GAVEKAL UCITS FUND

CONDENSED INTERIM REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial period from 1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020

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General Information

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Investment Advisor and Promoter

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Distributors (Hong Kong)

GaveKal Capital Limited Suite 3101 Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai

* Independent Director. All Directors are non-executive

Registered Office of the Manager

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Independent Auditors

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Administrator, Registrar and Transfer Agent

Société Générale Securities Services SGSS (Ireland) Limited 3rd Floor, IFSC House International Financial Services Centre Dublin 1 Ireland

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Depositary

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Governance Support Services

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General Information (continued)

Distributors (Cayman Islands)

GaveKal Capital Management Limited c/o Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Background to the GaveKal UCITS Fund (the "Trust")

The Trust is an open-ended umbrella unit trust established as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities ("UCITS") pursuant to the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011 and Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2019 (together the "Regulations") and the Trust Deed dated 22 December 2005 by which the Trust is constituted (the "Trust Deed").

The Trust currently has five Sub-Funds:

- GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund;
- GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund;
- GaveKal Asian Value Fund;
- GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund; and
- GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund.

GaveKal Asian Value Fund terminated on 31 October 2019. As a result, the Sub-Fund had no units in issue at 30 June 2020.

GaveKal Fund Management (Ireland) Limited (the "Manager") may create more than one Class of Units in each Sub-Fund to which different levels of subscription fees (if any) and expenses (including the management fee), minimum subscription, minimum holding, designated currency, hedging strategy (if any) applied to the designated currency of the Class, distribution policy and such other features as the Manager may determine may be applicable.

At the period end, there were:

- Nine classes of units in issue for GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund: the Class A EUR (unhedged), Class A GBP (unhedged), Class A USD (unhedged), Class B GBP (unhedged), Class C EUR (unhedged), Class C AUD (unhedged), Class C USD (unhedged), Class C GBP (unhedged) and Class Select Euro (unhedged) units;
- Eight classes of units in issue for GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund: the Class A EUR (unhedged), Class A EUR (hedged), Class A USD (unhedged), Class B EUR (unhedged), Class B GBP (unhedged), Class C EUR (unhedged), Class SE- SEK (unhedged) and Class RMB CNH (unhedged) units;
- Two class of units in issue for GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund: Class A USD (unhedged) and Class A EUR (hedged) units;
- Three class of units in issue for GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund: Class A EUR (unhedged); Class A SEK (unhedged) and Class B EUR (unhedged) units.

Investment objectives and policies

The investment objective of the GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund is capital appreciation through tactical asset allocation between the currencies, government bonds, corporate bonds, convertible bonds and equities of the Asia-Pacific region.

The investment objective of GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund is to seek capital appreciation through the acquisition and sale of fixed income securities denominated in Chinese Yuan Renminbi, Hong Kong Dollar, US Dollar and Singapore Dollar.

The investment objective of GaveKal Asian Value Fund was total return through capital appreciation and dividend income through investment in equities of the Asia Pacific region.

The investment objective of GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund is to outperform consistently the MSCI All Countries Index with a lower volatility. The Sub-Fund will seek to achieve its investment objective by principally investing in futures on equity indices traded on a Recognized Exchange and/or open-ended exchange traded funds ("ETFs") in order to gain an exposure to the equity markets of the countries which make up the Index.

The investment objective of GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund is to maximise total return through the acquisition and sale of Chinese onshore renminbi-denominated ("RMB") bonds.

Investment Advisor's Report

GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund

The GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund appreciated +1.85% in EUR terms and +2.03% in USD terms in 1H20, outperforming the MSCI AC Asia Pacific Total Return Index benchmark by 839bps in EUR terms and 845bps in USD terms.

For the period under review, Asian equity markets were negatively affected by the coronavirus pandemic and the intense tension between the US and China. However, the unprecedented monetary and fiscal easing by governments around the world partially offset the demand shock. Given the attractive valuation of large-cap growth stocks, we have been overweight equities.

