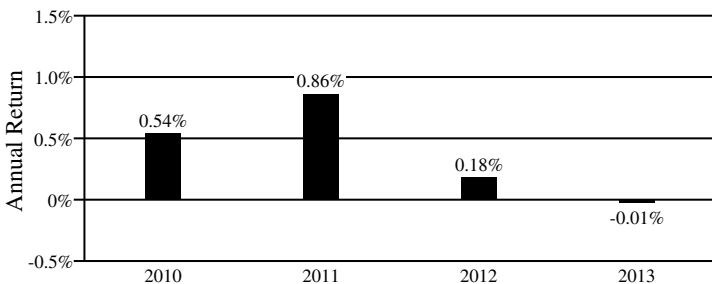
**Municipal Insurance Risk:** The Fund’s portfolio may be comprised of municipal securities covered by insurance that guarantees the bond’s scheduled payment of interest and repayment of principal. Because a significant portion of the insured municipal securities are insured by a small number of insurance companies, an event involving one or more of these insurance companies could have an adverse effect on the value of the insured municipal securities and the municipal bond market.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

### FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 0.27% (Q3, 2011)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -0.02% (Q4, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was -0.07%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (9/23/09)
Return Before Taxes	-0.01%	0.39%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-0.01%	0.39%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.00%	0.39%
S&P National AMT-Free Municipal VRDO Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	0.12%	0.25%

## **PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

### **INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ( the “Adviser” or “SSgA FM”) serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Nuveen Asset Management serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund’s Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the “Adviser,” such reference should also be read to refer to Nuveen Asset Management with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### **PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin.

Timothy T. Ryan, CFA, is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010.

Steven M. Hlavin is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003.

### **PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as “Creation Units.” Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund’s benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value (“NAV”), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund intends to pay income that is exempt from regular federal income tax, but which may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax (“AMT”). To the extent the Fund invests in securities that do not produce income exempt from regular federal income tax and/or the AMT, a portion of the Fund’s distributions may be subject to such taxes. Income from municipal securities of states other than the shareholder’s state of residence generally will not qualify for tax-free treatment for such shareholder with respect to state and local taxes.

### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Nuveen S&P High Yield Municipal Bond ETF

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The SPDR Nuveen S&P High Yield Municipal Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. high yield municipal bond market and to provide income that is exempt from federal income taxes.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.50%
Less contractual fee waiver <sup>2</sup>	-0.05%
Net annual Fund operating expenses	0.45%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the Adviser) has contractually agreed to waive its advisory fee and reimburse certain expenses, until October 31, 2015, so that the Net annual Fund operating expenses are limited to 0.45% of the Fund’s average daily net assets before application of any extraordinary expenses or acquired fund fees and expenses. The contractual fee waiver does not provide for the recoupment by the Adviser of any fees the Adviser previously waived. The Adviser may continue the waiver from year to year, but there is no guarantee that the Adviser will do so and after October 31, 2015, it may be cancelled or modified at any time.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$46	\$155	\$275	\$623

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 21% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the S&P Municipal Yield Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (“Nuveen Asset Management” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.



Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. Additionally, the Fund intends to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in investments the income of which is exempt from Federal income tax. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of high yield municipal bonds issued by U.S. states and territories or local governments or agencies, such that interest on the securities is exempt from regular federal income tax, but may be subject to the alternative minimum tax and to state and local income taxes. High yield securities are generally rated below investment grade and are commonly referred to as "junk bonds." The Index is a sub-set of the Standard & Poor's/Investment Tools Municipal Bond Index and includes publicly issued U.S. dollar denominated, fixed rate, municipal bonds (including private activity bonds) that have a remaining maturity of at least one year. The Index will consist of categories of bonds in the following proportions: (i) 70% of the Index constituents are components of the Standard & Poor's/Investment Tools High Yield Bond Index, which are non-rated or are rated below investment grade (ii) 20% of the Index constituents are components of the Standard & Poor's/Investment Tools Bond Index that are rated Baa3, Baa2, or Baa1 by Moody's Investors Service, or BBB-, BBB, or BBB+ by Standard and Poor's or Fitch; and (iii) 10% of the Index constituents are components of the Standard & Poor's/Investment Tools Bond Index that are rated A3, A2, or A1 by Moody's Investor Services, or A-, A, or A+ by Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC or Fitch, Inc. Prerefunded bonds and bonds that have been escrowed to maturity will not be included in the Index. Where the ratings assigned by the agencies are not consistent, the Index will use the middle rating, if three ratings are available and the lower of two ratings if only two ratings are available.

The Standard & Poor's/Investment Tools Municipal Bond Index is composed of bonds held by managed municipal bond fund customers of Standard & Poor's Securities Pricing, Inc. that are priced daily. Index calculations are provided by Investment Tools, Inc. Only bonds with total outstanding amounts of \$2,000,000 or more qualify for inclusion. The Standard and Poor's/Investment Tools Municipal Bond High Yield Index is comprised of all bonds in the Standard and Poor's/Investment Tools Municipal Bond Index that are non-rated or whose ratings are BB+ S&P and /or BA-1 Moody's or lower. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 30,380 issues included in the Index.

The Index is sponsored by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income

due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**High Yield Securities Risk:** Securities rated below investment grade, commonly referred to as “junk bonds,” include bonds that are rated Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC, respectively, or unrated securities considered to be of equivalent quality by the Sub-Adviser, and may involve greater risks than securities in higher rating categories. Such bonds are regarded as speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated debt securities. They are usually issued by entities without long track records of sales and earnings, or by entities with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these “junk bonds” may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities without taking a discount, which could be significant. High yield securities also may present greater credit risk because such securities may be issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or may not be current in the payment of interest or principal or in default.

**Private Activity Bonds Risk:** Private activity bonds are issued by or on behalf of public authorities to obtain funds to provide privately operated housing facilities, airport, mass transit or port facilities, sewage disposal, solid waste disposal or hazardous waste treatment or disposal facilities and certain local facilities for water supply, gas or electricity. Other types of private activity bonds, the proceeds of which are used for the construction, equipment, repair or improvement of privately operated industrial or commercial facilities, may constitute municipal securities, although the current federal tax laws place limitations on the size of such issues. The credit and quality of private activity bonds are usually related to the credit of the corporate user of the facilities. Payment of interest on and repayment of principal of such bonds are the responsibility of the corporate user (and/or any guarantor). The Fund’s distributions of its interest income from private activity bonds may subject certain investors to the federal alternative minimum tax.

**Political Risk:** A significant restructuring of federal income tax rates or even serious discussion on the topic in Congress could cause municipal bond prices to fall. The demand for municipal securities is strongly influenced by the value of tax-exempt income to investors. Lower income tax rates could reduce the advantage of owning municipals.

**Tax Exemption Risk:** There is no guarantee that the Fund’s income will be exempt from federal or state income taxes. Events occurring after the date of issuance of a municipal bond or after the Fund’s acquisition of a municipal bond may result in a determination that interest on that bond is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to its date of issuance. Such a determination may cause a portion of prior distributions by the Fund to its shareholders to be taxable to those shareholders in the year of receipt. Federal or state changes in income or alternative minimum tax rates or in the tax treatment of municipal bonds may make municipal bonds less attractive as investments and cause them to decline in value.

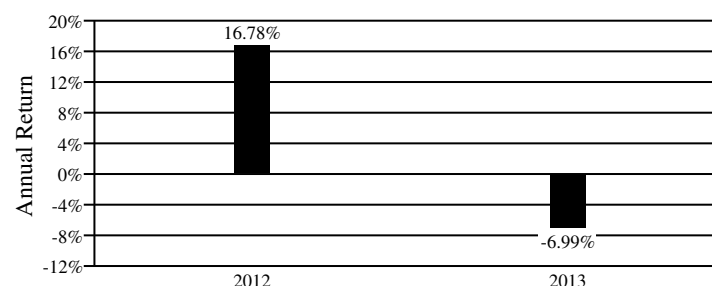
**Puerto Rico Specific Risk:** Because the Fund invests in Puerto Rico municipal securities, the Fund will have exposure to negative political, economic and statutory factors within the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. Events, including economic and political policy changes, tax base erosion, territory constitutional limits on tax increases, budget deficits and other financial difficulties and changes in the credit ratings assigned to Puerto Rico’s municipal issuers, are likely to affect the Fund’s performance. During the U.S. recession, tourism declined and had a negative effect on Puerto Rico’s economy and tax revenues. Certain municipal issuers in Puerto Rico continue to experience significant financial difficulties. Beginning in February 2014, credit rating firms Standard & Poor’s, Fitch Ratings, and Moody’s Investors Service downgraded their respective ratings of Puerto Rico’s general obligation debt to below investment grade, along with the ratings of certain related Puerto Rico issuers. Additionally, each rating agency has maintained a negative outlook on certain Puerto Rico issuers. Downgrades could create additional strain on a commonwealth already facing economic stagnation and fiscal imbalances, including budget deficits, underfunded pensions, high unemployment, significant debt service obligations, and liquidity issues, and could potentially lead to less market demand, less liquidity, wider spreads, and lower prices for Puerto Rico municipal bonds. Puerto Rico’s continued financial difficulties could reduce its ability to access financial markets, potentially increasing the likelihood of a restructuring or default for Puerto Rico municipal bonds that may affect the Fund’s investments and its performance.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

### ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 4.85% (Q1, 2012)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -5.80% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 13.52%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (4/13/11)
Return Before Taxes	-6.99%	6.68%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-6.99%	6.65%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-1.95%	6.45%
S&P Municipal Yield Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-4.42%	7.87%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the "Adviser" or "SSgA FM") serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Nuveen Asset Management serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund's Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the "Adviser," such reference should also be read to refer to Nuveen Asset Management with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin.

Timothy T. Ryan, CFA, is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010.

Steven M. Hlavin is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund intends to pay income that is exempt from regular federal income tax, but which may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). To the extent the Fund invests in securities that do not produce income exempt from regular federal income tax and/or the AMT, a portion of the Fund's distributions may be subject to such taxes. Income from municipal securities of states other than the shareholder's state of residence generally will not qualify for tax-free treatment for such shareholder with respect to state and local taxes.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the market for taxable municipal securities with respect to which the issuer has made an irrevocable election to designate the bonds as “Qualified Bonds” under the Build America Bond program created under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 or other legislation providing for the issuance of taxable municipal securities on which the issuer receives federal support of the interest paid (“direct pay Build America Bonds”).

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.35%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.35%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$36	\$113	\$197	\$443

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 9% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Build America Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC (“Nuveen Asset Management” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will

provide shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is a subset of the Barclays Taxable Municipal Bond Index. The Index consists of all direct pay Build America Bonds that satisfy the rules of the Barclays Taxable Municipal Bond Index. The Barclays Taxable Municipal Bond Index represents securities that are taxable, dollar denominated, and issued by a U.S. state or territory, and (i) have at least one year to final maturity regardless of call features, (ii) have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding, (iii) are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB- or higher) by at least two of the following ratings agencies: Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc. or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC (if only two of the three agencies rate the security, the lower rating is used to determine index eligibility, and if only one of the three agencies rates a security, the rating must be investment grade), (iv) are fixed rate, although it can carry a coupon that steps up or changes according to a predetermined schedule, (v) are dollar-denominated and non-convertible, and (vi) are publicly issued. However, Rule 144A securities with Registration Rights and Reg-S issues are included. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 193 issues included in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 12.43 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

Build America Bonds are bonds issued by state and local governments to finance capital projects such as public schools, roads, transportation infrastructure, bridges, ports and public buildings, among others, pursuant to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the "Act"). Build America Bonds pay interest at rates that are expected to be competitive with rates typically paid by private bond issuers in the taxable fixed income market. Unlike investments in most other municipal securities, interest received on Build America Bonds is subject to federal income tax and may be subject to state income tax. Build America Bond issuers may elect either (i) to receive payments from the U.S. Treasury equal to a specified percentage of their interest payments ("direct pay") or (ii) to cause investors in the bonds to receive federal tax credits ("tax credit"). Most issuers of direct pay Build America Bonds currently receive a subsidy from the U.S. Treasury equal to 35% of the interest paid on the bonds, which allows such issuers to issue bonds that pay interest rates that are expected to be competitive with the rates typically paid by private bond issuers in the taxable fixed income market. The bonds in the Fund will not include Build America bonds for which the investors will receive a tax credit. Build America Bonds are currently defined by the Act as restricted from private activity purposes and, for direct pay Build America Bond issuers, the bonds can only be issued to fund capital expenditures. As a result, most Build America Bond issuers have to produce tangible assets that are designed to provide a public benefit. Build America Bonds generally support facilities that meet such essential needs as water, electricity, transportation, and education. Moreover, many Build America Bonds are general obligation bonds, which are backed by the full faith and taxing power of the state and local governments issuing them.

Issuance of Build America Bonds ceased on December 31, 2010. The Build America Bonds outstanding at such time continue to be eligible for the federal interest rate subsidy, which continues for the life of the Build America Bonds; however, no bonds issued following expiration of the Build America Bond program are eligible for the federal tax subsidy. The Board of Trustees will continue to evaluate the Fund's investment objective and make appropriate changes, as necessary, that it believes are in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders, including changing the Fund's investment objective to invest in an index composed of taxable municipal securities.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.



**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Build America Bonds Risk:** The market for Build America Bonds is smaller and less diverse than the broader municipal securities market. Because Congress did not extend the Build America Bond program, the ability of municipalities to issue Build America Bonds expired on December 31, 2010. As a result, the number of available Build America Bonds is limited, which may negatively affect the value of the Build America Bonds. In addition, it is difficult to predict the extent to which a market for such bonds will continue, meaning that Build America Bonds may experience greater illiquidity than other municipal obligations. Certain aspects of the program may be subject to additional Federal or state level guidance or subsequent legislation. It is not known what additional restrictions, limitations or procedures may be implemented or what possible effect they will have on the market for Build America Bonds. There can be no assurance that Build America Bonds will be actively traded. The Build America Bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2010 will continue to be eligible for the federal interest rate subsidy, which continues for the life of the Build America Bonds; however, no bonds issued following expiration of the Build America Bond program will be eligible for the federal tax subsidy.

**California-State Specific Risk:** Because the Fund invests in California municipal securities, the Fund will have exposure to negative political, economic and statutory factors within the State of California. Unfavorable developments in any economic sector may have a substantial impact on the overall California municipal market. Provisions of the California Constitution and state statutes that limit the taxing and spending authority of California governmental entities may impair the ability of California issuers to pay principal and/or interest on their obligations. While California's economy is broad, it does have major concentrations in high technology, aerospace and defense-related manufacturing, trade, entertainment, real estate and financial services, and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting those industries. Future California political and economic developments, constitutional amendments, legislative measures, executive orders, administrative regulations, litigation and voter initiatives could have an adverse effect on the debt obligations of California issuers. As of June 2014, California had one of the lowest credit ratings of any state in the country.

**New York State-Specific Risk:** Because the Fund invests in New York municipal securities, the Fund will have exposure to negative political, economic and statutory factors within the State of New York. Unfavorable developments in any economic sector may have a substantial impact on the overall New York municipal market. Certain issuers of New York municipal bonds have experienced serious financial difficulties in the past and reoccurrence of these difficulties may impair the ability of certain New York issuers to pay principal or interest on their obligations. The financial health of New York City affects that of the state, and when New York City experiences financial difficulty it may have an adverse effect on New York municipal bonds held by the Fund. The growth rate of New York has at times been somewhat slower than the nation overall. The economic and financial condition of New York also may be affected by various financial, social, economic and political factors.

**Restricted Securities Risk:** Rule 144A securities are generally referred to as private placements or restricted securities. Limitations on the resale of these securities may have an adverse effect on their marketability, and may prevent the Fund from disposing of them promptly at reasonable prices. The Fund may have to bear the expense of registering the securities for resale and the risk of substantial delays in effecting the registration.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.



## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 14.39% (Q3, 2011)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -8.14% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 14.69%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (5/12/10)
Return Before Taxes	-7.53%	7.45%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-9.31%	5.55%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-4.23%	5.05%
Barclays Build America Bond Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-6.78%	8.22%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the "Adviser" or "SSgA FM") serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Nuveen Asset Management serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund's Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the "Adviser," such reference should also be read to refer to Nuveen Asset Management with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Daniel Close, Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin.

Daniel J. Close is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Close joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2000.

Timothy T. Ryan, CFA, is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010.

Steven M. Hlavin is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

#### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

#### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the inflation protected sector of the global bond market outside the United States.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.50%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$51	\$160	\$280	\$628

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 19% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the DB Global Government ex-US Inflation-Linked Bond Capped Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market

instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser). The Fund may also enter into forward currency exchange contracts for hedging and/or investment purposes. Swaps, options and futures contracts may be used by the Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to its Index and in managing cash flows.

The Index is designed to measure the total return performance of the inflation-linked government bond markets of developed and emerging market countries outside of the United States. Inflation protected public obligations of the inflation-linked government bond markets of developed and emerging market countries, commonly known in the United States as TIPS, are securities issued by such governments that are designed to provide inflation protection to investors. The Index includes government debt (direct obligations of the issuer country) but does not include quasi-government debt or corporate debt. The securities are denominated in and pay coupon and principal in the domestic currency of the issuer country. Each of the component securities in the Index is screened such that the following countries are included: Australia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, France, Germany, Greece, Israel, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Poland, South Africa, South Korea, Sweden, Turkey and the United Kingdom. In addition, the securities in the Index must be inflation-linked and have certain minimum amounts outstanding, depending upon the currency in which the bonds are denominated. To be included in the Index, bonds must: (i) be capital-indexed and linked to an eligible inflation index; (ii) have at least one year remaining to maturity at the Index rebalancing date; (iii) have a fixed, step-up or zero notional coupon; and (iv) settle on or before the Index rebalancing date. The Index is calculated by Deutsche Bank using a modified “market capitalization” methodology. This design ensures that each constituent represented in a proportion consistent with its percentage with respect to the total market capitalization. Component securities in each constituent country are represented in a proportion consistent with its percentage relative to the other component securities in its constituent country. Under certain conditions, however, the par amount of a component security within the Index may be adjusted to conform to Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) requirements. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 177 securities in the Index and the real adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 10.40 years.

The Index is sponsored by Deutsche Bank (the “Index Provider”) which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund’s Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund’s return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund’s return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Inflation Protected Securities Risk:** Inflation protected securities, such as TIPS, generally fluctuate in response to changes in “real” interest rates. Real interest rates represent nominal (stated) interest rates reduced by the expected impact of inflation. Generally, an inflation protected security’s value will decrease when real interest rates rise and increase when real interest rates fall. Interest payments on inflation-protected debt securities can be unpredictable and will vary as the principal and/or interest is adjusted for inflation. During periods of “deflation,” the principal and income of an inflation protected security may decline in price, which could result in losses for the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income

due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Derivatives Risk:** A derivative is a financial contract the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of a financial asset (such as stock, bond or currency), a physical asset (such as gold) or a market index (such as the S&P 500 Index). The Fund may invest in swaps, options, futures contracts and forward foreign currency contracts. Swaps are contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party based on the change in market value or level of a specified rate, index or asset in return for payments based on the return of a different specified rate, index or asset. Options involve the payment or receipt of a premium by an investor and the corresponding right or obligation to either purchase or sell the underlying security for a specific price at a certain time or during a certain period. Futures contracts generally provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified commodity or security at a specified future time and at a specified price. Forward foreign currency contracts involve an obligation to purchase or sell a specific amount of currency at a future date or date range at a specific price, thereby fixing the exchange rate for a specified time in the future. When used for hedging purposes, forward foreign currency contracts tend to limit any potential gain that may be realized if the value of the Fund's foreign holdings increases because of currency fluctuations. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus a Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

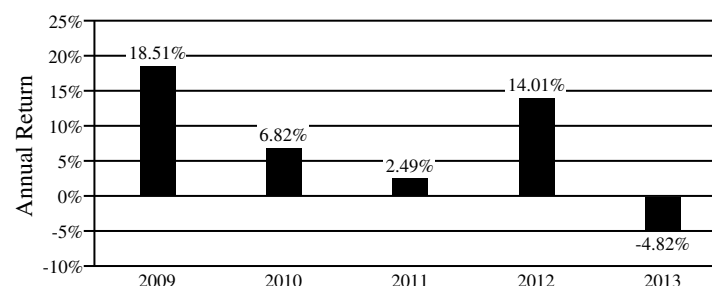
**Emerging Markets Risk:** Investment in emerging markets subjects the Fund to a greater risk of loss than investments in a developed market. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, high levels of inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, greater risk of market shutdown, and more governmental limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. There is also the potential for unfavorable actions including expropriation, nationalization, embargo, and acts of war. In addition, the financial stability of issuers (including governments) in emerging market countries may be more precarious than in other countries. As a result, there will tend to be an increased risk of price volatility associated with investments in issuers domiciled in emerging market countries, which may be magnified by currency fluctuations relative to the U.S. dollar. Settlement practices for transactions in foreign markets may differ from those in U.S. markets. Such differences include delays beyond periods customary in the U.S. and practices, such as delivery of securities prior to receipt of payment, which increase the likelihood of a "failed settlement." Failed settlements could result in losses to the Fund. For these and other reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 12.86% (Q3, 2010)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -6.81% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 2.17%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (3/13/08)
Return Before Taxes	-4.82%	7.08%	2.12%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-5.77%	6.11%	1.04%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-2.72%	5.19%	1.22%
DB Global Government ex-U.S. Inflation-Linked Bond Capped Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-4.29%	7.71%	3.08%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Peter R. Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Cynthia Moy.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2012.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Cynthia Moy is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. She joined the Adviser in 2007.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the short-term (1-3 year remaining maturity) fixed rate, investment grade debt issued by foreign governments of investment grade countries.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.35%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.35%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$36	\$113	\$197	\$443

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 83% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays 1-3 Year Global Treasury ex-US Capped Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market

instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser). The Fund may also enter into forward currency exchange contracts for hedging and/or investment purposes. Futures contracts may be used by the Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to its Index and in managing cash flows.

The Index is designed to measure the performance of fixed-rate local currency sovereign debt of investment grade countries outside the United States that have remaining maturities of one to three years. The Index includes government bonds issued by investment grade countries outside the United States, in local currencies, that have remaining maturities of one to three years and are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB-/BBB- or higher using the middle rating of Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's, Financial Services, LLC and Fitch Inc., respectively). Each of the component securities in the Index is a constituent of the Barclays Global Treasury ex-US Index, screened such that the following countries are included: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Russia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Turkey and the United Kingdom. In addition, the securities in the Index must be fixed-rate and have certain minimum amounts outstanding, depending upon the currency in which the bonds are denominated. The Index is calculated by Barclays using a modified "market capitalization" methodology. This design ensures that each constituent country within the Index is represented in a proportion consistent with its percentage with respect to the total market capitalization of the Index. Component securities in each constituent country are represented in a proportion consistent with their percentage relative to the other component securities in the constituent country. Under certain conditions, however, the par amount of a component security within the Index may be adjusted to conform to Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") requirements. The securities in the Index are updated monthly, on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 196 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 1.77 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Derivatives Risk:** A derivative is a financial contract the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of a financial asset (such as stock, bond or currency), a physical asset (such as gold) or a market index (such as the S&P 500 Index). The Fund may invest in futures contracts and forward foreign currency contracts. Futures contracts generally provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified commodity or security at a specified future time and at a specified price. Forward foreign currency contracts

involve an obligation to purchase or sell a specific amount of currency at a future date or date range at a specific price, thereby fixing the exchange rate for a specified time in the future. When used for hedging purposes, forward foreign currency contracts tend to limit any potential gain that may be realized if the value of the Fund's foreign holdings increases because of currency fluctuations. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus a Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Russian Sanctions Risk:** Recent sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union and Canada, and other intergovernmental actions that may be undertaken in the future, against Russia, Russian entities or Russian individuals, may result in the devaluation of Russian currency, a downgrade in the country's credit rating, and/or a decline in the value and liquidity of Russian securities, property or interests. The scope and scale of these sanctions may be expanded. These sanctions could impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in certain investment instruments. Sanctions could also result in Russia taking counter measures or other actions, which may further impair the value and liquidity of Russian securities. These sanctions, and the continued disruption of the Russian economy, could have a negative effect on the performance of the Fund. Compliance with each of these sanctions may impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in the affected securities or other securities of such issuers. If it becomes impracticable or unlawful for the Fund to hold securities subject to, or otherwise affected by, sanctions, or if deemed appropriate by the Fund's investment adviser, the Fund may prohibit in-kind deposits of the affected securities in connection with creation transactions and instead require a cash deposit, which may also increase the Fund's transaction costs.

**Emerging Markets Risk:** Investment in emerging markets subjects the Fund to a greater risk of loss than investments in a developed market. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, high levels of inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, greater risk of market shutdown, and more governmental limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. There is also the potential for unfavorable actions including expropriation, nationalization, embargo, and acts of war. In addition, the financial stability of issuers (including governments) in emerging market countries may be more precarious than in other countries. As a result, there will tend to be an increased risk of price volatility associated with investments in issuers domiciled in emerging market countries, which may be magnified by currency fluctuations relative to the U.S. dollar. Settlement practices for transactions in foreign markets may differ from those in U.S. markets. Such differences include delays beyond periods customary in the U.S. and practices, such as delivery of securities prior to receipt of payment, which increase the likelihood of a "failed settlement." Failed settlements could result in losses to the Fund. For these and other reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 9.52% (Q3, 2010)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -4.93% (Q2, 2010)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was -4.67%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (1/15/09)
Return Before Taxes	-2.34%	2.66%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-2.37%	2.29%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-1.32%	1.93%
Barclays 1-3 Year Global Treasury ex-US Capped Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-2.04%	3.14%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Peter R. Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Joanna Mauro.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2012.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Joanna Mauro is a Vice President of SSgA and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. She joined the Adviser in 2003.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the fixed-rate local currency sovereign debt of investment grade countries outside the United States.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.50%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$51	\$160	\$280	\$628

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 40% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Global Treasury Ex-US Capped Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market



instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser). The Fund may also enter into forward currency exchange contracts for hedging and/or investment purposes. Futures contracts may be used by the Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to its Index and in managing cash flows.

The Index is designed to track the fixed-rate local currency sovereign debt of investment grade countries outside the United States. The Index includes government bonds issued by investment grade countries outside the United States, in local currencies, that have a remaining maturity of one year or more and are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB-/BBB- or higher using the middle rating of Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC and Fitch Inc., respectively). Each of the component securities in the Index is a constituent of the Barclays Global Treasury ex-US Index, screened such that the following countries are included: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Russia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Turkey and the United Kingdom. In addition, the securities in the Index must be fixed-rate and have certain minimum amounts outstanding, depending upon the currency in which the bonds are denominated. The Index is calculated by Barclays using a modified "market capitalization" methodology. This design ensures that each constituent country within the Index is represented in a proportion consistent with its percentage with respect to the total market capitalization of the Index. Component securities in each constituent country are represented in a proportion consistent with their percentage relative to the other component securities in the constituent country. Under certain conditions, however, the par amount of a component security within the Index may be adjusted to conform to Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") requirements. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 692 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 7.45 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Derivatives Risk:** A derivative is a financial contract the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of a financial asset (such as stock, bond or currency), a physical asset (such as gold) or a market index (such as the S&P 500 Index). The Fund may invest in futures contracts and forward foreign currency contracts. Futures contracts generally provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified commodity or security at a specified future time and at a specified price. Forward foreign currency contracts involve an obligation to purchase or sell a specific amount of currency at a future date or date range at a specific price, thereby fixing the exchange rate for a specified time in the future. When used for hedging purposes,



forward foreign currency contracts tend to limit any potential gain that may be realized if the value of the Fund's foreign holdings increases because of currency fluctuations. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus a Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Russian Sanctions Risk:** Recent sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union and Canada, and other intergovernmental actions that may be undertaken in the future, against Russia, Russian entities or Russian individuals, may result in the devaluation of Russian currency, a downgrade in the country's credit rating, and/or a decline in the value and liquidity of Russian securities, property or interests. The scope and scale of these sanctions may be expanded. These sanctions could impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in certain investment instruments. Sanctions could also result in Russia taking counter measures or other actions, which may further impair the value and liquidity of Russian securities. These sanctions, and the continued disruption of the Russian economy, could have a negative effect on the performance of the Fund. Compliance with each of these sanctions may impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in the affected securities or other securities of such issuers. If it becomes impracticable or unlawful for the Fund to hold securities subject to, or otherwise affected by, sanctions, or if deemed appropriate by the Fund's investment adviser, the Fund may prohibit in-kind deposits of the affected securities in connection with creation transactions and instead require a cash deposit, which may also increase the Fund's transaction costs.

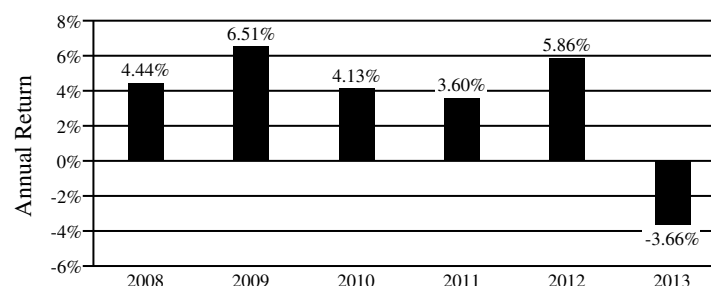
**Emerging Markets Risk:** Investment in emerging markets subjects the Fund to a greater risk of loss than investments in a developed market. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, high levels of inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, greater risk of market shutdown, and more governmental limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. There is also the potential for unfavorable actions including expropriation, nationalization, embargo, and acts of war. In addition, the financial stability of issuers (including governments) in emerging market countries may be more precarious than in other countries. As a result, there will tend to be an increased risk of price volatility associated with investments in issuers domiciled in emerging market countries, which may be magnified by currency fluctuations relative to the U.S. dollar. Settlement practices for transactions in foreign markets may differ from those in U.S. markets. Such differences include delays beyond periods customary in the U.S. and practices, such as delivery of securities prior to receipt of payment, which increase the likelihood of a "failed settlement." Failed settlements could result in losses to the Fund. For these and other reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 11.62% (Q3, 2010)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -5.05% (Q3, 2008)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 0.35%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (10/2/07)
Return Before Taxes	-3.66%	3.23%	3.89%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-4.43%	2.54%	3.13%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-2.07%	2.24%	2.74%
Barclays Global Treasury ex-US Capped Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-3.15%	3.75%	4.61%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Peter R. Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Joanna Mauro.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2012.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2008.

Joanna Mauro is a Vice President of SSgA and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. She joined the Adviser in 2003.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the investment grade corporate sector of the global bond market outside of the United States.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.50%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> The Fund’s Total annual Fund operating expenses have been restated to reflect a reduction in the Fund’s Management fees.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$51	\$160	\$280	\$628

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 23% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Global Aggregate ex-USD >\$1B: Corporate Bond Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, State Street Global Advisors Limited (“SSgA LTD” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund). The Fund may also enter into forward currency exchange contracts for hedging and/or investment purposes. Swaps and futures contracts may be used by the Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to its Index and in managing cash flows.

The Index is designed to be a broad based measure of the global investment grade, fixed rate, fixed income corporate markets outside the United States. The Index is part of the Barclays Global ex-USD Aggregate Bond Index. The securities in the Index must have a \$1 billion USD equivalent market capitalization outstanding and at least 1 year remaining. Securities must be fixed rate, although zero coupon bonds and step-ups are permitted. Additionally, securities must be rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB-/BBB- or better) using the middle rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC. after dropping the highest and lowest available ratings. If only two agencies rate a security, then the more conservative (lower) rating will be used. If only one rating agency rates a security, then that one rating will be used. Excluded from the Index are subordinated debts, convertible securities, floating-rate notes, fixed-rate perpetuals, warrants, linked bonds, and structured products. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 533 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 5.02 years. As of September 30, 2014, the following countries were represented in the Index: Australia, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Hong Kong, India, Israel, Italy, Japan, Mexico, the Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (i.e., achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Derivatives Risk:** A derivative is a financial contract the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of a financial asset (such as stock, bond or currency), a physical asset (such as gold) or a market index (such as the S&P 500 Index). The Fund may invest in swaps, futures contracts and forward foreign currency contracts. Swaps are contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party based on the change in market value or level of a specified rate, index or asset in return for payments based on the return of a different specified rate, index or asset. Futures contracts generally provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified commodity or security at a specified future time and at a specified price. Forward foreign currency contracts involve an obligation to purchase or sell a specific amount of currency at a future date or date range at a specific price, thereby fixing the exchange rate for a specified time in the future. When used for hedging purposes, forward foreign currency contracts tend to limit any potential gain that may be realized if the value of the Fund's foreign holdings increases because of currency fluctuations. Compared to conventional

securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus a Fund’s losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Geographic Risk:** Funds that are less diversified across countries or geographic regions are generally riskier than more geographically diversified funds. For example, a Fund that focuses on a single country (e.g., China or Japan), or a specific region (e.g., the Middle East or African countries) is more exposed to that country’s or region’s economic cycles, currency exchange rates, stock market valuations and political risks compared with a more geographically diversified fund. The economies and financial markets of certain regions, such as Latin America, Asia or Eastern Europe, can be interdependent and may decline all at the same time.

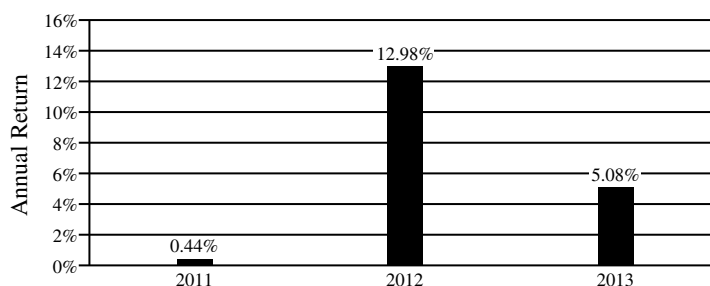
**Europe:** Developed and emerging market countries in Europe will be significantly affected by the fiscal and monetary controls of the European Monetary Union. Changes in regulations on trade, decreasing imports or exports, changes in the exchange rate of the euro and recessions among European countries may have a significant adverse effect on the economies of other European countries including those of Eastern Europe. The markets in Eastern Europe remain relatively undeveloped and can be particularly sensitive to political and economic developments.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 6.77% (Q1, 2012)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -6.36% (Q3, 2011)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was -2.00%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (5/19/10)
Return Before Taxes	5.08%	7.62%



	One Year	Since Inception (5/19/10)
Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.51%	6.87%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	2.87%	5.63%
Barclays Global Aggregate ex-USD > \$1B: Corporate Bond Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.43%	8.09%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ( the “Adviser” or “SSgA FM”) serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. SSgA LTD, an affiliate of the Adviser, serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund’s Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the “Adviser,” such reference should also be read to refer to SSgA LTD with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Stephen Yeats and John Philpot.

Stephen Yeats is the EMEA Head of Fixed Income Beta at SSgA LTD. He joined SSgA LTD in February 2007.

John Philpot is the EMEA Head of Portfolio Management, Fixed Income Beta at SSgA LTD. He joined SSgA LTD in August 2000.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as “Creation Units.” Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund’s benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value (“NAV”), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### TAX INFORMATION

The Fund’s distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

### PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the fixed-rate local currency sovereign debt of emerging market countries.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.50%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$51	\$160	\$280	\$628

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 69% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays EM Local Currency Government Diversified Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, State Street Global Advisors Limited (“SSgA LTD” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised

by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund). The Fund may also enter into forward currency exchange contracts for hedging and/or investment purposes. Swaps and futures contracts may be used by the Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to its Index and in managing cash flows.

The Index is designed to measure the performance of the fixed-rate local currency sovereign debt of emerging market countries. The Index includes government bonds issued by investment grade and non-investment grade countries outside the United States, in local currencies, that have a remaining maturity of one year or more and are rated B3/B-/B- or higher using the middle rating of Moody's Investor Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC and Fitch Inc., respectively). Each of the component securities in the Index is a constituent of the Barclays EM Local Currency Government Index, screened such that the following countries are included: Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Czech Republic, Hungary, Indonesia, Israel, Malaysia, Mexico, Nigeria, Peru, the Philippines, Poland, Romania, Russia, South Africa, South Korea, Thailand and Turkey. As of September 30, 2014 there were approximately 427 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 4.89 years.

The Index is calculated by Barclays, Inc. ("Barclays" or "Index Provider") using a modified "market capitalization" methodology. This design ensures that each constituent country within the Index is represented in a proportion consistent with its percentage with respect to the total market capitalization of the Index. Component securities in each constituent country are represented in a proportion consistent with their percentage relative to the other component securities in the constituent country. Under certain conditions, however, the par amount of a component security within the Index may be adjusted to conform to Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") requirements.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, foreign currency-related transactions, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Derivatives Risk:** A derivative is a financial contract the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of a financial asset (such as stock, bond or currency), a physical asset (such as gold) or a market index (such as the S&P 500 Index). The Fund may invest in swaps, futures contracts and forward foreign currency contracts. Swaps are contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party based on the change in market value or level of a specified rate, index or asset in return for payments based on the return of a different specified rate, index or asset. Futures contracts generally provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified commodity or security at a specified future time and at a specified price. Forward foreign currency contracts involve an obligation to purchase or sell a specific amount of currency at a future date or date range at a specific price, thereby fixing the exchange rate for a specified time in the future. When used for

hedging purposes, forward foreign currency contracts tend to limit any potential gain that may be realized if the value of the Fund's foreign holdings increases because of currency fluctuations. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus a Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Russian Sanctions Risk:** Recent sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union and Canada, and other intergovernmental actions that may be undertaken in the future, against Russia, Russian entities or Russian individuals, may result in the devaluation of Russian currency, a downgrade in the country's credit rating, and/or a decline in the value and liquidity of Russian securities, property or interests. The scope and scale of these sanctions may be expanded. These sanctions could impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in certain investment instruments. Sanctions could also result in Russia taking counter measures or other actions, which may further impair the value and liquidity of Russian securities. These sanctions, and the continued disruption of the Russian economy, could have a negative effect on the performance of the Fund. Compliance with each of these sanctions may impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in the affected securities or other securities of such issuers. If it becomes impracticable or unlawful for the Fund to hold securities subject to, or otherwise affected by, sanctions, or if deemed appropriate by the Fund's investment adviser, the Fund may prohibit in-kind deposits of the affected securities in connection with creation transactions and instead require a cash deposit, which may also increase the Fund's transaction costs.

**Emerging Markets Risk:** Investment in emerging markets subjects the Fund to a greater risk of loss than investments in a developed market. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, high levels of inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, greater risk of market shutdown, and more governmental limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. There is also the potential for unfavorable actions including expropriation, nationalization, embargo, and acts of war. In addition, the financial stability of issuers (including governments) in emerging market countries may be more precarious than in other countries. As a result, there will tend to be an increased risk of price volatility associated with investments in issuers domiciled in emerging market countries, which may be magnified by currency fluctuations relative to the U.S. dollar. Settlement practices for transactions in foreign markets may differ from those in U.S. markets. Such differences include delays beyond periods customary in the U.S. and practices, such as delivery of securities prior to receipt of payment, which increase the likelihood of a "failed settlement." Failed settlements could result in losses to the Fund. For these and other reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

**High Yield Securities Risk:** Securities rated below investment grade, commonly referred to as "junk bonds," include bonds that are rated Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, respectively, or unrated securities considered to be of equivalent quality by the Sub-Adviser, and may involve greater risks than securities in higher rating categories. Such bonds are regarded as speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated debt securities. They are usually issued by entities without long track records of sales and earnings, or by entities with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these "junk bonds" may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities without taking a discount, which could be significant. High yield securities also may present greater credit risk because such securities may be issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or may not be current in the payment of interest or principal or in default.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

### ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 6.71% (Q1, 2012)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -6.57% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 1.09%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (2/23/11)
Return Before Taxes	-5.89%	2.67%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-6.81%	1.44%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-3.32%	1.62%
Barclays EM Local Currency Government Diversified Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-5.05%	3.74%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the "Adviser" or "SSgA FM") serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. SSgA LTD, an affiliate of the Adviser serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund's Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the "Adviser," such reference should also be read to refer to SSgA LTD with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Abhishek Kumar and John Philpot.

Abhishek Kumar is the Lead Investment Manager for Emerging Market Debt Strategies in the EMEA Fixed Income Beta team at SSgA LTD. He joined SSgA LTD in September 2010.

John Philpot is the EMEA Head of Portfolio Management, Fixed Income Beta at SSgA LTD. He joined SSgA LTD in August 2000.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

#### **TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

#### **PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays High Yield Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays High Yield Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. high yield corporate bond market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.40%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.40%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$41	\$128	\$224	\$505

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 30% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays High Yield Very Liquid Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).



The Index is designed to measure the performance of publicly issued U.S. dollar denominated high yield corporate bonds with above-average liquidity. High yield securities are generally rated below investment grade and are commonly referred to as “junk bonds.” The Index includes publicly issued U.S. dollar denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bonds that have a remaining maturity of at least one year, regardless of optionality, are rated high-yield (Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below) using the middle rating of Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC, respectively, and have \$500 million or more of outstanding face value. The three largest bonds of each issuer with a maximum age of five years can be included in the Index. Each index eligible issuer will be capped at two percent. In addition, securities must be registered or issued under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Original issue zero coupon bonds, step-up coupons, and coupons that change according to a predetermined schedule are also included. The Index includes only corporate sectors. The corporate sectors are Industrial, Utility, and Financial Institutions. Excluded from the Index are non-corporate bonds, structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features, private placements, bonds with equity-type features (e.g., warrants, convertibility), floating-rate issues, Eurobonds, defaulted bonds, payment in kind (PIK) securities and emerging market bonds. The Index is issuer capped and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 729 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 4.44 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the “Index Provider”) which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund’s Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund’s return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund’s return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**High Yield Securities Risk:** Securities rated below investment grade, commonly referred to as “junk bonds,” include bonds that are rated Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC, respectively, or unrated securities considered to be of equivalent quality by the Adviser, and may involve greater risks than securities in higher rating categories. Such bonds are regarded as speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated debt securities. They are usually issued by entities without long track records of sales and earnings, or by entities with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these “junk bonds” may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities without taking a discount, which could be significant. High yield securities also may present greater credit risk because such securities may be issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or may not be current in the payment of interest or principal or in default.



**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Utilities Sector Risk:** Traditional regulated utility companies are affected by supply and demand, operating costs, government regulation, environmental factors, liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities, and rate caps or rate changes. Although rate changes of a utility usually fluctuate in approximate correlation with financing costs due to political and regulatory factors, rate changes ordinarily occur only following a delay after the changes in financing costs. This factor will tend to favorably affect a regulated utility company's earnings and dividends in times of decreasing costs, but conversely, will tend to adversely affect earnings and dividends when costs are rising. The value of regulated utility debt securities (and, to a lesser extent, equity securities) tends to have an inverse relationship to the movement of interest rates. Certain utility companies have experienced full or partial deregulation in recent years. These utility companies are frequently more similar to industrial companies in that they are subject to greater competition and have been permitted by regulators to diversify outside of their original geographic regions and their traditional lines of business. These opportunities may permit certain utility companies to earn more than their traditional regulated rates of return. Some companies, however, may be forced to defend their core business and may be less profitable. In addition, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, government intervention or other factors may render a utility company's equipment unusable or obsolete and negatively impact profitability.

Among the risks that may affect utility companies are the following: risks of increases in fuel and other operating costs; the high cost of borrowing to finance capital construction during inflationary periods; restrictions on operations and increased costs and delays associated with compliance with environmental and nuclear safety regulations; and the difficulties involved in obtaining natural gas for resale or fuel for generating electricity at reasonable prices. Other risks include those related to the construction and operation of nuclear power plants; the effects of energy conservation and the effects of regulatory changes.

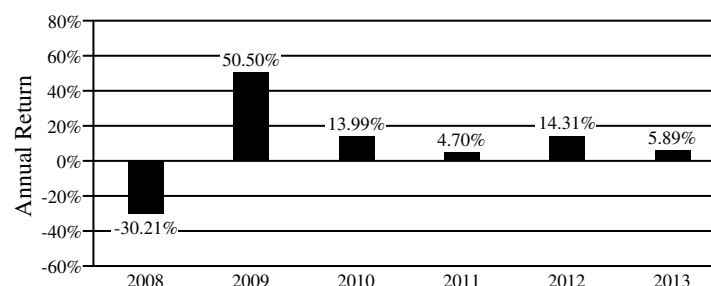
**Financial Sector Risk:** Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financial sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 22.44% (Q2, 2009)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -18.59% (Q4, 2008)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 2.85%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (11/28/07)
Return Before Taxes	5.89%	16.81%	7.14%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	3.14%	13.05%	3.61%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	3.29%	11.86%	4.01%
Barclays High Yield Very Liquid Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	6.59%	19.66%	9.87%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Michael Brunell and Kyle Kelly.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Michael Brunell, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager of the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 1997.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 250,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the high yield corporate bond market of non-US issuers.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.40%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.40%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> Other expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3
\$41	\$128

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. From the Fund’s inception, March 12, 2014, to the most recent fiscal year end, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 26% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays Global HY ex US Domiciled 350mn+ Cash Pay Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, State Street Global Advisors Limited (“SSgA LTD” or the “Sub-Adviser”), the investment sub-adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Sub-Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In

addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund).

The Index is designed to be a measure of the international high yield, fixed rate, fixed income corporate markets of issuers domiciled outside the United States, including in emerging markets. High yield securities are generally rated below investment grade and are commonly referred to as "junk bonds." The securities in the Index must have a minimum 350 million market capitalization outstanding in local currency terms and at least 1 year remaining to maturity. Securities must be fixed rate, although step-up coupons and coupons that change according to a predetermined schedule are permitted. Additionally, securities must be rated high yield (Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below), but not defaulted, using the middle rating of Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, and Fitch Inc. after dropping the highest and lowest available ratings. When a rating from only two agencies is available, the lower ("more conservative") rating is used. When a rating from only one agency is available, that rating is used to determine Index eligibility. Excluded from the Index are convertible securities, floating-rate notes, warrants, linked bonds, structured products, zero coupon bonds, and payment in kind securities. Each Index eligible issuer is capped at two percent. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last business day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, the Index comprised 736 securities. As of September 30, 2014, the following countries were represented in the Index Argentina, Australia, Austria, Barbados, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Dominican Republic, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Hong Kong, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Luxembourg, Macau, Mexico, Mongolia, Netherlands, Nigeria, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Russia, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund, the Adviser or the Sub-Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Sub-Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Sub-Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market

structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Russian Sanctions Risk:** Recent sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union and Canada, and other intergovernmental actions that may be undertaken in the future, against Russia, Russian entities or Russian individuals, may result in the devaluation of Russian currency, a downgrade in the country's credit rating, and/or a decline in the value and liquidity of Russian securities, property or interests. The scope and scale of these sanctions may be expanded. These sanctions could impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in certain investment instruments. Sanctions could also result in Russia taking counter measures or other actions, which may further impair the value and liquidity of Russian securities. These sanctions, and the continued disruption of the Russian economy, could have a negative effect on the performance of the Fund. Compliance with each of these sanctions may impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in the affected securities or other securities of such issuers. If it becomes impracticable or unlawful for the Fund to hold securities subject to, or otherwise affected by, sanctions, or if deemed appropriate by the Fund's investment adviser, the Fund may prohibit in-kind deposits of the affected securities in connection with creation transactions and instead require a cash deposit, which may also increase the Fund's transaction costs.

**Geographic Risk:** Funds that are less diversified across countries or geographic regions are generally riskier than more geographically diversified funds. For example, a Fund that focuses on a single country (e.g., China or Japan), or a specific region (e.g., the Middle East or African countries) is more exposed to that country's or region's economic cycles, currency exchange rates, stock market valuations and political risks compared with a more geographically diversified fund. The economies and financial markets of certain regions, such as Latin America, Asia or Eastern Europe, can be interdependent and may decline all at the same time.

**Europe:** Developed and emerging market countries in Europe will be significantly affected by the fiscal and monetary controls of the European Monetary Union. Changes in regulations on trade, decreasing imports or exports, changes in the exchange rate of the euro and recessions among European countries may have a significant adverse effect on the economies of other European countries including those of Eastern Europe. The markets in Eastern Europe remain relatively undeveloped and can be particularly sensitive to political and economic developments.

**Emerging Markets Risk:** Investment in emerging markets subjects the Fund to a greater risk of loss than investments in a developed market. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, high levels of inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, greater risk of market shutdown, and more governmental limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. There is also the potential for unfavorable actions including expropriation, nationalization, embargo, and acts of war. In addition, the financial stability of issuers (including governments) in emerging market countries may be more precarious than in other countries. As a result, there will tend to be an increased risk of price volatility associated with investments in issuers domiciled in emerging market countries, which may be magnified by currency fluctuations relative to the U.S. dollar. Settlement practices for transactions in foreign markets may differ from those in U.S. markets. Such differences include delays beyond periods customary in the U.S. and practices, such as delivery of securities prior to receipt of payment, which increase the likelihood of a "failed settlement." Failed settlements could result in losses to the Fund. For these and other reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

**High Yield Securities Risk:** Securities rated below investment grade, commonly referred to as "junk bonds," include bonds that are rated Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC, respectively, or unrated securities considered to be of equivalent quality by the Sub-Adviser, and may involve greater risks than securities in higher rating categories. Such bonds are regarded as speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated debt securities. They are usually issued by entities without long track records of sales and earnings, or by entities with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these "junk bonds" may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities without taking a discount, which could be significant. High yield securities also may present greater credit risk because such securities may be issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or may not be current in the payment of interest or principal or in default.



**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Financial Sector Risk:** Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financial sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The Fund has not yet completed a full calendar year of investment operations. Once the Fund has completed a full calendar year of operations, a bar chart and table will be included that will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the variability of the Fund's returns based on net assets and comparing the Fund's performance to the Index. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the "Adviser" or "SSgA FM") serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. SSgA LTD, an affiliate of the Adviser, serves as sub-adviser to the Fund, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Fund's Board of Trustees. To the extent that a reference in this Prospectus refers to the "Adviser," such reference should also be read to refer to SSgA LTD with respect to the Fund where the context requires.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Michael Brunell, Stephen Yeats and Kyle Kelly.

Michael Brunell, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager of the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 1997.

Stephen Yeats is the EMEA Head of Fixed Income Beta at SSgA LTD. He joined SSgA LTD in February 2007.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.



**PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Short Term High Yield Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Short Term High Yield Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. high yield short term corporate bond market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.40%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.40%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$41	\$128	\$224	\$505

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 44% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays US High Yield 350mn Cash Pay 0-5 Yr 2% Capped Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days’ notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of short-term publicly issued U.S. dollar-denominated high yield corporate bonds. High yield securities are generally rated below investment-grade and are commonly referred to as “junk” bonds. The Index includes publicly issued U.S. dollar denominated, non-investment-grade, fixed rate, taxable corporate bonds that have a remaining maturity of less than 5 years regardless of optionality, are rated between Caa3/CCC-/CCC- and Ba1/BB+/BB+ using the middle rating of Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., Fitch, Inc., or Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC, respectively, and have at least a \$350 million outstanding par value. The Index includes only corporate sectors. The corporate sectors are Industrial, Utility and Financial Institutions. Excluded from the Index are non-corporate bonds, structured notes with embedded swaps or other special features, bonds with equity-type features (e.g., warrants, convertibility), floating-rate securities and securities that move from fixed to floating-rate, Emerging Market Bonds, defaulted bonds, original issue zero coupon bonds, private placements and payment in kind securities. The Index is issuer-capped and the securities in the Index are updated on the index rebalancing date. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 515 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 2.40 years.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the “Index Provider”) which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

### **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund’s Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund’s return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund’s return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**High Yield Securities Risk:** Securities rated below investment grade, commonly referred to as “junk bonds,” include bonds that are rated Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC, respectively, or unrated securities considered to be of equivalent quality by the Adviser, and may involve greater risks than securities in higher rating categories. Such bonds are regarded as speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated debt securities. They are usually issued by entities without long track records of sales and earnings, or by entities with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these “junk bonds” may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities without taking a discount, which could be significant. High yield securities also may present greater credit risk because such securities may be issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or may not be current in the payment of interest or principal or in default.

**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because

companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Utilities Sector Risk:** Traditional regulated utility companies are affected by supply and demand, operating costs, government regulation, environmental factors, liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities, and rate caps or rate changes. Although rate changes of a utility usually fluctuate in approximate correlation with financing costs due to political and regulatory factors, rate changes ordinarily occur only following a delay after the changes in financing costs. This factor will tend to favorably affect a regulated utility company's earnings and dividends in times of decreasing costs, but conversely, will tend to adversely affect earnings and dividends when costs are rising. The value of regulated utility debt securities (and, to a lesser extent, equity securities) tends to have an inverse relationship to the movement of interest rates. Certain utility companies have experienced full or partial deregulation in recent years. These utility companies are frequently more similar to industrial companies in that they are subject to greater competition and have been permitted by regulators to diversify outside of their original geographic regions and their traditional lines of business. These opportunities may permit certain utility companies to earn more than their traditional regulated rates of return. Some companies, however, may be forced to defend their core business and may be less profitable. In addition, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, government intervention or other factors may render a utility company's equipment unusable or obsolete and negatively impact profitability.

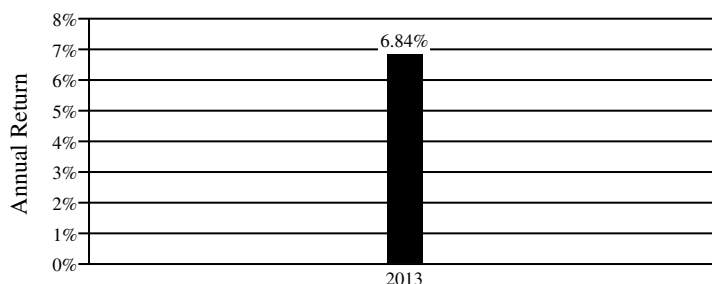
Among the risks that may affect utility companies are the following: risks of increases in fuel and other operating costs; the high cost of borrowing to finance capital construction during inflationary periods; restrictions on operations and increased costs and delays associated with compliance with environmental and nuclear safety regulations; and the difficulties involved in obtaining natural gas for resale or fuel for generating electricity at reasonable prices. Other risks include those related to the construction and operation of nuclear power plants; the effects of energy conservation and the effects of regulatory changes.

**Financial Sector Risk:** Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Certain events in the financial sector may cause an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign, and cause certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Securities of financial services companies may experience a dramatic decline in value when such companies experience substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, take action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or cease operations. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*

Highest Quarterly Return: 2.67% (Q3, 2013)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -0.97% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 0.69%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (3/14/12)
Return Before Taxes	6.84%	7.33%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.38%	4.92%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	3.83%	4.61%
Barclays US High Yield 350MN Cash Pay 0-5YR 2% Capped Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	7.74%	8.77%

**PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT****INVESTMENT ADVISER**

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

**PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Michael Brunell and Kyle Kelly.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Michael Brunell, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager of the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 1997.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

**PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# SPDR<sup>®</sup> Barclays Investment Grade Floating Rate ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR Barclays Investment Grade Floating Rate ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the market for U.S. dollar-denominated, investment grade floating rate notes with maturities greater than or equal to one month and less than five years.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.15%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.15%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$15	\$48	\$85	\$192

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 12% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the Barclays U.S. Dollar Floating Rate Note < 5 Years Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated, investment grade floating rate notes. Securities in the Index must have a remaining maturity of greater than or equal to one month and less than five years, and have \$300 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, securities in the Index must be rated investment grade (Baa3, BBB- or BBB- by Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC or Fitch Inc., respectively). The Index consists of debt instruments that pay a variable coupon rate, a majority of which are based on the 3-month LIBOR, with a fixed spread. The Index may include U.S. registered, dollar denominated bonds of non-U.S. corporations, governments and supranational entities. Excluded from the Index are fixed rate bullet bonds, fixed-rate puttable and fixed-rate callable bonds, fixed rate and fixed to floating capital securities, bonds with equity-linked features (e.g. warrants and convertibles), inflation linked bonds and securitized bonds. The Index is market capitalization weighted and the securities in the Index are updated on the last calendar day of each month. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 453 securities in the Index, the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 0.13 years and the average credit quality of the securities in the Index was AA3/A1.

The Index is sponsored by Barclays, Inc. (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**Floating Rate Notes Investing Risk:** Floating rate notes protect investors against a rise in interest rates, but also carry lower yields than fixed notes of the same maturity. The interest rate for a floating rate note resets or adjusts periodically (normally on a daily, monthly, quarterly or semiannual basis by reference to a base lending rate (such as LIBOR). Because rates on floating rate notes reset only periodically, changes in prevailing interest rates (particularly sudden and significant changes) can be expected to cause fluctuations in net asset value. Floating rate notes generally are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale, may trade infrequently, and their value may be impaired when the Fund needs to liquidate such loans.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls;

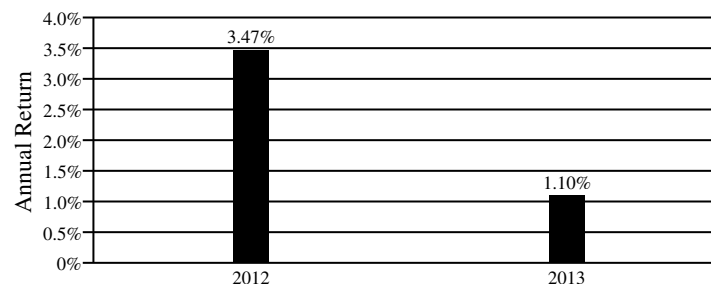
different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

### ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 1.85% (Q1, 2012)

Lowest Quarterly Return: 0.09% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 0.61%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (11/30/11)
Return Before Taxes	1.10%	2.10%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	0.78%	1.65%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.62%	1.43%
Barclays U.S. Dollar Floating Rate Note < 5 Years Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	1.14%	2.39%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Thomas Connelley, Christopher DiStefano and Kyle Kelly.

Thomas Connelley, CFA, is a Vice President of SSgA FM and Senior Portfolio Manager for the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2003.

Christopher DiStefano is a Portfolio Manager within SSgA’s Fixed Income, Currency, and Cash Investments team. He joined SSgA in 2010.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

**PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**TAX INFORMATION**

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

**PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF

**INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the emerging market senior and secured corporate debt market.

**FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND**

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.50%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

**EXAMPLE:**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$51	\$160	\$280	\$628

**PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 18% of the average value of its portfolio.

**THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

In seeking to track the performance of the BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Diversified Corporate Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors, SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (“SSgA FM” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund’s assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund’s assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide

shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated emerging markets corporate senior and secured debt publicly issued in the U.S. domestic and Eurobond markets. In order to qualify for inclusion in the Index an issuer must have primary risk exposure to a country other than a member of the FX G10, a Western European country, or a territory of the US or a Western European country. Individual securities of qualifying issuers must be denominated in US dollars, must be senior or secured debt, must have at least one year remaining term to final maturity, a fixed coupon, and at least \$500 million in outstanding face value. The Index includes corporate debt of issuers in qualifying countries, but excludes sovereign, quasi-government, securitized and collateralized debt. Original issue zero coupon bonds, 144A securities, both with and without registration rights, and pay-in-kind securities, including toggle notes, qualify for inclusion in the Index. Callable perpetual securities qualify provided they are at least one year from the first call date. Fixed-to-floating rate securities also qualify provided they are callable within the fixed rate period and are at least one year from the last call prior to the date the bond transitions from a fixed to a floating rate security. Securities rated Ca/CC or lower by any of the three rating agencies (i.e., Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), Fitch, Inc. ("Fitch"), or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC ("S&P")) and any defaulted securities, are excluded from the Index. Index constituents are capitalization-weighted based on their current amount outstanding times the market price plus accrued interest, subject to a 5% issuer cap. Issuers that exceed the limits are reduced to 5%, and the face value of each of their bonds is adjusted on a pro-rata basis. Similarly, the face values of bonds of all other issuers that fall below the cap are increased on a pro-rata basis. Accrued interest is calculated assuming next-day settlement. Cash flows from bond payments that are received during the month are retained in the Index until the end of the month and then are removed as part of the rebalancing. Cash does not earn any reinvestment income while it is held in the Index. The Index is rebalanced on the last calendar day of the month, based on information available up to and including the third business day before the last business day of the month. Issues that meet the qualifying criteria are included in the Index for the following month. Issues that no longer meet the criteria during the course of the month remain in the Index until the next month-end rebalancing at which point they are removed from the Index. Countries covered in the Index have historically included, among others, Brazil, Russia, Mexico, UAE, South Korea, Hong Kong, China, India, Qatar, Venezuela, Kazakhstan, Indonesia, Chile, Singapore, Malaysia, Israel, Columbia, Turkey, Jamaica, South Africa, Ukraine, Peru, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Barbados, Czech Republic, Mongolia, Nigeria, Poland, Argentina, Egypt, and Cyprus. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 673 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 5.74 years.

The Index is sponsored by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## **PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND**

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income



due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

**High Yield Securities Risk:** Securities rated below investment grade, commonly referred to as “junk bonds,” include bonds that are rated Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC, respectively, or unrated securities considered to be of equivalent quality by the Adviser, and may involve greater risks than securities in higher rating categories. Such bonds are regarded as speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated debt securities. They are usually issued by entities without long track records of sales and earnings, or by entities with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these “junk bonds” may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities without taking a discount, which could be significant. High yield securities also may present greater credit risk because such securities may be issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or may not be current in the payment of interest or principal or in default.

**Industrial Sector Risk:** Industrial companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrial sector products in general. Government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions, technological developments and liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Aerospace and defense companies, a component of the industrial sector, can be significantly affected by government spending policies because companies involved in this industry rely to a significant extent on U.S. and foreign government demand for their products and services. Thus, the financial condition of, and investor interest in, aerospace and defense companies are heavily influenced by governmental defense spending policies which are typically under pressure from efforts to control the U.S. (and other) government budgets. Transportation securities, a component of the industrial sector, are cyclical and have occasional sharp price movements which may result from changes in the economy, fuel prices, labor agreements and insurance costs.

**Energy Sector Risk:** Energy companies typically develop and produce crude oil and natural gas and provide drilling and other energy resources production and distribution related services. Securities prices for these types of companies are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for energy products in general. The price of oil and gas, exploration and production spending, government regulation, world events, exchange rates and economic conditions will likewise affect the performance of these companies. Correspondingly, securities of companies in the energy field are subject to swift price and supply fluctuations caused by events relating to international politics, energy conservation, the success of exploration projects, and tax and other governmental regulatory policies. Weak demand for energy companies’ products or services or for energy products and services in general, as well as negative developments in these other areas, would adversely impact performance of energy sector companies. Oil and gas exploration and production can be significantly affected by natural disasters as well as changes in exchange rates, interest rates, government regulation, world events and economic conditions. These companies may be at risk for environmental damage claims.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Russian Sanctions Risk:** Recent sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union and Canada, and other intergovernmental actions that may be undertaken in the future, against Russia, Russian entities or Russian individuals, may result in the devaluation of Russian currency, a downgrade in the country’s credit rating, and/or a decline in the value and liquidity of Russian securities, property or interests. The scope and scale of these sanctions may be expanded. These sanctions could impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in certain investment instruments. Sanctions could also result in

Russia taking counter measures or other actions, which may further impair the value and liquidity of Russian securities. These sanctions, and the continued disruption of the Russian economy, could have a negative effect on the performance of the Fund. Compliance with each of these sanctions may impair the ability of the Fund to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver or otherwise transact in the affected securities or other securities of such issuers. If it becomes impracticable or unlawful for the Fund to hold securities subject to, or otherwise affected by, sanctions, or if deemed appropriate by the Fund's investment adviser, the Fund may prohibit in-kind deposits of the affected securities in connection with creation transactions and instead require a cash deposit, which may also increase the Fund's transaction costs.

**Emerging Markets Risk:** Investment in emerging markets subjects the Fund to a greater risk of loss than investments in a developed market. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, high levels of inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, greater risk of market shutdown, and more governmental limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. There is also the potential for unfavorable actions including expropriation, nationalization, embargo, and acts of war. In addition, the financial stability of issuers (including governments) in emerging market countries may be more precarious than in other countries. As a result, there will tend to be an increased risk of price volatility associated with investments in issuers domiciled in emerging market countries, which may be magnified by currency fluctuations relative to the U.S. dollar. Settlement practices for transactions in foreign markets may differ from those in U.S. markets. Such differences include delays beyond periods customary in the U.S. and practices, such as delivery of securities prior to receipt of payment, which increase the likelihood of a "failed settlement." Failed settlements could result in losses to the Fund. For these and other reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

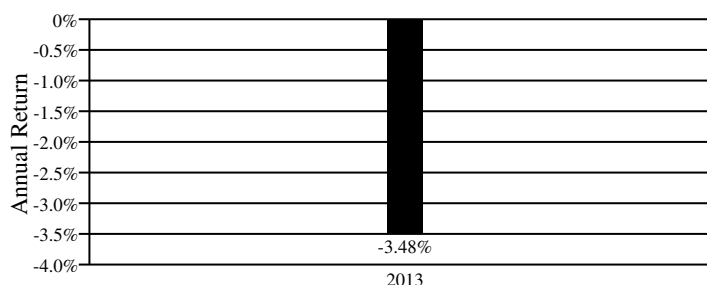
**Restricted Securities Risk:** Rule 144A securities are generally referred to as private placements or restricted securities. Limitations on the resale of these securities may have an adverse effect on their marketability, and may prevent the Fund from disposing of them promptly at reasonable prices. The Fund may have to bear the expense of registering the securities for resale and the risk of substantial delays in effecting the registration.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund's performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

### ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 1.43% (Q3, 2013)

Lowest Quarterly Return: -5.59% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund's Calendar Year-To-Date return was 5.81%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.

	One Year	Since Inception (6/18/12)
Return Before Taxes	-3.48%	3.05%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-5.71%	0.98%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-1.97%	1.48%
BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Diversified Corporate Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-2.50%	4.03%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Michael Brunell and Kyle Kelly.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Michael Brunell, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager of the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 1997.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

### PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# SPDR<sup>®</sup> BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of an index that tracks the U.S. crossover corporate bond market.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). This table and the Example below reflect the expenses of the Fund and do not reflect brokerage commissions you may pay on purchases and sales of the Fund’s Shares.

**ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

Management fees	0.40%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>1</sup>	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	0.40%
Less contractual fee waiver <sup>2</sup>	-0.10%
Net annual Fund operating expenses	0.30%

<sup>1</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which payments of up to 0.25% of average daily net assets may be made; however, the Fund’s Board of Trustees has determined that no such payments will be made through at least October 31, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> SSgA Funds Management, Inc. (the Adviser) has contractually agreed to waive its advisory fee and reimburse certain expenses, until October 31, 2015, so that the Net annual Fund operating expenses of the Fund will be limited to 0.30% of the Fund’s average daily net assets before application of any fees and expenses not paid by the Adviser under the Investment Advisory Agreement. Such fees and expenses paid by the Adviser are limited to certain direct operating expenses of the Fund and, therefore, do not include the Fund’s acquired fund fees and expenses, if any. The contractual fee waiver does not provide for the recoupment by the Adviser of any fees the Adviser previously waived. The Adviser may continue the waiver from year to year, but there is no guarantee that the Adviser will do so and after October 31, 2015, it may be cancelled or modified at any time.

## EXAMPLE:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, and then sell all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Year 1	Year 3	Year 5	Year 10
\$31	\$118	\$214	\$495

## PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 18% of the average value of its portfolio.

## THE FUND’S PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In seeking to track the performance of the BofA Merrill Lynch US Diversified Crossover Corporate Index (the “Index”), the Fund employs a sampling strategy, which means that the Fund is not required to purchase all of the securities represented in the Index. Instead, the Fund may purchase a subset of the securities in the Index in an effort to hold a portfolio of securities with generally the same risk and return characteristics of the Index. The quantity of holdings in the Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. Based on its analysis of these factors,

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser"), the investment adviser to the Fund, may invest the Fund's assets in a subset of securities in the Index or may invest the Fund's assets in substantially all of the securities represented in the Index in approximately the same proportions as the Index.

Under normal market conditions, the Fund generally invests substantially all, but at least 80%, of its total assets in the securities comprising the Index or in securities that the Adviser determines have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. In addition, the Fund may invest in debt securities that are not included in the Index, cash and cash equivalents or money market instruments, such as repurchase agreements and money market funds (including money market funds advised by the Adviser).

The Index is designed to measure the performance of US dollar denominated BBB and BB corporate debt publicly issued in the US domestic market. "Crossover" corporate debt generally means corporate debt rated at levels where the lower end of investment grade debt and the higher end of high yield debt meet. Qualifying securities must be rated BBB1 through BB3, inclusive (based on an average of Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), Fitch, Inc. ("Fitch"), or Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC ("S&P"). Qualifying corporate issuers must have a primary risk exposure to an FX G10 or Western European country, or a territory of the US or a Western European country. Individual securities of qualifying issuers must have a fixed coupon schedule and a minimum amount outstanding of \$250 million. Original issue zero coupon bonds, 144A securities, both with and without registration rights, and pay-in-kind securities, including toggle notes, qualify for inclusion. Callable perpetual securities qualify provided they are at least one year from the first call date. Fixed-to-floating rate securities also qualify provided they are callable within the fixed rate period and are at least one year from the last call prior to the date the bond transitions from a fixed to a floating rate security. Eurodollar securities (USD securities not issued in the US domestic market), Tier 1 subordinated debt, taxable and tax-exempt US municipal, warrant-bearing, DRD-eligible and defaulted securities are excluded from the Index. Qualifying constituents are segmented into two groups: those rated between BBB1 and BBB3, inclusive, and those rated between BB1 and BB3, inclusive. Within the two groups, constituents are capitalization-weighted. Each group is then assigned a 50% weight in the overall index; with a 2% cap on each issuer. Accrued interest is calculated assuming next-day settlement. Cash flows from bond payments that are received during the month are retained in the index until the end of the month and then are removed as part of the rebalancing. Cash does not earn any reinvestment income while it is held in the Index. The Index is rebalanced on the last calendar day of the month, based on information available up to and including the third business day before the last business day of the month. Issues that meet the qualifying criteria are included in the Index for the following month. Issues that no longer meet the criteria during the course of the month remain in the Index until the next month-end rebalancing at which point they are removed from the Index. As of September 30, 2014, there were approximately 3,771 securities in the Index and the modified adjusted duration of securities in the Index was approximately 5.78 years.

The Index is sponsored by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (the "Index Provider") which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. The Index Provider determines the composition of the Index, relative weightings of the securities in the Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Index.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

As with all investments, there are certain risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

**Passive Strategy/Index Risk:** The Fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively-managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the Fund may hold constituent securities of the Index regardless of the current or projected performance of a specific security or a particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.

**Index Tracking Risk:** While the Adviser seeks to track the performance of the Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, achieve a high degree of correlation with the Index), the Fund's return may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Index due to operating expenses, transaction costs, cash flows, regulatory requirements and operational inefficiencies. For example, the Adviser anticipates that it may take several business days for additions and deletions to the Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.



**High Yield Securities Risk:** Securities rated below investment grade, commonly referred to as “junk bonds,” include bonds that are rated Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Inc., or Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC, respectively, or unrated securities considered to be of equivalent quality by the Adviser, and may involve greater risks than securities in higher rating categories. Such bonds are regarded as speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated debt securities. They are usually issued by entities without long track records of sales and earnings, or by entities with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these “junk bonds” may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities without taking a discount, which could be significant. High yield securities also may present greater credit risk because such securities may be issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or may not be current in the payment of interest or principal or in default.

**Debt Securities Investing Risk:** The value of the debt securities may increase or decrease as a result of the following: market fluctuations, increases in interest rates, inability of issuers to repay principal and interest or illiquidity in debt securities markets; the risk of low rates of return due to reinvestment of securities during periods of falling interest rates or repayment by issuers with higher coupon or interest rates; and/or the risk of low income due to falling interest rates. To the extent that interest rates rise, certain underlying obligations may be paid off substantially slower than originally anticipated and the value of those securities may fall sharply. This may result in a reduction in income from debt securities income.

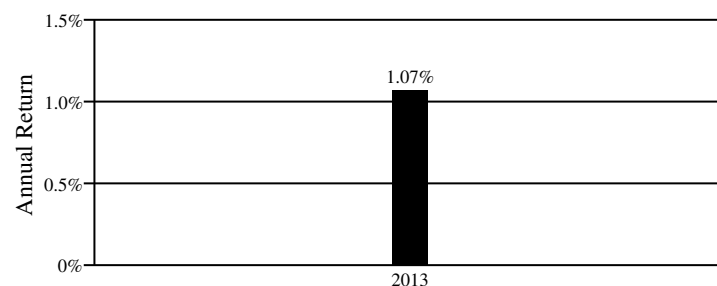
**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign investments involve certain risks that are greater than those associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Returns on investments in foreign securities could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in U.S. securities. Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the U.S. pose distinct risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Further, such entities and/or their securities may also be affected by currency controls; different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, and legal standards and practices; different practices for clearing and settling trades; expropriation; changes in tax policy; greater market volatility; differing securities market structures; higher transaction costs; and various administrative difficulties, such as delays in clearing and settling portfolio transactions or in receiving payment of dividends. Securities traded on foreign markets may be less liquid (harder to sell) than securities traded domestically. In addition, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing or emerging countries.

**Non-Diversified Investment Risk:** The Fund is non-diversified and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in securities of a few issuers or even a single issuer than that of a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund’s performance may be disproportionately impacted by the performance of relatively few securities.

## FUND PERFORMANCE

The following bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual returns for certain time periods compare with the average annual returns of the Index. The Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling 1-866-787-2257 or visiting our website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

**ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS** (years ended 12/31)\*



Highest Quarterly Return: 2.22% (Q4, 2013)  
 Lowest Quarterly Return: -3.06% (Q2, 2013)

\* As of September 30, 2014, the Fund’s Calendar Year-To-Date return was 5.11%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for periods ending 12/31/13)

The after-tax returns presented in the table below are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from those shown below. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The returns after taxes can exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit for a shareholder from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Fund Shares.



	One Year	Since Inception (6/18/12)
Return Before Taxes	1.07%	5.61%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-0.80%	3.81%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.59%	3.53%
BofA Merrill Lynch US Diversified Crossover Corporate Index (Index returns reflect no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	2.04%	5.90%

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

### INVESTMENT ADVISER

SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

### PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund are Patrick Bresnehan, Michael Brunell and Kyle Kelly.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the Adviser in 2010.

Michael Brunell, CFA, is a Vice President of the Adviser and a Senior Portfolio Manager of the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 1997.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of the Adviser and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Investments Team. He joined the Adviser in 2007.

### PURCHASE AND SALE INFORMATION

The Fund will issue (or redeem) Shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of 100,000 Shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically conducted in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a designated portfolio of in-kind securities and/or cash constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the securities included in the Fund's benchmark Index.

Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc., other national securities exchanges, electronic crossing networks and other alternative trading systems through your broker-dealer at market prices. Because Fund Shares trade at market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV"), Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

### TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are expected to be taxed as ordinary income and/or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account. Any withdrawals made from such tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

### PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for certain activities related to the Fund, including educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## ADDITIONAL STRATEGIES INFORMATION

### PRINCIPAL STRATEGIES

*General.* Please see each Fund's "The Fund's Principal Investment Strategy" section under "Fund Summaries" above for a complete discussion of each Fund's principal investment strategies. The Funds may invest in various types of securities and engage in various investment techniques which are not the principal focus of the Funds and therefore are not described in this Prospectus. These securities, techniques and practices, together with their risks, are described in the SAI which you may obtain free of charge by contacting shareholder services (See back cover for address and phone number).

SSgA Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM" or the "Adviser") seeks to track the performance of a Fund's Index as closely as possible (*i.e.*, obtain a high degree of correlation with the Index). A number of factors may affect a Fund's ability to achieve a high degree of correlation with its Index, and there can be no guarantee that a Fund will achieve a high degree of correlation.

The Adviser will utilize a sampling strategy in managing the Funds. Sampling means that the Adviser uses quantitative analysis to select securities, including securities in the Index, outside of the Index and derivatives that have a similar investment profile as the relevant Index in terms of key risk factors, performance attributes and other economic characteristics. These include industry weightings, market capitalization, and other financial characteristics of securities. The quantity of holdings in a Fund will be based on a number of factors, including asset size of the Fund. In addition, from time to time, securities are added to or removed from each Index. The Adviser may sell securities that are represented in an Index, or purchase securities that are not yet represented in an Index, in anticipation of their removal from or addition to an Index. Further, the Adviser may choose to overweight securities in an Index, purchase or sell securities not in an Index, or utilize various combinations of other available techniques, in seeking to track an Index.

Each Municipal Bond ETF has adopted a fundamental investment policy and certain of the other Funds, as described in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), have adopted a non-fundamental investment policy to invest at least 80% of their respective net assets in investments suggested by their respective names, measured at the time of investment. A Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to any material change in this 80% investment policy. For purposes of this policy, the term "assets" means net assets plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board") may change a Fund's investment strategy,

Index and other policies without shareholder approval, except as otherwise indicated in this Prospectus or in the SAI. Each Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' notice prior to changing its Index. The Board may also change a Fund's investment objective without shareholder approval.

### NON-PRINCIPAL STRATEGIES

*Certain Other Investments.* Each Fund may invest in convertible securities, variable rate demand notes (VRDNs), commercial paper, structured notes (notes on which the amount of principal repayment and interest payments are based on the movement of one or more specified factors such as the movement of a particular security or index), swaps and in options and futures contracts. Swaps, options and futures contracts, convertible securities and structured notes may be used by a Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to its Index and in managing cash flows.

*Temporary Defensive Positions.* In certain situations or market conditions, a Fund may temporarily depart from its normal investment policies and strategies, provided that the alternative is consistent with the Fund's investment objective and is in the best interest of the Fund. For example, a Fund may make larger than normal investments in derivatives to maintain exposure to its Index if it is unable to invest directly in a component security.

*Borrowing Money.* Each Fund may borrow money from a bank as permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act"), or other governing statute, by the Rules thereunder, or by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or other regulatory agency with authority over the Fund, but only for temporary or emergency purposes. Certain Funds may also invest in reverse repurchase agreements, which are considered borrowings under the 1940 Act. Although the 1940 Act presently allows a Fund to borrow from any bank (including pledging, mortgaging or hypothecating assets) in an amount up to 33 1/3% of its total assets (not including temporary borrowings not in excess of 5% of its total assets), and there is no limit on the percentage of Fund assets that can be used in connection with reverse repurchase agreements, under normal circumstances any borrowings by a Fund will not exceed 10% of the Fund's total assets.

*Lending of Securities.* Each Fund may lend its portfolio securities in an amount not to exceed one third (33-1/3%) of the value of its total assets via a securities lending program through its securities lending agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street" or the "Lending Agent"), to brokers, dealers and other financial institutions desiring to borrow securities to complete transactions and for other purposes. A securities lending program allows a Fund to receive a portion of the income generated by lending its securities and investing the respective collateral. A Fund will

receive collateral for each loaned security which is at least equal to the market value of that security, marked to market each trading day. In the securities lending program, the borrower generally has the right to vote the loaned securities, however a Fund may call loans to vote proxies if a material issue affecting the Fund's economic interest in the investment is to be voted upon. Security loans may be terminated at any time by a Fund.

## ADDITIONAL RISK INFORMATION

The following section provides additional information regarding certain of the principal risks identified under "Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund" along with additional risk information. Risk information is applicable to all Funds unless otherwise noted.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS

**Market Risk:** An investment in a Fund involves risks similar to those of investing in any fund, such as market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic and political developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in security prices. The values of securities could decline generally or could underperform other investments. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of out-performance and under-performance in comparison to the general securities markets. In addition, securities may decline in value due to factors affecting a specific issuer, market or securities markets generally.

**Interest Rate Risk:** Interest rate risk is the risk that the securities held by a Fund will decline in value because of increases in market interest rates. Debt securities with longer durations tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates, usually making them more volatile than debt securities with shorter durations.

**Issuer Risk:** There may be economic or political changes that impact the ability of issuers to repay principal and to make interest payments on securities. Changes to the financial condition or credit rating of issuers may also adversely affect the value of the Fund's securities.

**Credit Risk:** The Fund could lose money if the issuer of a debt security is unable to meet its principal obligations in a timely manner, or if negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments cause the price of the bond to decline. Additionally, with respect to the SPDR Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF, there is a risk that the Remarketing Agent will be unable to purchase the VRDO securities in which the Fund invests at their par value, pursuant to their bondholder put provision. Funds that invest primarily in bonds issued by U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities will be subject to less credit risk than funds that invest in other debt obligations.

**Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity risk exists when particular investments are difficult to purchase or sell. If a Fund invests in illiquid securities or securities that become

illiquid, it may reduce the returns of the Fund because the Fund may be unable to sell the illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price. Additionally, the market for certain investments may become illiquid under adverse market or economic conditions independent of any specific adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer. In such cases, a Fund, due to limitations on investments in illiquid securities and/or the difficulty in purchasing and selling such investments, may be unable to achieve its desired level of exposure to a certain market or sector and the Fund may not achieve a high degree of correlation with its Index. Furthermore, if a Fund's principal investment strategies involve investing in municipal securities or high yield securities, the Fund's portfolio may have greater exposure to liquidity risk since the markets for such securities may be less liquid than the traditional bond markets. There may also be less information available on the financial condition of issuers of these types of securities than for public corporations. This means that it may be harder to buy and sell such securities, especially on short notice, and these securities may be more difficult for a Fund to value accurately than securities of public corporations.

**Reinvestment Risk:** The Fund's performance may be adversely impacted when interest rates fall because the Fund must invest in lower-yielding bonds as bonds in its portfolio mature. This risk is typically greater with respect to short-term bond funds and lower for long-term bond funds.

**Call Risk:** The Fund may invest in callable bonds, and such issuers may "call" or repay securities with higher coupon or interest rates before the security's maturity date. If interest rates are falling, the Fund may have to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the Fund's income.

**Income Risk:** The Fund's income may decline due to falling interest rates. During a period of falling interest rates, income risk is generally higher for short term bond funds, moderate for intermediate term bond funds and low for long term bond funds. Therefore, investors should expect a Fund's monthly income to fluctuate accordingly.

**Foreign Issuer Risk** (SPDR Barclays Short Term Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Long Term Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Investment Grade Floating Rate ETF, SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF and SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF only):

Returns on investments in securities of foreign issuers could be more volatile than, or trail the returns on, investments in securities of U.S. issuers.

*Foreign Securities Involve Special Risks and Costs:*

Investment in foreign securities may involve higher costs than investment in U.S. securities, including higher transaction and custody costs as well as the imposition of additional taxes by foreign governments. Foreign investments may also experience more rapid and extreme changes in value than investments in securities of U.S. companies and involve additional risks associated with the level of currency exchange rates, less complete financial information about the issuers, less market liquidity, more market volatility and political instability. Future political and economic developments, the possible imposition of withholding taxes on income, the possible seizure or nationalization of foreign holdings, the possible establishment of exchange controls or freezes on the convertibility of currency, or the adoption of other governmental restrictions might adversely affect an investment in foreign securities, such as restrictions on the ability of issuers of non-U.S. securities to make payments of principal and interest to investors located outside the country, whether from currency blockage or otherwise. Additionally, foreign issuers may be subject to less stringent regulation, and to different accounting, auditing and recordkeeping requirements.

*Currency Risk.* Investments in securities of foreign issuers are generally denominated in a foreign currency. As a result, changes in the value of those currencies compared to the U.S. dollar may affect (positively or negatively) the value of a Fund's investments. These currency movements may occur separately from, and in response to, events that do not otherwise affect the value of the security in the issuer's home country. The value of a Fund's holdings may be influenced by currency exchange rates and exchange control regulations. The currencies of emerging market countries may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar, and devaluation may occur subsequent to investments in these currencies by a Fund.

*Political and Economic Risk.* Foreign securities are subject to foreign political and economic risk not associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers, meaning that political events (civil unrest, national elections, changes in political conditions and foreign relations, imposition of exchange controls and repatriation restrictions), social and economic events (labor strikes, rising inflation) and natural disasters occurring in a foreign country could cause foreign securities to experience gains or losses. In addition, a Fund may be unable to enforce its ownership rights or pursue legal remedies in countries where it invests.

*Foreign Market and Trading Risk.* The trading markets for many foreign securities are not as active as U.S. markets and may have less governmental regulation and oversight. Foreign markets also may have clearance and settlement procedures that make it difficult for a Fund to buy and sell securities. These factors could result in a loss to a Fund by causing the Fund to be unable to dispose of an investment or to miss an attractive investment opportunity, or by causing Fund assets to be uninvested for some period of time.

*Emerging Markets Risk.* (SPDR DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF and SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF only): Some foreign markets in which the Funds may invest are considered to be emerging markets. Investment in these emerging markets subjects the Funds to a greater risk of loss than investments in a developed market. This is due to, among other things, greater market volatility, lower trading volume, political and economic instability, high levels of inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, greater risk of market shut down, and more governmental limitations on foreign investment policy than those typically found in a developed market. These economies are less developed and can be overly reliant on particular industries and more vulnerable to changes in international trade, trade barriers and other protectionist or retaliatory measures. High levels of debt tend to make emerging economies heavily reliant on foreign capital and vulnerable to capital flight and the volatility of emerging markets may be heightened by the actions of a few major investors. Some governments exercise substantial influence over the private economic sector and the social and political uncertainties that exist for many developing countries is significant. In adverse social and political circumstances, governments have been involved in acts of war, policies of expropriation, confiscatory taxation, nationalism, intervention in the securities markets and trade settlement, and imposition of foreign investment restrictions and exchange controls, and these could be repeated in the future. In certain emerging markets, investments may be subject to heightened risks with regard to ownership and custody of securities. For example, security ownership may be evidenced by entries in the books of a company or its registrar, which may not be independent of the issuer, instead of through a central registration system and without effective government supervision. Particularly with respect to the Funds' investment in actual foreign securities, the possibility of fraud, negligence, undue influence



being exerted by the issuer or refusal to recognize ownership exists could, along with other factors, result in the registration of the Funds' shareholding being completely lost and cause the Fund to suffer an investment loss. For these and other reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

*Mortgage Pass-Through Securities Risk.* (SPDR Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF AND SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF only): Most transactions in mortgage pass-through securities occur through standardized contracts for future delivery in which the exact mortgage pools to be delivered are not specified until a few days prior to settlement, referred to as a "to-be-announced transaction" or "TBA Transaction." In a TBA Transaction, the buyer and seller agree upon general trade parameters such as agency, settlement date, par amount and price. Default by or bankruptcy of a counterparty to a TBA Transaction would expose the Funds to possible losses because of an adverse market action, expenses or delays in connection with the purchase or sale of the pools of mortgage pass-through securities specified in the TBA Transaction. To minimize this risk, the Funds will enter into TBA Transactions only with established counterparties (such as major broker-dealers) and the Adviser will monitor the creditworthiness of such counterparties. In addition, the Funds may accept assignments of TBA Transactions from Authorized Participants (herein defined) from time to time. The Funds' use of "TBA rolls" may cause the Funds to experience higher portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs and to pay higher capital gain distributions to shareholders (which may be taxable) than typical ETFs. The Funds expect to enter into such contracts on a regular basis. A Fund, pending settlement of such contracts, will invest its assets in high-quality, liquid short term instruments, including shares of affiliated money market funds.

*U.S. Government Agency Securities Risk.* (SPDR Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF AND SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF only): Treasury securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government as to the timely payment of principal and interest. Securities issued by U.S. government agencies or government-sponsored entities may not be guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), a wholly owned U.S. government corporation, is authorized to guarantee, with the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, the timely payment of principal and interest on securities issued by institutions approved by GNMA and backed by pools of mortgages insured by the Federal Housing Administration or the Department of Veterans Affairs. The Funds may also invest in obligations issued by other entities such as Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA") and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"), which are supported solely by

the credit of the agency or instrumentality itself, and are neither guaranteed nor insured by the U.S. government. FHLMC and FNMA have each been placed into conservatorship by the U.S. government under the authority of the Federal Housing Finance Agency with a stated purpose to preserve and conserve each entity's assets and property, and to put each entity in a sound and solvent condition. No assurance can be given that these purposes will be met or that the U.S. government will provide adequate, or any, financial support to these and other agencies if needed. If a government-sponsored entity is unable to meet its obligations, the performance of a Fund will be adversely impacted.

*Investments in California State Municipal Securities* (SPDR Nuveen Barclays California Municipal Bond ETF and SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF only): Recent economic events in California have caused deterioration in the State's economic base and have led to a severe financial crisis. As a result, California is currently suffering in an economic recession that has had a profound, negative impact on state and local government revenues and caused severe cash shortage due to recent market conditions. The California economy faces falling home prices, worsening credit availability, shrinking equity values, reduction of consumer confidence and spending and loss of jobs. California's current economic problems increase the risk of investing in bonds issued by the State and its political subdivisions, agencies, instrumentalities and authorities.

#### **NON-PRINCIPAL RISKS**

*Trading Issues.* Although Shares are listed for trading on NYSE Arca, Inc. (the "Exchange") and may be listed or traded on U.S. and non-U.S. stock exchanges other than the Exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such Shares will develop or be maintained. Trading in Shares on the Exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on the Exchange is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to Exchange "circuit breaker" rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of a Fund will continue to be met or will remain unchanged or that the Shares will trade with any volume, or at all, on any stock exchange.

*Fluctuation of Net Asset Value, Share Premiums and Discounts.* The net asset value of the Shares will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of a Fund's securities holdings. The market prices of Shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in a Fund's net asset value and supply and demand of Shares on the Exchange. It cannot be predicted whether Shares will trade below, at or above their net asset value. Price differences may be due, in large part, to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for Shares will be closely

related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the securities of an Index trading individually or in the aggregate at any point in time. The market prices of Shares may deviate significantly from the net asset value of the Shares during periods of market volatility. However, given that Shares can be created and redeemed in Creation Units (unlike shares of many closed-end funds, which frequently trade at appreciable discounts from, and sometimes at premiums to, their net asset value), the Adviser (and Sub-Adviser, as applicable) believes that large discounts or premiums to the net asset value of Shares should not be sustained over long periods. While the creation/redemption feature is designed to make it likely that Shares normally will trade close to a Fund's net asset value, disruptions to creations and redemptions or market volatility may result in trading prices that differ significantly from such Fund's net asset value. If an investor purchases Shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the net asset value of the Shares or sells at a time when the market price is at a discount to the net asset value of the Shares, then the investor may sustain losses.

*Costs of Buying and Selling Shares.* Investors buying or selling Shares in the secondary market will pay brokerage commissions or other charges imposed by brokers, as determined by that broker. Brokerage commissions are often a fixed amount and may be a significant proportional cost for investors seeking to buy or sell relatively small amounts of Shares. In addition, secondary market investors will also incur the cost of the difference between the price that an investor is willing to pay for Shares (the "bid" price) and the price at which an investor is willing to sell Shares (the "ask" price). This difference in bid and ask prices is often referred to as the "spread" or "bid/ask spread." The bid/ask spread varies over time for Shares based on trading volume and market liquidity, and is generally lower if a Fund's Shares have more trading volume and market liquidity and higher if a Fund's Shares have little trading volume and market liquidity. Further, increased market volatility may cause increased bid/ask spreads. Due to the costs of buying or selling Shares, including bid/ask spreads, frequent trading of Shares may significantly reduce investment results and an investment in Shares may not be advisable for investors who anticipate regularly making small investments.

*Lending of Securities.* Although the Funds are indemnified by the Lending Agent for losses incurred in connection with a borrower's default with respect to a loan, the Funds bear the risk of loss of investing cash collateral and may be required to make payments to a borrower upon return of loaned securities if invested collateral has declined in value. Furthermore, because of the risks in delay of recovery, a Fund may lose the

opportunity to sell the securities at a desirable price, and the Fund will generally not have the right to vote securities while they are being loaned.

*Concentration.* A Fund's assets will generally be concentrated in an industry or group of industries to the extent that the Fund's underlying Index concentrates in a particular industry or group of industries. By concentrating its assets in a single industry or group of industries, a Fund is subject to the risk that economic, political or other conditions that have a negative effect on that industry or group of industries will negatively impact the Fund to a greater extent than if the Fund's assets were invested in a wider variety of industries.

*Money Market Fund Investments:* Although money market funds generally seek to preserve the value of their shares at \$1.00 per share, it is possible that a Fund could lose money by investing in a money market fund. Investments in money market funds have traditionally not been and currently are not federally insured.

*Derivatives.* A derivative is a financial contract the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of a financial asset (such as stock, bond or currency), a physical asset (such as gold) or a market index (such as the S&P 500 Index). Each Fund may invest in futures contracts and other derivatives. Compared to conventional securities, derivatives can be more sensitive to changes in interest rates or to sudden fluctuations in market prices and thus a Fund's losses may be greater if it invests in derivatives than if it invests only in conventional securities. Derivatives are also subject to credit risk because a Fund could lose money when a contracting party is unable to meet its contractual obligations in a timely manner or negative perceptions of a contracting party's ability to meet its obligations cause the derivative to decline in value.

*Continuous Offering.* The method by which Creation Units are purchased and traded may raise certain issues under applicable securities laws. Because new Creation Units are issued and sold by each Fund on an ongoing basis, at any point a "distribution," as such term is used in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"), may occur.

Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some activities on their part may, depending on the circumstances, result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner which could render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the Securities Act.

For example, a broker-dealer firm or its client may be deemed a statutory underwriter if it takes Creation Units after placing an order with the principal underwriter, breaks them down into individual Shares, and sells such Shares directly to customers, or if it chooses to couple the creation of a supply of new Shares with an active



selling effort involving solicitation of secondary market demand for Shares. A determination of whether one is an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act must take into account all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the broker-dealer or its client in the particular case, and the examples mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that could lead to categorization as an underwriter.

Broker-dealer firms should also note that dealers who are not “underwriters” but are effecting transactions in Shares, whether or not participating in the distribution of Shares, are generally required to deliver a prospectus or summary prospectus. This is because the prospectus delivery exemption in Section 4(3) of the Securities Act is not available with respect to such transactions as a result of Section 24(d) of the 1940 Act.

## MANAGEMENT

*Adviser.* SSgA FM serves as the investment adviser to each Fund and, subject to the supervision of the Board, is responsible for the investment management of the Funds. The Adviser provides an investment management program for each Fund and manages the investment of the Fund's assets. The Adviser and other affiliates of State Street Corporation make up State Street Global Advisors ("SSgA"), the investment management arm of State Street Corporation. As of June 30, 2014, the Adviser managed approximately \$371.78 billion in assets and SSgA managed approximately \$2.48 trillion in assets. The Adviser's principal business address is State Street Financial Center, One Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02111.

For the services provided to each Fund under the Investment Advisory Agreement, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, each Fund paid the Adviser the annual fees based on a percentage of each Fund's average daily net assets as set forth below:

SPDR Barclays 1-3 Month T-Bill ETF . . . . .	0.1345%
SPDR Barclays TIPS ETF . . . . .	0.1845%
SPDR Barclays 0-5 Year TIPS ETF . . . . .	0.1500%
SPDR Barclays 1-10 Year TIPS ETF . . . . .	0.1500%
SPDR Barclays Short Term Treasury ETF . . . . .	0.1200%
SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Treasury ETF . . . . .	0.1345%
SPDR Barclays Long Term Treasury ETF . . . . .	0.1345%
SPDR Barclays Short Term Corporate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.1245%
SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Corporate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.1500%
SPDR Barclays Long Term Corporate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.1500%
SPDR Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.1600%
SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF . . . . .	0.4000%
SPDR Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF . . . . .	0.2000%
SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.1845%(1)
SPDR Nuveen Barclays Municipal Bond ETF . . . . .	0.3000%(1)
SPDR Nuveen Barclays California Municipal Bond ETF . . . . .	0.2000%
SPDR Nuveen Barclays New York Municipal Bond ETF . . . . .	0.2000%
SPDR Nuveen Barclays Short Term Municipal Bond ETF . . . . .	0.2000%
SPDR Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF . . . . .	0.2000%
SPDR Nuveen S&P High Yield Municipal Bond ETF . . . . .	0.5000%(1)
SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF . . . . .	0.3500%
SPDR DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF . . . . .	0.5000%
SPDR Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF . . . . .	0.3500%
SPDR Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF . . . . .	0.5000%
SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.5500%
SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF . . . . .	0.5000%
SPDR Barclays High Yield Bond ETF . . . . .	0.4000%
SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF . . . . .	0.4000%
SPDR Barclays Short Term High Yield Bond ETF . . . . .	0.4000%
SPDR Barclays Investment Grade Floating Rate ETF . . . . .	0.1500%
SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.5000%
SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF . . . . .	0.4000%(2)

- (1) The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive its advisory fee and reimburse certain expenses, until October 31, 2015, so that the Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF, SPDR Nuveen Barclays Municipal Bond ETF and SPDR Nuveen S&P High Yield Municipal Bond ETF are limited to 0.1345%, 0.2300% and 0.4500%, respectively, of the applicable Fund's average daily net assets before application of any extraordinary expenses or acquired fund fees and expenses. The Adviser may continue each waiver from year to year, but there is no guarantee that the Adviser will do so and after October 31, 2015, any or all waivers may be cancelled or modified at any time.
- (2) The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive its advisory fee and reimburse certain expenses, until October 31, 2015, so that the Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF is limited to 0.30% of the Fund's average daily net assets before application of any fees and expenses not paid by the Adviser under the Investment Advisory Agreement. Such fees and expenses paid by the Adviser are limited to certain direct operating expenses of the Fund and, therefore, do not include the Fund's acquired fund fees and expenses, if any. The contractual fee waiver does not provide for the recoupment by the Adviser of any fees the Adviser previously waived. The Adviser may continue the waiver after the period, but there is no guarantee that the Adviser will do so and after October 31, 2015, it may be cancelled or modified at any time.

From time to time, the Adviser may waive all or a portion of its fee, although it does not currently intend to do so. The Adviser pays all expenses of each Fund other than the management fee, distribution fee pursuant to each Fund's Distribution and Service Plan, if any, brokerage expenses, taxes, interest, fees and expenses of the Independent Trustees (including any Trustee's counsel fees), litigation expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses and other extraordinary expenses.

*Investment Sub-Advisers.* Pursuant to the Advisory Agreement between the Funds and the Adviser, the Adviser is authorized to engage one or more sub-advisers for the performance of any of the services contemplated to be rendered by the Adviser. The Adviser has retained Nuveen Asset Management, LLC ("Nuveen Asset Management") as sub-adviser, to be responsible for the day-to-day management of the Municipal Bond ETFs' and the SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF's investments, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Board. The Adviser provides administrative, compliance and general management services to the SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF and the Municipal Bond ETFs. Nuveen Asset Management is a subsidiary of Nuveen Fund Advisors, Inc., which is a subsidiary of Nuveen Investments, Inc. ("Nuveen Investments"). On November 13, 2007, Nuveen Investments was acquired by investors led by Madison Dearborn Partners, LLC, which is a private equity investment firm based in Chicago, Illinois. Nuveen Asset Management offers advisory and investment management services to a broad range of mutual fund clients and has extensive experience in managing municipal securities. As of June 30, 2014, Nuveen Asset

Management managed approximately \$127.6 billion in assets. Nuveen Asset Management's principal business address is 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

In accordance with the Sub-Advisory Agreement between the Adviser and Nuveen Asset Management, the Adviser pays Nuveen Asset Management 45% of the advisory fee paid by the SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF and the Municipal Bond ETFs to the Adviser (after deducting payments to service providers and expenses). The SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF and the Municipal Bond ETFs are not responsible for the fees paid to Nuveen Asset Management.

The Adviser has retained SSgA LTD, as sub-adviser, to be responsible for the day to day management of the SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF and SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF's investments, subject to supervision by the Adviser and the Board. The Adviser will provide administrative, compliance and general management services to each of the SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF and SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF. SSgA LTD has been operating since 1990 with experience in managing indexed fixed income portfolios. As of June 30, 2014, SSgA LTD managed approximately \$356.50 billion in assets. SSgA LTD's principal business address is 20 Churchill Place, Canary Wharf, London, United Kingdom E14 5HJ.

In accordance with the Sub-Advisory Agreement between the Adviser and SSgA LTD, the Adviser pays SSgA LTD 40% of the advisory fee paid by each of the SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF and SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF to the Adviser (after deducting payments to the fund service providers and fund expenses). The SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF and SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF are not responsible for the fees paid to SSgA LTD.

A discussion regarding the Board's consideration of the Investment Advisory Agreement is provided in the Trust's Semi-Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended December 31, 2013 and, with respect to any Fund that commenced operations after December 31, 2013, such discussion is provided in the Trust's Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended June 30, 2014.

The Adviser may hire one or more sub-advisers to oversee the day-to-day investment activities of the Funds. The sub-advisers are subject to oversight by the Adviser. The Adviser and SPDR Series Trust (the "Trust") have received an exemptive order from the SEC that permits the Adviser, with the approval of the Independent Trustees of the Trust, to retain and amend existing sub-advisory agreements with unaffiliated investment sub-advisers for a Fund without submitting

the sub-advisory agreement to a vote of the Fund's shareholders. The Trust will notify shareholders in the event of any change in the identity of such sub-adviser or sub-advisers. The Adviser has ultimate responsibility for the investment performance of the Funds due to its responsibility to oversee each sub-adviser and recommend their hiring, termination and replacement. The Adviser is not required to disclose fees paid to any sub-adviser retained pursuant to the order. Except with respect to the SPDR Barclays 1-10 Year TIPS ETF, SPDR Barclays 0-5 Year TIPS ETF, SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF, SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF and SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF, approval by the Fund's shareholders is required before any authority granted under the exemptive order may be exercised.

### *Portfolio Managers.*

The Adviser and Sub-Advisers manage the Funds using a team of investment professionals. The team approach is used to create an environment that encourages the flow of investment ideas. The portfolio managers within each team work together in a cohesive manner to develop and enhance techniques that drive the investment process for the respective investment strategy. This approach requires portfolio managers to share a variety of responsibilities including investment strategy and analysis while retaining responsibility for the implementation of the strategy within any particular portfolio. The approach also enables the team to draw upon the resources of other groups. Each portfolio management team is overseen by the SSgA Investment Committee.

The professionals primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of each Fund and each Portfolio are:

Portfolio Managers	Fund
Todd Bean, Steve Meier and Jeff St. Peters...	SPDR Barclays 1-3 Month T-Bill ETF
Peter Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Cynthia Moy .....	SPDR Barclays TIPS ETF, SPDR Barclays 1-10 Year TIPS ETF, SPDR DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays 0-5 Year TIPS ETF
Patrick Bresnehan, Kyle Kelly and Christopher DiStefano .....	SPDR Barclays Short Term Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Long Term Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Bond ETF
Mahesh Jayakumar, Joanna Mauro and Karen Tsang .....	SPDR Barclays Short Term Treasury ETF, SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Treasury ETF, SPDR Barclays Long Term Treasury ETF, SPDR Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF
Marc DiCosimo, Karen Tsang and Michael Przygoda .....	SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF
Peter Breault, Marc DiCosimo and Michael Przygoda .....	SPDR Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF
Peter Breault, Mahesh Jayakumar and Joanna Mauro .....	Municipal Bond ETFs
Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin .....	SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF
Daniel Close, Timothy Ryan and Steven Hlavin .....	SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF
Stephen Yeats and John Philpot .....	SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF
Abhishek Kumar and John Philpot .....	SPDR Barclays Investment Grade Floating Rate ETF
Thomas Connelley, Christopher DiStefano and Kyle Kelly .....	SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF
Michael Brunell, Mahesh Jayakumar and Kyle Kelly .....	SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF
Michael Brunell, Stephen Yeats and Kyle Kelly .....	SPDR Barclays High Yield Bond ETF, SPDR Barclays Short Term High Yield Bond ETF, SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF, SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF
Patrick Bresnehan, Michael Brunell and Kyle Kelly .....	

Todd Bean, CFA, is a Vice President of SSgA and SSgA FM and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the firm's U.S. Cash Management Group. He began his career at State Street Corporation in 1999, joining the firm as an analyst in the firm's custody and settlements area. Following a period on the money markets operations staff, Mr. Bean joined the Cash Management Group in 2004. He received a Bachelor's degree in Economics and Government from St. Lawrence University and an MS in Finance from Northeastern University. He has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of the Boston Security Analysts Society and the CFA Institute.

Peter R. Breault, CFA, is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the firm in 2012 and is responsible for managing a broad range of fixed income strategies. Previously, Mr. Breault was a Fixed Income Portfolio Analyst at Wellington Management Company, which he joined in 2002, on their US Fixed Income Broad Sector team. Mr. Breault graduated from the University of Massachusetts at Dartmouth with a BA degree in Finance and received his Masters in Finance from Northeastern University. He has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of the CFA Institute and Boston Security Analysts Society.

Patrick Bresnehan, CFA, is a Vice President of SSgA and SSgA FM and the North America Head of Fixed Income Beta within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He joined the firm in 2010 and is responsible for managing a broad range of fixed income beta strategies. Previously, Mr. Bresnehan was a Director and Senior Portfolio Manager at PanAgora Asset Management where he was responsible for the management of portfolios across the risk spectrum within the firm's Macro-Strategies Group. Preceding this, he was a Senior Vice President at Fleet Investment Advisors where he was responsible for a team that managed investment-grade strategies for institutional clients. Mr. Bresnehan began his investment management career as a Fixed Income Portfolio Manager at Scudder, Stevens and Clark, Inc. where he was responsible for managing multi-sector fixed income portfolios. Mr. Bresnehan received a BA in Economics from Norwich University and an MS in Finance from the Carroll School of Management at Boston College. He has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of the Boston Security Analysts Society and the CFA Institute.

Mike Brunell, CFA, is a Vice President of State Street Global Advisors and has been a member of the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team since 2004. He joined the firm in 1997 and is responsible for developing and managing various funds and ETFs against a variety of conventional and custom bond index strategies. Previously, Mr. Brunell was responsible for managing the U.S. Bond Operations group. He started his career in the

investment management field when he joined the Mutual Fund Custody division of State Street in 1993. In this role he focused on the accounting and the valuation of various domestic and international equity and bond portfolios. Mr. Brunell earned a BS in Business Administration from Saint Michael's College and a MSF degree from Boston College. Additionally he earned the right to use the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of the CFA Institute and the Boston Securities Analyst Society.

Daniel J. Close is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Close serves as a portfolio manager for many of Nuveen Asset Management's state-specific open-end municipal bond funds, as well as several closed-end exchange-traded funds. He joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2000. Prior to his current position, he served as a research analyst covering corporate-backed, energy, transportation and utility credits. Before joining Nuveen Asset Management, Mr. Close worked as an analyst at Banc of America Securities specializing in originating and structuring asset-backed securities. He received his BS in business from Miami University in Ohio and his MBA at the J. L. Kellogg Graduate School of Management at Northwestern University. Mr. Close has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation.

Thomas Connelley, CFA, is a Vice President of SSgA and SSgA FM, and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Alpha Strategies, North America Fixed Income Group for the U.S. Cash Management group. He is responsible for total rate of return Short Duration strategies. Prior to his current role, Mr. Connelley was a Senior Portfolio Manager for the US Cash Management Group where he managed a variety of cash portfolios and securities lending cash collateral pools. Prior to joining SSgA in 2003, Tom was a Portfolio Manager at Standish Mellon Asset Management, where he was responsible for a variety of short- and intermediate-term fixed income mandates. He has been working in the investment management field since 1990. Mr. Connelley received a BS in Management, with a concentration in Finance, from Bryant University. He has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of the Boston Security Analysts Society.

Marc DiCosimo, CFA is a Vice President of SSgA and a Senior Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash investments team. He joined the firm in 2013 and is responsible for managing a broad range of fixed income strategies. Previously, Mr. DiCosimo worked at Wellington Management as a Fixed Income Portfolio Analyst on the Mortgage Backed Securities team. Mr. DiCosimo has 15 years of fixed income experience working at Loomis Sayles and Saxon Mortgage Capital. Mr. DiCosimo graduated from The University of Richmond with a degree in accounting. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst and is a member of the CFA Institute and Boston Securities Analysts Society.



Christopher DiStefano is a Portfolio Manager within SSgA's Fixed Income, Currency, and Cash Investments team. He joined the firm in 2010 and is responsible for managing several funds and ETFs within the Investment Grade Credit, Government/Credit, and Short Duration sectors. Prior to his current role, Mr. DiStefano was a member of the Global Graduate Rotational Program at SSgA, a two year cross-functional program engineered to provide candidates with a diverse skill set and a broad perspective. Previously, Mr. DiStefano worked as an engineer within the real estate development and transportation industries. Mr. DiStefano holds an MBA from Boston College, and an MS and BS in Civil Engineering from the University of Illinois and Union College respectively.

Steven M. Hlavin is Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager for Nuveen Asset Management. He manages the Tender Option Bond program that deploys inverse floating rate securities in Nuveen Asset Management's closed and open-end funds. In addition, he develops and assists in executing quantitative strategies for indexing purposes and yield curve positioning. He serves as chairman of Nuveen Asset Management's Yield Curve Strategy Committee. Prior to his current position, Mr. Hlavin worked as a senior analyst responsible for the risk management and performance reporting process for Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Hlavin joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2003. Mr. Hlavin earned a BA in finance and accounting and an MBA in finance from Miami University. He has been a speaker at the Leveraging Performance Attribution Analysis for Fixed Income Investments Conference series.

Mahesh Jayakumar, CFA, FRM is a Vice President of SSgA and SSgA FM and is currently a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash team. He is responsible for managing several funds and ETF's spanning diverse areas such as US Aggregate strategies, Global Treasuries/Inflation strategies, Government/Credit portfolios, Green bonds and custom or client directed mandates. Mr. Jayakumar holds an MBA from the MIT Sloan School of Management, MS in Computer Science from Boston University and BS in Information Systems from Purdue University. He is a member of the CFA Institute, Boston Security Analysts Society and Global Association of Risk Professionals.

Kyle Kelly, CFA, FRM is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income Beta Solutions group where he primarily manages credit and aggregate bond strategies. Prior to joining the portfolio management team, he worked as an Investment Risk Management Analyst focused on SSgA's fixed income and multi-asset-class products. Mr. Kelly graduated from Boston College with a B.A. in Communication and Economics. He earned the Chartered Financial Analyst

designation and the Financial Risk Manager designation. He is a member of the CFA Institute, the Boston Securities Analyst Society, and the Global Association of Risk Professionals.

Abhishek Kumar is the Lead Investment Manager for Emerging Markets Debt Strategies in the EMEA Fixed Income Beta team at SSgA LTD, having joined the company in September, 2010. He is responsible for the management of both credit and government index fixed income portfolios. Prior to joining the Investment Management team, Mr. Kumar spent three years at ICICI Bank UK PLC as an Assistant Portfolio Manager. Mr. Kumar holds a Masters in Management from ESCP Europe Paris, a Post Graduate Diploma in Management from Indian Institute of Management Lucknow, India and a Bachelors degree in Mechanical Engineering from Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur, India. He is a CFA charterholder and is a member of the CFA Society UK and the CFA Institute.

Joanna Mauro is a Vice President of SSgA and SSgA FM and Portfolio Manager within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash team. Prior to this, Ms. Mauro was a Portfolio Manager in the US Cash Management Group responsible for short term liquidity investments across all the cash and securities lending portfolios managed in Boston. She joined the Boston group in April 2010 after working as a Portfolio Manager with the London Cash Management Group. Prior to her portfolio management role, she was a Product Analyst for the London Cash Management Group where she provided analytical and business support. Before joining SSgA in London, Joanna worked as an Operations Specialist supporting the Boston Cash Management Group.

Steve Meier, CFA, FRM, is an Executive Vice President of SSgA and SSgA FM and is the CIO of Global Fixed Income, Currency and Cash. Mr. Meier, who joined SSgA in 2003, has more than 29 years of experience in the global cash and fixed income markets. Previously, he was SSgA's CIO of Global Cash. Prior to joining SSgA, Mr. Meier was a Senior Managing Director in State Street's Global Markets group responsible for developing its global fixed income business. He also served as Chief Operating Officer of State Street's electronic bond trading subsidiary, Advanced Auctions LLC, and was a member of its European subsidiary's Board of Directors. He received extensive capital markets experience and held senior positions in trading and investment banking in New York and London while working for Merrill Lynch and Credit Suisse First Boston for nearly 12 years. He also served on TradeWeb LLC's Executive Board while head of CSFB's global electronic trading unit. In addition, he was a senior global bond Portfolio Manager with Oppenheimer Capital and member of its Fixed Income Strategy Group. Mr. Meier is a member of SSgA's Senior Management Group and Investment Committee. He has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation, is a certified Financial Risk

Manager, a member of the Boston Security Analysts Society, the Association for Investment Management and Research and the Global Association of Risk Professionals. He holds a BBA from Hofstra University, an MBA from Indiana University's Graduate School of Business and an Advanced Certificate of Investment Management from the London Business School.

Cynthia Moy is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. Ms. Moy works in the portfolio management team, where she primarily manages government bond strategies. Ms. Moy is also an analyst in the Government Solutions team, where she is responsible for credit surveillance of housing finance agency bonds. Ms. Moy's prior roles at State Street include work as an analyst in the Stable Value team, the Global Structured Products group, as well as the mutual funds division.

Ms. Moy holds a BA in Quantitative Economics from Tufts University.

John Philpot is the EMEA Head of Portfolio Management, Fixed Income Beta at SSgA LTD. Mr. Philpot is mainly responsible for overseeing a wide range of investment grade mandates, including government, corporate and inflation linked bonds. Mr. Philpot also oversees operational activities for the Fixed Income Beta Solutions team. Prior to commencing his current role, Mr. Philpot managed a range of broad investment grade and inflation-linked portfolios. Previously Mr. Philpot worked as a Senior Portfolio Analyst, also at SSgA LTD. Mr. Philpot earned his BSc (Honours) from the University of London, and has obtained the Investment Management Certificate.

Michael Przygoda, CFA, is a Principal of SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team, managing agency and aggregate bond strategies. Prior to joining the portfolio management team, Mr. Przygoda worked in the Government Solutions team as a mortgage-backed securities trader and portfolio analyst. Mr. Przygoda received his BA in Finance from Stonehill College and his MS in Finance from Suffolk University.

Mr. Przygoda has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of both the Boston Security Analysts' Society and the CFA Institute.

Timothy T. Ryan is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Nuveen Asset Management. Mr. Ryan joined an affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management in 2010. Prior to joining Nuveen Asset Management, Mr. Ryan was a principal of SSgA FM and a Vice President of SSgA and responsible for managing the series of the Trust that invest primarily in municipal securities. Prior to joining SSgA, Mr. Ryan was a lead portfolio manager in the municipal bond group at Deutsche Bank Asset Management, formally Scudder Insurance Asset Management. His clients included nuclear

decommissioning trusts, insurance portfolios and corporate cash. Mr. Ryan began working at Deutsche Bank in 1991 as a municipal bond analyst covering high yield, transportation, higher education, general obligation, and money market sectors. He joined Deutsche Bank with 8 years of experience as vice president and investment banker at Mesirow Financial and vice president and financial consultant at Speer Financial. Mr. Ryan has a BS from University of Wisconsin and a Master of Management from J.L. Kellogg Graduate School of Management Northwestern University. Mr. Ryan has earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation.

Jeff St. Peters is a Managing Director of SSgA and SSgA FM and Head of U.S. Cash Management within the Fixed Income, Currency and Cash Team. He is responsible for managing several securities lending, enhanced cash, offshore, and SSgA's registered money market portfolios for both retail and institutional clients. In addition, Mr. St. Peters manages a team of portfolio managers that focus on traditional money market funds, both taxable and tax exempt. He has been managing short duration cash and securities lending portfolios at SSgA for over 8 years. Prior to joining SSgA, Mr. St. Peters was employed nearly 9 years with Fidelity Investments, the latter years within the Fidelity Management and Research Company, where he worked as a trader within the Money Market area of the Fixed Income division. In addition, he held several positions within Fidelity's Investment Technology area, where he assisted in designing and implementing an internal proprietary trading system. Mr. St. Peters has over 17 years of investment experience. He holds a BS in Finance from Bentley College.

Karen Tsang is a Principal of SSgA and SSgA FM and a Portfolio Manager in the Passive Fixed Income Portfolio Management Group where she is primarily responsible for managing Mortgage Backed Securities and US Treasury Index Funds. Prior to her current role, she worked as a Senior Operations Associate covering all Mortgage, Asset-Backed, and Commercial Mortgage-Backed portfolios. Before joining SSgA in 1998, she worked as a Senior Fund Accountant in the Mutual Funds Division of State Street Corporation on domestic and international bonds and equity funds. Ms. Tsang holds a Bachelors degree with a dual concentration in Finance and Marketing from the Boston University School of Management.

Stephen Yeats is the EMEA Head of Fixed Income Beta at SSgA LTD, having joined the company in February, 2007. He is responsible for the management of both credit and government index fixed income portfolios. In addition, Mr. Yeats is involved in the development of synthetic fixed income solutions for clients. Prior to joining the Investment Management team, Mr. Yeats was an Investment Manager in the Global Fixed Income group of Daiwa SB Investments. Mr. Yeats graduated



with a Masters in Chemical Engineering from Nottingham University and has also earned the Chartered Financial Analyst designation. He is a member of the UK Society of Investment Professionals and the CFA Institute.

Additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers' ownership of the Funds is available in the SAI.

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The Shares are listed for secondary trading on the Exchange and individual Fund Shares may only be purchased and sold in the secondary market through a broker-dealer. The secondary markets are closed on weekends and also are generally closed on the following holidays: New Year's Day, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day (observed), Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The Exchange may close early on the business day before certain holidays and on the day after Thanksgiving Day. Exchange holiday schedules are

subject to change without notice. If you buy or sell Shares in the secondary market, you will pay the secondary market price for Shares. In addition, you may incur customary brokerage commissions and charges and may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price in the secondary market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction.

The trading prices of a Fund's Shares will fluctuate continuously throughout trading hours based on market supply and demand rather than the Fund's net asset value, which is calculated at the end of each business day. The Shares will trade on the Exchange at prices that may be above (i.e., at a premium) or below (i.e., at a discount), to varying degrees, the daily net asset value of the Shares. The trading prices of a Fund's Shares may deviate significantly from its net asset value during periods of market volatility. Given, however, that Shares can be issued and redeemed daily in Creation Units, the Adviser believes that large discounts and premiums to net asset value should not be sustained over long periods. Information showing the number of days the market price of a Fund's Shares was greater than the Fund's net asset value and the number of days it was less than the Fund's net asset value (i.e., premium or discount) for various time periods is available by visiting the Funds' website at <https://www.spdrs.com>.

The Exchange will disseminate, every fifteen seconds during the regular trading day, an indicative optimized portfolio value ("IOPV") relating to the Funds. The IOPV calculations are estimates of the value of the Funds' net asset value per Share using market data converted into U.S. dollars at the current currency rates. The IOPV price is based on quotes and closing prices from the securities' local market and may not reflect events that occur subsequent to the local market's close. Premiums and discounts between the IOPV and the market price may occur. This should not be viewed as a "real-time" update of the net asset value per Share of the Funds, which is calculated only once a day. Neither the Funds, nor the Adviser or any of their affiliates are involved in, or responsible for, the calculation or dissemination of such IOPVs and make no warranty as to their accuracy.

The Funds do not impose any restrictions on the frequency of purchases and redemptions; however, the Funds reserve the right to reject or limit purchases at any time as described in the SAI. When considering that no restriction or policy was necessary, the Board evaluated the risks posed by market timing activities, such as whether frequent purchases and redemptions would interfere with the efficient implementation of a Fund's investment strategy, or whether they would cause a Fund to experience increased transaction costs. The Board considered that, unlike traditional mutual funds, Fund Shares are issued and redeemed only in large quantities of Shares known as Creation Units available only from a Fund directly, and that most trading in a Fund occurs on the Exchange at prevailing market

prices and does not involve the Fund directly. Given this structure, the Board determined that it is unlikely that (a) market timing would be attempted by a Fund's shareholders or (b) any attempts to market time a Fund by shareholders would result in negative impact to a Fund or its shareholders.

## DISTRIBUTION/SERVICING (RULE 12b-1) PLAN

Each Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act pursuant to which payments at an annual rate (based on average daily net assets) of up to 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets may be made for the sale and distribution of its Shares. No payments pursuant to the Distribution and Service Plan will be made through at least October 31, 2015. Additionally, the implementation of any such payments would have to be approved by the Board prior to implementation. Because these fees would be paid out of the assets of the Funds attributable to their Shares on an on-going basis, if payments are made in the future, these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more over time than paying other types of sales charges.

## DISTRIBUTIONS

*Dividends and Capital Gains.* As a Fund shareholder, you are entitled to your share of a Fund's income and net realized gains on its investments. Each Fund pays out substantially all of its net earnings to its shareholders as "distributions."

Each Fund typically earns interest from debt securities and, if participating, securities lending income. In addition, the SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF may earn dividend income from Preferred Securities. These amounts, net of expenses and taxes (if applicable), are passed along to Fund shareholders as "income dividend distributions." Each Fund will generally realize short-term capital gains or losses whenever it sells or exchanges assets held for one year or less. Net short-term capital gains will generally be treated as ordinary income when distributed to shareholders. Each Fund will generally realize long-term capital gains or losses whenever it sells or exchanges assets held for more than one year. Net capital gains (the excess of a Fund's net long-term capital gains over its net short-term capital losses) are distributed to shareholders as "capital gain distributions."

Income dividend distributions, if any, are generally distributed to shareholders monthly, but may vary significantly from period to period. Net capital gains for each Fund are distributed at least annually. Dividends may be declared and paid more frequently or at any other times to improve Index tracking or to comply with the distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code.

Distributions in cash may be reinvested automatically in additional whole Shares only if the broker through whom you purchased Shares makes such option available. Distributions which are reinvested will nevertheless be taxable to the same extent as if such distributions had not been reinvested.

## PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS DISCLOSURE

The Funds' portfolio holdings disclosure policy is described in the SAI. In addition, the identities and quantities of the securities held by each Portfolio are disclosed on the Trust's website.

## ADDITIONAL TAX INFORMATION

The following discussion is a summary of some important U.S. federal tax considerations generally applicable to an investment in a Fund. Your investment in a Fund may have other tax implications. Please consult your tax advisor about foreign, federal, state, local or other tax laws applicable to you. Investors, including non-U.S. investors, should consult the SAI tax section for more complete disclosure.

Each Fund has elected or will elect to be a regulated investment company and intends to qualify each year to be treated as such. A regulated investment company is generally not subject to tax at the corporate level on income and gains that are distributed to shareholders. However, a Fund's failure to qualify for treatment as a regulated investment company may result in corporate level taxation, and consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to shareholders.

*Taxes On Distributions (Municipal Bond ETFs only).* Dividends paid by a Municipal Bond ETF that are reported as exempt-interest dividends will not be subject to regular federal income tax. Each Municipal Bond ETF intends to invest its assets in a manner such that dividend distributions to its shareholders will generally be exempt from regular U.S. federal income tax, although distributions from Municipal Bond ETFs may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax applicable to individuals and will not necessarily be exempt from state and local taxation. Dividends paid by a Municipal Bond ETF will be exempt from regular federal income tax to the extent of such Fund's net tax-exempt interest income as long as 50% or more of the value of such Fund's assets at the end of each quarter is invested in state, municipal and other bonds the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and as long as such Fund reports such dividends as exempt-interest dividends. Each Municipal Bond ETF, however, is able to invest up to 20% of its net assets in taxable securities, the income from which is subject to regular federal income tax.

Because a Municipal Bond ETF may invest in private activity bonds (within the meaning of Section 141 of the Code), the interest on which is not federally tax-exempt

to persons who are “substantial users” of the facilities financed by such bonds or “related persons” of such “substantial users,” a Municipal Bond ETF may not be an appropriate investment for shareholders who are considered either a “substantial user” or “related person” within the meaning of the Code. In addition, interest on certain municipal securities that meet the definition of private activity bonds under the Code is included as an item of tax preference in determining the amount of a taxpayer’s alternative minimum taxable income. To the extent a Municipal Bond ETF receives income from private activity bonds, a portion of the dividends paid by it, although otherwise exempt from federal income tax, will be taxable to those shareholders subject to the alternative minimum tax regime. Each Municipal Bond ETF will annually supply shareholders with a report indicating the percentage of its income attributable to municipal securities required to be included in calculating the federal alternative minimum tax. In addition, all exempt-interest dividends are required to be included in calculating a corporation’s adjusted current earnings for purposes of the alternative minimum tax calculation applicable to corporations.

Exempt-interest dividends from a Municipal Bond ETF are taken into account in determining the taxable portion of any Social Security or railroad retirement benefits that you receive. If you receive Social Security or railroad retirement benefits, you should consult your tax advisor about how an investment in a Municipal Bond ETF may affect the taxation of your benefits.

Exempt-interest dividends attributable to interest on municipal securities issued by a state or its political subdivisions may be exempt in the hands of a shareholder from income tax imposed by that state, but exempt-interest dividends attributable to interest on municipal securities issued by another state generally will not be exempt from such income tax.

*All Funds.* In general, your distributions (other than exempt-interest dividends) from a Fund are subject to federal income tax when they are paid, whether you take them in cash or reinvest them in the Fund. The income dividends and short-term capital gains distributions you receive from the Funds will generally be taxed as ordinary income. Subject to certain limitations, dividends that are reported by a Fund as qualified dividend income are taxable to noncorporate shareholders at rates of up to 20%. Any distributions a Fund’s net capital gains are taxable as long-term capital gain regardless of how long you have owned your Shares. Long-term capital gains are generally taxed to noncorporate shareholders at rates of up to 20%. Although the Municipal Bond ETFs do not seek to realize taxable income or capital gains, they may realize and distribute taxable income or capital gains from time to time as a result of their normal investment activities. Distributions in excess of a Fund’s current and

accumulated earnings and profits are treated as a tax-free return of capital to the extent of your basis in the Shares, and, in general, as capital gain thereafter.

In general, dividends may be reported by a Fund as qualified dividend income if they are attributable to qualified dividend income received by the Fund, which, in general, includes dividend income from taxable U.S. corporations and certain foreign corporations (*i.e.*, certain foreign corporations incorporated in a possession of the United States or in certain countries with a comprehensive tax treaty with the United States, and certain other foreign corporations if the stock with respect to which the dividend is paid is readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States), provided that the Fund satisfies certain holding period requirements in respect of the stock of such corporations and has not hedged its position in the stock in certain ways. A dividend generally will not be treated as qualified dividend income if the dividend is received with respect to any share of stock held by a Fund for fewer than 61 days during the 121-day period beginning at the date which is 60 days before the date on which such share becomes ex-dividend with respect to such dividend or, in the case of certain preferred stock, for fewer than 91 days during the 181-day period beginning 90 days before such date. These holding period requirements will also apply to your ownership of Shares of a Fund. Holding periods may be suspended for these purposes for stock that is hedged. SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF may hold common stock or Preferred Securities. Thus, SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF may report a portion of its distributions as qualified dividend income. Since the other Funds hold primarily investments that do not pay dividends, it is not expected that a substantial portion of the dividends paid by those other Funds will qualify for either the dividends-received deduction for corporations or the favorable income tax rates available to individuals on qualified dividend income.

U.S. individuals with income exceeding specified thresholds are subject to a 3.8% Medicare contribution tax on all or a portion of their “net investment income,” which includes taxable interest, dividends and certain capital gains (generally including capital gain distributions and capital gains realized upon the sale of Fund Shares) but does not include exempt-interest dividends paid by Municipal Bond ETFs. This 3.8% tax also applies to all or a portion of the undistributed net investment income of certain shareholders that are estates and trusts.

If a Fund redeems Creation Units in cash, it may recognize more capital gains than it will if it redeems Creation Units in-kind.

If you lend your Fund Shares pursuant to securities lending arrangements you may lose the ability to treat Fund dividends (paid while the Shares are held by the



borrower) as qualified dividend income. You should consult your financial intermediary or tax advisor to discuss your particular circumstances.

Distributions paid in January, but declared by a Fund in October, November or December of the previous year, payable to shareholders of record in such a month, may be taxable to you in the calendar year in which they were declared. The Funds will inform you of the amount of your ordinary income dividends, capital gain distributions and any qualified dividend income shortly after the close of each calendar year.

A distribution will reduce a Fund's net asset value per Share and may be taxable to you as ordinary income or capital gain even though, from an investment standpoint, the distribution may constitute a return of capital.

*Original Issue Discount.* Investments by a Fund in zero coupon or other discount securities will result in income to the Fund equal to a portion of the excess face value of the securities over their issue price (the "original issue discount" or "OID") each year that the securities are held, even though the Fund may receive no cash interest payments or may receive cash interest payments that are less than the income recognized for tax purposes. In other circumstances, whether pursuant to the terms of a security or as a result of other factors outside the control of a Fund, a Fund may recognize income without receiving a commensurate amount of cash. Such income is included in determining the amount that the Fund must distribute to maintain its eligibility for treatment as a regulated investment company and to avoid the payment of federal tax, including the nondeductible 4% excise tax. Because any income required to be recognized as a result of the OID and/or market discount rules (discussed below) may not be matched by a corresponding cash payment, the Fund may be required to borrow money or dispose of securities to be able to make distributions to its shareholders in order to qualify for treatment as a regulated investment company and eliminate taxes at the Fund level.

Special rules apply if a Fund holds inflation-indexed bonds. Generally, all stated interest on such bonds is recorded as income by a Fund under its regular method of accounting for interest income. The amount of any positive inflation adjustment for a taxable year, which results from an increase in the inflation-adjusted principal amount of the bond, is treated as OID. The amount of a Fund's OID in a taxable year with respect to a bond will increase the Fund's taxable income for such year without a corresponding receipt of cash until the bond matures. As a result, the Fund may need to use other sources of cash to satisfy its distributions for such year. The amount of any negative inflation adjustments, which result from a decrease in the inflation-adjusted principal amount of the bond, reduces the amount of

interest (including stated interest, OID, and market discount, if any) otherwise includible in the Fund's income with respect to the bond for the taxable year.

*Market Discount (For Securities Other Than Municipal Securities).* Any market discount recognized on a market discount bond is taxable as ordinary income. A market discount bond is a bond acquired in the secondary market at a price below redemption value or below adjusted issue price if the bond was issued with original issue discount. Absent an election by a Fund to include the market discount in income as it accrues, gain on the Fund's disposition of such an obligation will be treated as ordinary income rather than capital gain to the extent of the accrued market discount.

*Market Discount (Municipal Securities).* If a Municipal Bond ETF purchases a municipal security at a market discount, any gain realized by the Municipal Bond ETF upon sale or redemption of the municipal security will be treated as taxable interest income to the extent of the market discount, and any gain realized in excess of the market discount will be treated as capital gains.

*Derivatives And Other Complex Securities.* A Fund may invest in complex securities. These investments may be subject to numerous special and complex rules. These rules could affect whether gains and losses recognized by a Fund are treated as ordinary income or capital gain, accelerate the recognition of income to a Fund and/or defer a Fund's ability to recognize losses. In turn, these rules may affect the amount, timing or character of the income distributed to you by a Fund. You should consult your personal tax advisor regarding the application of these rules.

*Foreign Currency Transactions.* A Fund's transactions in foreign currencies, foreign currency denominated debt obligations and certain foreign currency options, futures contracts and forward contracts (and similar instruments) may give rise to ordinary income or loss to the extent such income or loss results from fluctuations in the value of the foreign currency concerned.

*Foreign Income Taxes.* Investment income received by a Fund from sources within foreign countries may be subject to foreign income taxes withheld at the source. The United States has entered into tax treaties with many foreign countries which may entitle a Fund to a reduced rate of such taxes or exemption from taxes on such income. It is impossible to determine the effective rate of foreign tax for a Fund in advance since the amount of the assets to be invested within various countries is not known. If more than 50% of the total assets of a Fund at the close of its taxable year consist of certain foreign stocks or securities, the Fund may elect to "pass through" to you certain foreign income taxes (including withholding taxes) paid by the Fund. If a Fund of which you are a shareholder makes such an election, you will be considered to have received as an additional dividend your share of such foreign taxes, but

you may be entitled to either a corresponding tax deduction in calculating your taxable income, or, subject to certain limitations, a credit in calculating your federal income tax. If a Fund does not so elect, the Fund will be entitled to claim a deduction for certain foreign taxes incurred by the Fund.

*Taxes On Exchange-Listed Share Sales.* Any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of Shares is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year and as short-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for one year or less, except that any capital loss on the sale of Shares held for six months or less is treated as long-term capital loss to the extent that capital gain dividends were paid with respect to such Shares.

*Taxes On Creations And Redemptions Of Creation Units.* A person who exchanges securities for Creation Units generally will recognize a gain or loss. The gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time and the exchanger's aggregate basis in the securities surrendered plus any cash paid for the Creation Units. A person who exchanges Creation Units for securities will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between the exchanger's basis in the Creation Units and the aggregate market value of the securities and the amount of cash received. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of securities for Creation Units cannot be deducted currently under the rules governing "wash sales," or on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position. Persons exchanging securities should consult their own tax advisor with respect to whether wash sale rules apply and when a loss might be deductible.

Under current federal tax laws, any capital gain or loss realized upon a redemption (or creation) of Creation Units is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares (or securities surrendered) have been held for more than one year and as a short-term capital gain or loss if the Shares (or securities surrendered) have been held for one year or less.

If you create or redeem Creation Units, you will be sent a confirmation statement showing how many Shares you purchased or sold and at what price.

The Trust on behalf of each Fund has the right to reject an order for Creation Units if the purchaser (or a group of purchasers) would, upon obtaining the shares so ordered, own 80% or more of the outstanding shares of the Fund and if, pursuant to Section 351 of the Internal Revenue Code, that Fund would have a basis in the securities different from the market value of such securities on the date of deposit. The Trust also has the right to require information necessary to determine beneficial share ownership for purposes of the 80% determination. If the Trust does issue Creation Units to a

purchaser (or a group of purchasers) that would, upon obtaining the shares so ordered, own 80% or more of the outstanding shares of a Fund, the purchaser (or a group of purchasers) will not recognize gain or loss upon the exchange of securities for Creation Units.

*Non-U.S. Investors.* Ordinary income dividends paid by a Fund to shareholders who are non-resident aliens or foreign entities will generally be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax, unless a lower treaty rate applies or unless such income is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. Gains on the sale of Shares and dividends that are, in each case, effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the U.S. will generally be subject to U.S. federal net income taxation at regular income tax rates. Non-U.S. shareholders that own, directly or indirectly, more than 5% of a Fund's Shares are urged to consult their own tax advisors concerning special tax rules that may apply to their investment.

Unless certain non-U.S. entities that hold Shares of a Fund comply with IRS requirements that will generally require them to report information regarding U.S. persons investing in, or holding accounts with, such entities, a 30% withholding tax may apply to distributions payable to such entities after June 30, 2014 (or, in certain cases, after later dates) and redemption proceeds and certain capital gain dividends payable to such entities after December 31, 2016. A non-U.S. shareholder may be exempt from the withholding described in this paragraph under an applicable intergovernmental agreement between the U.S. and a foreign government, provided that the shareholder and the applicable foreign government comply with the terms of such agreement.

*Backup Withholding.* A Fund will be required in certain cases to withhold (as "backup withholding") on amounts (including exempt-interest dividends) payable to any shareholder who (1) has provided the Fund either an incorrect tax identification number or no number at all, (2) is subject to backup withholding by the IRS for failure to properly report payments of interest or dividends, (3) has failed to certify to the Fund that such shareholder is not subject to backup withholding, or (4) has not certified that such shareholder is a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien). The backup withholding rate is 28%. Backup withholding will not be applied to payments that have been subject to the 30% withholding tax on shareholders who are neither citizens nor permanent residents of the U.S.

*Build America Bonds.* A Fund may invest in certain bonds that generate federal income tax credits. If a Fund invests in tax credit bonds, including certain "Build America Bonds," it may make an election to pass the credits through to its shareholders. If a Fund makes such an election for a taxable year, it will not be allowed any credits on those bonds for that taxable year. Instead, the

Fund will include in its gross income, as interest income, an amount equal to the amount that the Fund would have included in gross income relating to the credits if the election had not been made (generally, the amount of the credits) and will increase its dividends-paid deduction by the same amount. Each shareholder of a Fund making such an election will be required to include in gross income the shareholder's proportionate share of the interest income attributable to the credits and will be allowed as a credit (subject to applicable limitations) the shareholder's proportionate share of the credits, in each case not to exceed the amounts thereof reported by the Fund in a year-end statement. If a Fund makes such an election, it will inform its shareholders concerning their allocable shares of any tax credits passed through as part of its annual reporting. For state income tax purposes, interest income from Build America Bonds will be treated the same as if the interest was from any other tax exempt obligation issued by a state or local government. A state may, however, decide to provide for different tax treatment for Build America Bonds. A Fund may invest in Build America Bonds from a number of different states and, in such case, it will annually provide information regarding the percentage of its income earned in each state. Depending on each state's tax laws, this information may be used in determining the dividend amount that may be exempt from your state and/or local income taxes. You should be aware that some states require a minimum percentage of home state bonds to permit the state tax exemption. Consult your tax advisor to determine whether such interest is exempt from applicable state and/or local taxes.

*Other Tax Issues.* The Funds may be subject to tax in certain states where the Funds do business. Furthermore, in those states which have income tax laws, the tax treatment of the Funds and of Fund shareholders with respect to distributions by the Funds may differ from federal tax treatment.

The foregoing discussion summarizes some of the consequences under current federal income tax law of an investment in the Funds. It is not a substitute for personal tax advice. Consult your personal tax advisor about the potential tax consequences of an investment in the Funds under all applicable tax laws.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

The Trust was organized as a Massachusetts business trust on June 12, 1998. If shareholders of any Fund are required to vote on any matters, shareholders are entitled to one vote for each Share they own. Annual meetings of shareholders will not be held except as required by the 1940 Act and other applicable law. See the SAI for more information concerning the Trust's form of organization.

## MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATION

Each Fund is a separate, non-diversified series of SPDR® Series Trust (the "Trust"), which is an open-end management investment company organized as a business trust under the laws of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

For purposes of the 1940 Act, Shares of the Trust are issued by the respective series of the Trust and the acquisition of Shares by investment companies is subject to the restrictions of section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act.

The Trust has received exemptive relief from Section 12(d)(1) to allow registered investment companies to invest in the Funds beyond the limits set forth in Section 12(d)(1), subject to certain terms and conditions as set forth in an SEC exemptive order issued to the Trust, including that such investment companies enter into an agreement with the Trust.

From time to time, a Fund may advertise yield and total return figures. Yield is a historical measure of dividend income, and total return is a measure of past dividend income (assuming that it has been reinvested) plus capital appreciation. Neither yield nor total return should be used to predict the future performance of a Fund.

Bingham McCutchen LLP serves as counsel to the Trust, including the Funds. Ernst & Young LLP serves as the independent registered public accounting firm and will audit the Funds' financial statements annually.

## PREMIUM/DISCOUNT INFORMATION

Information showing the number of days the market price of a Fund's shares was greater than the Fund's NAV per share (i.e., at a premium) and the number of days it was less than the Fund's NAV per share (i.e., at a discount) for various time periods is available by visiting the Funds' website at <https://www.spdrs.com>. For the Funds that have not yet commenced operations, such information will be provided at <http://www.spdrs.com> when available.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

These financial highlight tables are intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for the past five fiscal years or, if shorter, the period since each Fund's inception. Certain information reflects the performance results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in each Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, the Trust's independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with each Fund's financial highlights and financial statements, is included in the annual report to shareholders, which is available upon request. The financial information included in this table should be read in conjunction with the

financial statements incorporated by reference in the Statement of Additional Information. Funds that do not have information set forth below have not commenced operations as of June 30, 2014.

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# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

*Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period*

<b>SPDR Barclays 1-3 Month T-Bill ETF</b>					
	<b>Year Ended 6/30/14</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/13</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/12</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/11</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/10</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 45.80	\$ 45.82	\$ 45.85	\$ 45.85	\$ 45.86
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.04)	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(3)</sup> . . . . .	(0.04)	0.01	0.01	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Total from investment operations . . . . .	(0.08)	(0.01)	(0.03)	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.04	(0.01)	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>					
Net investment income . . . . .	—	—	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	—	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Net realized gains . . . . .	—	—	—	—	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Return of capital . . . . .	—	—	—	—	(0.01)
Total distributions . . . . .	—	—	—	—	(0.01)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 45.76</u>	<u>\$ 45.80</u>	<u>\$ 45.82</u>	<u>\$ 45.85</u>	<u>\$ 45.85</u>
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	(0.09)%	(0.04)%	(0.08)%	0.01%	0.00% <sup>(5)</sup>
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$979,258	\$1,580,101	\$1,539,512	\$1,008,816	\$1,054,532
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%	0.15%	0.14%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	(0.09)%	(0.05)%	(0.09)%	0.00% <sup>(5)</sup>	0.00% <sup>(5)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(7)</sup> . . . . .	577%	584%	619%	628%	623%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> Amount is less than 0.005% per share.

<sup>(6)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(7)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Barclays TIPS ETF					SPDR Barclays 0-5 Year TIPS ETF	SPDR Barclays 1-10 Year TIPS ETF	
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	For the Period 2/26/14*- 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/14	For the Period 5/29/13*- 6/30/13
\$ 55.65	\$ 59.59	\$ 54.76	\$ 52.74	\$ 49.74	\$20.00	\$19.39	\$ 20.00
1.00	0.60	1.53	2.21	1.78	0.22	0.21	(0.03)
1.51	(3.72)	4.93	1.70	2.78	0.02	0.45	(0.58)
2.51	(3.12)	6.46	3.91	4.56	0.24	0.66	(0.61)
(0.01)	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01	—	(0.00) <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.00) <sup>(2)</sup>
—	—	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	—	—	—
(0.77)	(0.83)	(1.68)	(1.90)	(1.57)	(0.18)	(0.12)	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(0.77)	(0.83)	(1.68)	(1.90)	(1.57)	(0.18)	(0.12)	—
\$ 57.38	\$ 55.65	\$ 59.59	\$ 54.76	\$ 52.74	\$20.06	\$19.93	\$ 19.39
4.52%	(5.32)%	12.03%	7.55%	9.33%	1.18%	3.42%	(3.07)%
\$596,730	\$651,133	\$732,984	\$438,091	\$379,749	\$6,017	\$9,963	\$11,632
0.19%	0.19%	0.19%	0.20%	0.19%	0.15% <sup>(6)</sup>	0.15%	0.15% <sup>(6)</sup>
1.79%	1.00%	2.62%	4.12%	3.48%	3.21% <sup>(6)</sup>	1.06%	(1.85)% <sup>(6)</sup>
20%	20%	23%	21%	18%	10%	24%	1%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

	<b>SPDR Barclays Short Term Treasury ETF</b>		
	<b>Year Ended 6/30/14</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/13</b>	<b>For the Period 11/30/11*- 6/30/12</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 29.95</u>	<u>\$30.10</u>	<u>\$30.00</u>
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>			
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.17	0.12	0.06
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	<u>0.13</u>	<u>(0.15)</u>	<u>0.09</u>
Total from investment operations . . . . .	<u>0.30</u>	<u>(0.03)</u>	<u>0.15</u>
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	<u>—</u>
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	—	—	—
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>			
Net investment income . . . . .	(0.17)	(0.12)	(0.05)
Net realized gains . . . . .	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions . . . . .	<u>(0.17)</u>	<u>(0.12)</u>	<u>(0.05)</u>
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 30.08</u>	<u>\$29.95</u>	<u>\$30.10</u>
<b>Total return</b> <sup>(4)</sup> . . . . .	1.00%	(0.10)%	0.49%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$12,033	\$5,990	\$6,019
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.12%	0.12%	0.12% <sup>(5)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	0.57%	0.39%	0.34% <sup>(5)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(6)</sup> . . . . .	40%	38%	24%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(6)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Treasury ETF					SPDR Barclays Long Term Treasury ETF				
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10
\$ 59.66	\$ 61.31	\$ 59.42	\$ 59.19	\$ 57.22	\$ 64.34	\$ 72.05	\$ 56.22	\$ 59.15	\$ 55.00
0.69	0.90	1.07	1.17	1.19	1.86	1.75	1.92	2.17	2.20
0.14	(1.34)	2.07	0.37	2.02	1.91	(7.70)	15.76	(2.94)	4.06
0.83	(0.44)	3.14	1.54	3.21	3.77	(5.95)	17.68	(0.77)	6.26
(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.03	0.04	(0.01)	0.14	0.01	0.08
0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	—
(0.71)	(0.91)	(1.08)	(1.18)	(1.19)	(1.84)	(1.75)	(1.99)	(2.17)	(2.19)
(0.05)	(0.29)	(0.16)	(0.12)	(0.08)	—	—	—	—	—
(0.76)	(1.20)	(1.24)	(1.30)	(1.27)	(1.84)	(1.75)	(1.99)	(2.17)	(2.19)
<u>\$ 59.72</u>	<u>\$ 59.66</u>	<u>\$ 61.31</u>	<u>\$ 59.42</u>	<u>\$ 59.19</u>	<u>\$ 66.31</u>	<u>\$ 64.34</u>	<u>\$ 72.05</u>	<u>\$ 56.22</u>	<u>\$ 59.15</u>
1.39%	(0.77)%	5.30%	2.62%	5.73%	6.16%	(8.44)%	32.03%	(1.24)%	11.93%
\$167,232	\$173,012	\$196,216	\$213,929	\$242,703	\$86,209	\$57,908	\$64,844	\$22,488	\$23,661
0.14%	0.14%	0.14%	0.16%	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%	0.15%	0.14%
1.16%	1.48%	1.75%	1.98%	2.06%	2.95%	2.49%	2.85%	3.79%	4.01%
32%	32%	35%	33%	39%	24%	20%	22%	26%	54%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Barclays Short Term Corporate Bond ETF					
	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	For the Period 12/16/09*- 6/30/10
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 30.53	\$ 30.37	\$ 30.44	\$ 29.98	\$ 30.00
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.36	0.40	0.49	0.56	0.31
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	0.29	0.17	(0.06)	0.48	(0.17)
Total from investment operations . . . . .	0.65	0.57	0.43	1.04	0.14
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.04
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.04	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.06
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>					
Net investment income . . . . .	(0.36)	(0.41)	(0.50)	(0.56)	(0.26)
Net realized gains . . . . .	(0.06)	(0.03)	(0.06)	(0.03)	—
Total distributions . . . . .	(0.42)	(0.44)	(0.56)	(0.59)	(0.26)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 30.76	\$ 30.53	\$ 30.37	\$ 30.44	\$ 29.98
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	2.14%	1.99%	1.63%	3.60%	0.79%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$3,448,186	\$2,940,064	\$1,105,432	\$337,925	\$161,898
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13% <sup>(5)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . .	1.18%	1.30%	1.61%	1.83%	1.94% <sup>(5)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(6)</sup> . . . . .	43%	46%	50%	46%	23%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(6)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Barclays Intermediate Term Corporate Bond ETF					SPDR Barclays Long Term Corporate Bond ETF				
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10
\$ 33.53	\$ 33.89	\$ 33.03	\$ 32.50	\$ 30.39	\$ 37.41	\$ 39.92	\$ 35.55	\$ 36.57	\$ 33.31
0.92	1.00	1.12	1.14	1.31	1.79	1.81	1.92	2.00	2.07
0.89	(0.31)	0.92	0.66	2.13	2.96	(2.60)	4.10	(0.22)	3.30
1.81	0.69	2.04	1.80	3.44	4.75	(0.79)	6.02	1.78	5.37
0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.09	0.04	0.01	0.07	0.02	0.06
0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.02	0.02	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.06	0.22	0.20	0.02	—
(0.92)	(1.02)	(1.12)	(1.15)	(1.38)	(1.80)	(1.82)	(1.92)	(2.01)	(2.09)
(0.08)	(0.07)	(0.10)	(0.15)	(0.04)	—	(0.13)	—	(0.83)	(0.08)
(1.00)	(1.09)	(1.22)	(1.30)	(1.42)	(1.80)	(1.95)	(1.92)	(2.84)	(2.17)
\$ 34.34	\$ 33.53	\$ 33.89	\$ 33.03	\$ 32.50	\$ 40.46	\$ 37.41	\$ 39.92	\$ 35.55	\$ 36.57
5.47%	2.10%	6.41%	5.72%	11.85%	13.44%	(1.74)%	18.04%	5.20%	16.76%
\$456,714	\$399,041	\$281,288	\$191,565	\$113,747	\$161,829	\$97,258	\$87,834	\$35,553	\$32,909
0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	0.16%	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	0.17%	0.15%
2.72%	2.89%	3.34%	3.45%	4.13%	4.69%	4.42%	4.97%	5.49%	5.85%
13%	16%	15%	37%	42%	8%	24%	21%	58%	42%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

	<b>SPDR Barclays Issuer Scored Corporate Bond ETF</b>			
	<b>Year Ended 6/30/14</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/13</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/12</b>	<b>For the Period 4/6/11*- 6/30/11</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 31.22</u>	<u>\$ 32.02</u>	<u>\$ 30.52</u>	<u>\$ 30.00</u>
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>				
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	1.08	1.08	1.11	0.24
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	<u>1.11</u>	<u>(0.81)</u>	<u>1.40</u>	<u>0.32</u>
Total from investment operations . . . . .	<u>2.19</u>	<u>0.27</u>	<u>2.51</u>	<u>0.56</u>
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>—</u>
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.03	0.08	0.09	0.11
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>				
Net investment income . . . . .	(1.08)	(1.08)	(1.11)	(0.15)
Net realized gains . . . . .	<u>(0.08)</u>	<u>(0.10)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions . . . . .	<u>(1.16)</u>	<u>(1.18)</u>	<u>(1.11)</u>	<u>(0.15)</u>
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 32.28</u>	<u>\$ 31.22</u>	<u>\$ 32.02</u>	<u>\$ 30.52</u>
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	7.28%	1.11%	8.72%	2.23%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$32,285	\$34,340	\$22,417	\$12,208
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.16%	0.16%	0.16%	0.16% <sup>(5)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	3.42%	3.34%	3.53%	3.42% <sup>(5)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(6)</sup> . . . . .	22%	11%	17%	6%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(6)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Barclays Convertible Securities ETF					SPDR Barclays Mortgage Backed Bond ETF				
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10
\$ 42.54	\$ 37.67	\$ 41.55	\$ 36.06	\$ 31.65	\$ 26.61	\$ 27.68	\$ 27.35	\$ 27.36	\$ 26.26
(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	(0.19)	0.37	0.68	1.43	0.53	0.11	0.41	0.48	0.68
9.20	6.39	(2.45)	6.52	4.78	0.69	(0.62)	0.85	0.50	1.29
9.20	6.20	(2.08)	7.20	6.21	1.22	(0.51)	1.26	0.98	1.97
0.14	0.31	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.04	0.05	0.01	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.02	0.07
0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.10
(1.59)	(1.64)	(1.29)	(1.63)	(1.76)	(0.44)	(0.13)	(0.43)	(0.51)	(0.73)
—	—	(0.52)	(0.12)	(0.11)	(0.01)	(0.45)	(0.52)	(0.56)	(0.31)
(1.59)	(1.64)	(1.81)	(1.75)	(1.87)	(0.45)	(0.58)	(0.95)	(1.07)	(1.04)
\$ 50.30	\$ 42.54	\$ 37.67	\$ 41.55	\$ 36.06	\$ 27.41	\$ 26.61	\$ 27.68	\$ 27.35	\$ 27.36
22.35%	17.57%	(4.89)%	20.38%	19.92%	4.75%	(1.80)%	4.82%	3.88%	8.31%
\$2,862,353	\$1,225,259	\$783,580	\$926,572	\$259,629	\$126,085	\$23,951	\$38,746	\$35,556	\$27,362
0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.41%	0.40%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.21%	0.21%
0.00%	(0.47)%	0.98%	1.68%	3.85%	1.96%	0.40%	1.47%	1.77%	2.55%
40%	34%	17%	33%	26%	379%	544%	1,489%	1,107%	897%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

	SPDR Barclays Aggregate Bond ETF				
	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 56.76	\$ 58.57	\$ 56.40	\$ 56.67	\$ 54.47
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	1.34	0.97	1.26	1.55	1.85
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	1.08	(1.52)	2.68	0.58	3.13
Total from investment operations . . . . .	2.42	(0.55)	3.94	2.13	4.98
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.04	0.01	0.01
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	—
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>					
Net investment income . . . . .	(1.31)	(0.96)	(1.35)	(1.59)	(1.86)
Net realized gains . . . . .	—	(0.31)	(0.51)	(0.82)	(0.93)
Total distributions . . . . .	(1.31)	(1.27)	(1.86)	(2.41)	(2.79)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 57.90	\$ 56.76	\$ 58.57	\$ 56.40	\$ 56.67
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	4.38%	(0.95)%	7.29%	3.83%	9.36%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$735,309	\$669,829	\$597,435	\$259,438	\$221,027
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.15%	0.13%
Ratio of expenses to average net assets before waivers . . . . .	0.19%	0.19%	0.19%	0.20%	0.19%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	2.35%	1.65%	2.17%	2.74%	3.33%
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(5)</sup> . . . . .	91%	165%	428%	310%	376%

- <sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.
- <sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.
- <sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Nuveen Barclays Municipal Bond ETF					SPDR Nuveen Barclays California Municipal Bond ETF				
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10
\$ 23.02	\$ 24.16	\$ 22.75	\$ 22.94	\$ 21.95	\$ 22.94	\$ 24.34	\$ 22.19	\$ 22.53	\$ 21.25
0.59	0.65	0.74	0.79	0.85	0.60	0.70	0.87	0.87	0.96
0.84	(0.87)	1.48	(0.05)	0.97	1.15	(0.87)	2.16	(0.19)	1.27
1.43	(0.22)	2.22	0.74	1.82	1.75	(0.17)	3.03	0.68	2.23
(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.02	(0.01) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.01
0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	—	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>
(0.59)	(0.65)	(0.75)	(0.79)	(0.85)	(0.61)	(0.70)	(0.86)	(0.86)	(0.96)
(0.14)	(0.28)	(0.07)	(0.14)	—	(0.60)	(0.54)	(0.02)	(0.17)	—
(0.73)	(0.93)	(0.82)	(0.93)	(0.85)	(1.21)	(1.24)	(0.88)	(1.03)	(0.96)
\$ 23.72	\$ 23.02	\$ 24.16	\$ 22.75	\$ 22.94	\$ 23.47	\$ 22.94	\$ 24.34	\$ 22.19	\$ 22.53
6.41%	(1.01)%	9.95%	3.33%	8.50%	7.92%	(0.85)%	13.91%	3.23%	10.67%
\$1,034,219	\$1,084,129	\$1,135,596	\$873,455	\$952,260	\$75,111	\$100,938	\$85,193	\$73,226	\$65,333
0.23%	0.23%	0.23%	0.22%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
0.30%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
2.58%	2.69%	3.14%	3.46%	3.75%	2.63%	2.88%	3.68%	3.92%	4.32%
28%	18%	17%	16%	9%	21%	40%	14%	29%	12%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

**SPDR Nuveen Barclays New York Municipal Bond ETF**

	<b>Year Ended 6/30/14</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/13</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/12</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/11</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/10</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 22.75	\$ 23.80	\$ 22.34	\$ 22.66	\$ 21.49
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.61	0.67	0.77	0.76	0.88
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	0.86	(0.87)	1.46	(0.20)	1.16
Total from investment operations . . . . .	1.47	(0.20)	2.23	0.56	2.04
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	(0.01)	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	—	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>					
Net investment income . . . . .	(0.61)	(0.68)	(0.77)	(0.76)	(0.88)
Net realized gains . . . . .	(0.60)	(0.17)	—	(0.12)	—
Total distributions . . . . .	(1.21)	(0.85)	(0.77)	(0.88)	(0.88)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 23.00	\$ 22.75	\$ 23.80	\$ 22.34	\$ 22.66
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	6.72%	(1.01)%	10.10%	2.55%	9.66%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$25,303	\$31,849	\$28,557	\$24,575	\$24,926
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . .	2.69%	2.77%	3.30%	3.40%	3.92%
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(6)</sup> . . . . .	32%	36%	24%	37%	9%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(6)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Nuveen Barclays Short Term Municipal Bond ETF					SPDR Nuveen S&P VRDO Municipal Bond ETF				
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	For the Period 9/23/09*- 6/30/10
\$ 24.03	\$ 24.39	\$ 24.20	\$ 24.08	\$ 23.67	\$30.01	\$ 30.02	\$ 30.03	\$30.03	\$ 30.00
0.23	0.26	0.33	0.36	0.42	(0.02)	0.03	0.17	0.24	0.06
0.33	(0.30)	0.23	0.19	0.41	(0.01)	(0.01)	—	—	—
0.56	(0.04)	0.56	0.55	0.83	(0.03)	0.02	0.17	0.24	0.06
0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.01	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>
0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	—	—	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	0.01
(0.23)	(0.27)	(0.33)	(0.36)	(0.44)	—	(0.03)	(0.18)	(0.24)	(0.04)
—	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.07)	—	—	—	—	—	—
(0.23)	(0.32)	(0.37)	(0.43)	(0.44)	—	(0.03)	(0.18)	(0.24)	(0.04)
\$ 24.36	\$ 24.03	\$ 24.39	\$ 24.20	\$ 24.08	\$29.99	\$ 30.01	\$ 30.02	\$30.03	\$ 30.03
2.31%	(0.20)%	2.36%	2.33%	3.60%	(0.08)%	0.09%	0.55%	0.81%	0.23%
\$2,219,335	\$1,927,465	\$1,539,304	\$1,299,603	\$1,252,378	\$5,997	\$15,005	\$15,008	\$9,010	\$15,013
0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.21%	0.21%	0.21% <sup>(5)</sup>
0.93%	1.07%	1.34%	1.49%	1.77%	(0.08)%	0.09%	0.50%	0.80%	0.26% <sup>(5)</sup>
17%	20%	23%	25%	14%	28%	110%	92%	77%	173%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

<b>SPDR Nuveen S&amp;P High Yield Municipal Bond ETF</b>				
	<b>Year Ended 6/30/14</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/13</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/12</b>	<b>For the Period 4/13/11*- 6/30/11</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 54.67	\$ 56.05	\$ 52.25	\$ 50.00
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>				
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	2.72	2.81	3.12	0.64
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	1.47	(1.49)	3.70	1.96
Total from investment operations . . . . .	4.19	1.32	6.82	2.60
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.05	0.07	0.10	—
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.01	0.01	0.01	—
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>				
Net investment income . . . . .	(2.64)	(2.70)	(3.01)	(0.35)
Net realized gains . . . . .	—	(0.08)	(0.12)	—
Return of capital . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Total distributions . . . . .	(2.64)	(2.78)	(3.13)	(0.35)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 56.28</u>	<u>\$ 54.67</u>	<u>\$ 56.05</u>	<u>\$ 52.25</u>
<b>Total return<sup>(3)</sup></b> . . . . .	8.16%	2.33%	13.71%	5.21%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$275,752	\$218,686	\$95,283	\$47,025
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45% <sup>(4)</sup>
Ratio of expenses to average net assets before waivers . . . . .	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50% <sup>(4)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	5.08%	4.84%	5.78%	5.86% <sup>(4)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(5)</sup> . . . . .	21%	7%	24%	33%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(4)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(5)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Nuveen Barclays Build America Bond ETF					SPDR DB International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF				
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	For the Period 5/12/10*- 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10
\$ 56.07	\$ 60.05	\$ 50.97	\$ 50.73	\$ 50.00	\$ 57.56	\$ 59.24	\$ 61.86	\$ 52.18	\$ 51.90
2.56	2.60	2.65	2.74	0.34	1.99	1.86	2.56	3.19	2.52
4.90	(4.07)	8.92	0.16	0.49	4.20	(1.44)	(3.10)	7.90	(1.96)
7.46	(1.47)	11.57	2.90	0.83	6.19	0.42	(0.54)	11.09	0.56
(0.12)	(0.03)	0.18	0.06	—	—	—	—	—	0.35
0.01	0.11	0.04	0.02	—	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.09	0.17
(2.57)	(2.59)	(2.71)	(2.73)	(0.10)	(1.49)	(1.62)	(2.13)	(1.50)	(0.80)
—	—	—	(0.01)	—	(0.03)	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	(0.58)	—	—	—
(2.57)	(2.59)	(2.71)	(2.74)	(0.10)	(1.52)	(2.20)	(2.13)	(1.50)	(0.80)
\$ 60.85	\$ 56.07	\$ 60.05	\$ 50.97	\$ 50.73	\$ 62.28	\$ 57.56	\$ 59.24	\$ 61.86	\$ 52.18
13.60%	(2.60)%	23.52%	6.22%	1.67%	10.97%	0.67%	(0.69)%	21.61%	2.03%
\$42,596	\$78,493	\$102,078	\$30,583	\$10,147	\$959,208	\$1,162,731	\$1,273,764	\$1,360,851	\$850,501
0.35%	0.35%	0.35%	0.35%	0.36% <sup>(4)</sup>	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.52%	0.50%
0.35%	0.35%	0.35%	0.35%	0.36% <sup>(4)</sup>	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.52%	0.50%
4.54%	4.24%	4.57%	5.54%	5.10% <sup>(4)</sup>	3.35%	3.00%	4.32%	5.43%	4.60%
9%	46%	112%	58%	16%	19%	43%	40%	23%	40%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

**SPDR Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond ETF**

	<b>Year Ended 6/30/14</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/13</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/12</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/11</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/10</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 34.67</u>	<u>\$ 35.80</u>	<u>\$ 39.24</u>	<u>\$ 33.73</u>	<u>\$ 35.05</u>
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>					
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.30	0.40	0.54	0.51	0.46
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	<u>1.53</u>	<u>(1.53)</u>	<u>(2.73)</u>	<u>4.97</u>	<u>(1.41)</u>
Total from investment operations . . . . .	<u>1.83</u>	<u>(1.13)</u>	<u>(2.19)</u>	<u>5.48</u>	<u>(0.95)</u>
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	0.03	0.10
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>					
Net investment income . . . . .	(0.00)	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	(1.26)	—	(0.54)
Net realized gains . . . . .	<u>(0.03)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Return of capital . . . . .	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(0.00)<sup>(3)</sup></u>
Total distributions . . . . .	<u>(0.03)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(1.26)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(0.54)</u>
Contribution from Custodian . . . . .	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 36.48</u>	<u>\$ 34.67</u>	<u>\$ 35.80</u>	<u>\$ 39.24</u>	<u>\$ 33.73</u>
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	5.32%	(3.14)%	(5.59)%	16.34%	(2.32)%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$273,606	\$211,479	\$225,523	\$251,107	\$134,928
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.35%	0.35%	0.35%	0.36%	0.35%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	0.84%	1.11%	1.47%	1.37%	1.30%
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(7)</sup> . . . . .	83%	71%	116%	85%	95%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> If the custodian had not made a contribution during the Year Ended 6/30/13, the total return would have been 7.13%.

<sup>(6)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(7)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Barclays International Treasury Bond ETF					SPDR Barclays International Corporate Bond ETF				
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	For the Period 5/19/10*- 6/30/10
\$ 56.29	\$ 59.14	\$ 61.84	\$ 53.78	\$ 54.19	\$ 34.17	\$ 32.34	\$ 34.81	\$ 29.97	\$30.00
1.20	1.29	1.39	1.42	1.48	0.64	0.77	0.97	0.93	0.07
4.09	(2.93)	(1.79)	7.09	(1.48)	3.44	1.43	(2.85)	4.44	(0.14)
5.29	(1.64)	(0.40)	8.51	—	4.08	2.20	(1.88)	5.37	(0.07)
—	—	—	—	(0.08)	—	—	—	—	—
0.01	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.10	0.05	0.09	0.08	0.26	0.04
(0.91)	(1.22)	(2.33)	(0.49)	(0.43)	(0.60)	(0.46)	(0.67)	(0.78)	—
(0.01)	—	—	—	—	(0.02)	(0.02)	—	(0.01)	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(0.92)	(1.22)	(2.33)	(0.49)	(0.43)	(0.62)	(0.48)	(0.67)	(0.79)	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	—	—	—
\$ 60.67	\$ 56.29	\$ 59.14	\$ 61.84	\$ 53.78	\$ 37.68	\$ 34.17	\$ 32.34	\$ 34.81	\$29.97
9.52%	(2.86)%	(0.58)%	15.95%	(0.01)%	12.32%	7.18% <sup>(5)</sup>	(5.17)%	19.01%	(0.10)%
\$2,426,951	\$1,891,366	\$1,862,925	\$1,583,074	\$1,037,923	\$316,502	\$184,513	\$71,144	\$52,208	\$5,993
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.52%	0.50%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55% <sup>(6)</sup>
2.05%	2.16%	2.32%	2.41%	2.62%	1.77%	2.24%	2.95%	2.77%	2.16% <sup>(6)</sup>
40%	31%	38%	63%	80%	23%	37%	42%	21%	2%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

<b>SPDR Barclays Emerging Markets Local Bond ETF</b>				
	<b>Year Ended 6/30/14</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/13</b>	<b>Year Ended 6/30/12</b>	<b>For the Period 2/23/11*- 6/30/11</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 29.74	\$ 30.79	\$ 31.74	\$ 30.00
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>				
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	1.51	1.57	1.57	0.55
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	0.47	(1.13)	(2.55)	1.06
Total from investment operations . . . . .	1.98	0.44	(0.98)	1.61
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.09	0.14	0.57	0.41
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>				
Net investment income . . . . .	(0.56)	(1.54)	(0.54)	(0.28)
Net realized gains . . . . .	—	(0.01)	—	—
Return of capital . . . . .	—	(0.08)	—	—
Total distributions . . . . .	(0.56)	(1.63)	(0.54)	(0.28)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 31.25</u>	<u>\$ 29.74</u>	<u>\$ 30.79</u>	<u>\$ 31.74</u>
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	6.77%	1.97%	(1.30)%	6.70%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$100,014	\$107,055	\$197,030	\$28,564
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50% <sup>(5)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	5.06%	4.93%	5.13%	5.01% <sup>(5)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(6)</sup> . . . . .	69%	75%	18%	5%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(6)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

SPDR Barclays International High Yield Bond ETF	SPDR Barclays High Yield Bond ETF					SPDR Barclays Short Term High Yield Bond ETF		
For the Period 3/12/14*- 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	Year Ended 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/11	Year Ended 6/30/10	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	For the Period 3/14/12*- 6/30/12
\$ 25.00	\$ 39.53	\$ 39.16	\$ 39.88	\$ 37.99	\$ 34.30	\$ 30.05	\$ 29.77	\$ 30.00
0.36	2.38	2.59	2.85	3.25	4.16	1.59	1.75	0.56
0.30	2.11	0.38	(0.53)	2.53	3.70	0.75	0.23	(0.60)
0.66	4.49	2.97	2.32	5.78	7.86	2.34	1.98	(0.04)
—	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	(0.01)	0.06	0.05	0.14	0.07	0.14	0.09
0.10	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.04	0.08
(0.23)	(2.39)	(2.62)	(2.87)	(3.34)	(4.31)	(1.58)	(1.88)	(0.36)
—	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	—	(0.26)	(0.61)	—	(0.02)	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(0.23)	(2.39)	(2.62)	(3.13)	(3.95)	(4.31)	(1.60)	(1.88)	(0.36)
\$ 25.53	\$ 41.63	\$ 39.53	\$ 39.16	\$ 39.88	\$ 37.99	\$ 30.86	\$ 30.05	\$ 29.77
3.07%	11.72%	7.70%	6.50%	15.87%	24.22%	8.21%	7.40%	0.44%
\$43,406	\$9,762,390	\$9,300,031	\$10,780,535	\$6,915,538	\$4,301,252	\$4,341,352	\$1,349,305	\$133,966
0.40% <sup>(5)</sup>	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.41%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40% <sup>(5)</sup>
4.76% <sup>(5)</sup>	5.86%	6.41%	7.38%	8.13%	10.96%	5.17%	5.75%	6.40% <sup>(5)</sup>
26%	30%	49%	38%	40%	53%	44%	54%	16%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period

	SPDR Barclays Investment Grade Floating Rate ETF		
	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	For the Period 11/30/11*- 6/30/12
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b> . . . . .	\$ 30.47	\$ 30.33	\$30.00
<b>Income (loss) from investment operations:</b>			
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.16	0.33	0.30
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup> . . . . .	0.14	0.13	0.28
Total from investment operations . . . . .	0.30	0.46	0.58
Net equalization credits and charges <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.01	0.02	0.01
Other capital <sup>(1)</sup> . . . . .	0.01	0.05	—
<b>Distributions to shareholders from:</b>			
Net investment income . . . . .	(0.16)	(0.39)	(0.26)
Net realized gains . . . . .	(0.00) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00	—
Total distributions . . . . .	(0.16)	(0.39)	(0.26)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b> . . . . .	<u>\$ 30.63</u>	<u>\$ 30.47</u>	<u>\$30.33</u>
<b>Total return<sup>(4)</sup></b> . . . . .	1.06%	1.77%	1.95%
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) . . . . .	\$385,915	\$42,655	\$9,098
Ratio of expenses to average net assets . . . . .	0.15%	0.15%	0.15% <sup>(5)</sup>
Ratio of expenses to average net assets before waivers . . . . .	0.15%	0.15%	0.15% <sup>(5)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets . . . . .	0.51%	1.08%	1.68% <sup>(5)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(6)</sup> . . . . .	12%	11%	5%

\* Commencement of operations.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share numbers have been calculated using average shares outstanding, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown in this caption for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount is less than \$0.005 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of each period reported. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value per share on the respective payment dates of each Fund. Total return for periods of less than one year is not annualized. Broker commission charges are not included in this calculation.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized

<sup>(6)</sup> Portfolio Turnover rate excludes securities received or delivered from in-kind processing of creations or redemptions.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS — (Continued)  
*Selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period*

SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Emerging Markets Corporate Bond ETF			SPDR BofA Merrill Lynch Crossover Corporate Bond ETF		
Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	For the Period 6/18/12*- 6/30/12	Year Ended 6/30/14	Year Ended 6/30/13	For the Period 6/18/12*- 6/30/12
<u>\$ 29.41</u>	<u>\$ 30.08</u>	<u>\$ 30.00</u>	<u>\$ 25.30</u>	<u>\$ 25.24</u>	<u>\$ 25.00</u>
1.32	1.30	0.06	1.03	1.05	0.05
<u>1.39</u>	<u>(0.75)</u>	<u>(0.20)</u>	<u>1.35</u>	<u>(0.16)</u>	<u>0.19</u>
<u>2.71</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>(0.14)</u>	<u>2.38</u>	<u>0.89</u>	<u>0.24</u>
<u>0.01</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>0.06</u>	<u>—</u>
0.06	—	0.22	0.02	0.11	—
(1.33)	(1.22)	—	(1.03)	(1.00)	—
<u>(0.32)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(0.09)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
<u>(1.65)</u>	<u>(1.22)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(1.12)</u>	<u>(1.00)</u>	<u>—</u>
<u>\$ 30.54</u>	<u>\$ 29.41</u>	<u>\$ 30.08</u>	<u>\$ 26.58</u>	<u>\$ 25.30</u>	<u>\$ 25.24</u>
9.81%	1.63%	0.27%	9.76%	4.11%	0.95%
\$21,377	\$14,703	\$15,041	\$29,235	\$22,770	\$10,095
0.50%	0.50%	0.50% <sup>(5)</sup>	0.30%	0.30%	0.30% <sup>(5)</sup>
0.50%	0.50%	0.50% <sup>(5)</sup>	0.40%	0.40%	0.40% <sup>(5)</sup>
4.45%	4.15%	3.38% <sup>(5)</sup>	4.00%	4.01%	3.64% <sup>(5)</sup>
18%	30%	6%	18%	20%	1%

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## WHERE TO LEARN MORE ABOUT THE FUNDS

This Prospectus does not contain all the information included in the Registration Statement filed with the SEC with respect to the Funds' Shares. An SAI and the annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders, each of which has been or will be filed with the SEC, provide more information about the Funds. In the annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected each Fund's performance during the Fund's last fiscal year, as applicable. The SAI and the financial statements included in the Trust's annual report to shareholders are incorporated herein by reference (*i.e.*, they are legally part of this Prospectus). These materials may be obtained without charge, upon request, by writing to the Distributor, State Street Global Markets, LLC, State Street Financial Center, One Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02111, by visiting the Funds' website at <https://www.spdrs.com> or by calling the following number:

**Investor Information: 1-866-787-2257**

The Registration Statement, including this Prospectus, the SAI, and the exhibits as well as any shareholder reports may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room (100 F Street NE, Washington D.C. 20549) or on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's website (<http://www.sec.gov>). Information on the operation of the public reference room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-202-551-8090. You may get copies of this and other information after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing the Public Reference Section of the SEC, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520.

Shareholder inquiries may be directed to the Funds in writing to State Street Global Markets, LLC, State Street Financial Center, One Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02111 or by calling the Investor Information number listed above.

**No person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Prospectus in connection with the offer of each Fund's Shares, and, if given or made, the information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Trust or the Funds. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor any sale of Shares shall under any circumstance imply that the information contained herein is correct as of any date after the date of this Prospectus.**

**Dealers effecting transactions in the Funds' Shares, whether or not participating in this distribution, are generally required to deliver a Prospectus. This is in addition to any obligation of dealers to deliver a Prospectus when acting as underwriters.**

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The Trust's Investment Company Act Number is 811-08839.



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