Led by China, Asia demonstrated stronger management of lockdowns and precautionary measures in response to the pandemic. There are signs that the region sustainably leads the economic recovery. With production gradually resuming to normality in China, domestic demand is regaining growth momentum, as evident in property and car sales. Services sectors continue to be a major structural driver for growth. Our overweight positions in large-cap growth companies in that sector—which include Tencent (700 HK), Alibaba (9988 HK), Pinduoduo (PDD US) and Meituan Dianping (3690 HK)—have all added value to the portfolio. These remain core holdings for the fund in the coming quarters.

The national security law imposed on Hong Kong by the Chinese government has sparked renewed concerns about further economic sanctions against China, and about the future of Hong Kong as a financial centre. We believe otherwise. Firstly, trade sanctions against China appear to be getting exhausted as a policy tool given that the trade war has been on for more than two years and that the current state of the US economy can ill afford another drag on growth. Secondly, investors should take cue from the high-profile Chinese policy on Hong Kong. The Chinese government seems prepared to support the implementation both politically and economically. Any sanctions against Hong Kong by the US will be offset by favourable polices by the Chinese. Take the threat of delisting US-listed Chinese ADRs as an example. Large companies such as Alibaba (9988 HK), NetEase (NTES US), JD.com (JD US), etc., have already listed or are set to be listed in Hong Kong. Rising tensions around Chinese listed companies in the US will benefit Hong Kong Exchange & Clearing Ltd (388 HK), which is one of our top holdings.

Another important indicator to look at is the disconnect between the money supply in Hong Kong and the US. With the US dollar peg, the unprecedented quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve should lead to a corresponding rise in money supply in Hong Kong. That has yet to happen due to the current political concerns. Once stability is restored by the national security law, local asset prices will rise.

Without the national security law, Hong Kong's legal structure had proven insufficient to deal with the instability caused by the anti-China sentiment in the population. We view the proposed national security law as the beginning of the second "handover". The first handover happened in 1997, with the Chinese authorities embracing a large part of the legal structure left by the British system. With very little intervention over the last 23 years, the Chinese authority realized the setup was insufficient given the changing global political landscape. The imposition of new guidelines will restore stability. We are overweight Hong Kong equities.

For the technology sector, we remain overweight Samsung Electronics (005930 KS) and SK Hynix (000660 KS), as concerns about an inventory overhang has been fully discounted in their share price. We have also added ASM Pacific (522 HK) thanks to a demand recovery in back-end semiconductor equipment.

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund

Fund Performance and Equity Allocation

The fund lost 1,130bps from December 31, 2019 to June 30, 2020.

| January: | -3.22% |
|-----------|--------|
| February: | -8.91% |
| March: | -0.08% |
| April: | +0.01% |
| May: | +0.01% |
| June: | +0.67% |

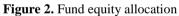
Figure 1. Performance of the fund and other equity and hedge funds' indexes.

| | -12 -9 | -6 -3 0 |
|--|--------|---------|
| Gavekal Global Asset Allocation Fund | | |
| MSCI Emerging Net Total Return USD Index | | |
| MSCI World Net Total Return USD Index | | |
| Hedge Fund Research HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index | x | |
| Hedge Fund Research HFRX Macro/CTA Index | | |
| Barclays BTOP50 Index | | - |

Source: Gavekal Capital, Bloomberg, MacroBond

The fund was 0% invested in equities during the first large market drawdown.





Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)

Understanding the fund's performance in 1H20

The fund is a systematic tactical asset allocation strategy that manages its equities, bonds and cash allocations based on macro and behavioural models, as shown below.

Figure 3. Fund's allocations in the four risk quadrants of an equity return distribution



Source: Gavekal Capital

The fund entered 2020 facing a combination of macroeconomic and behavioral factors extremely favorable to equities. However, the fund radically changed its risk exposure during the first quarter: from maximum equity exposure in January (120% of AUM), close to maximum equity exposure in February (110% of the AUM), down to zero exposure and 100% allocation to cash in March.

The following note will provide answers to the three main questions raised during the quarter:

- 1. Why did the fund remain invested in equities in February despite the Covid-19 epidemic spreading in China?
- 2. Why did the fund radically change its view at the end of February?
- 3. Why did the fund then invest in cash, and not in bonds?

Why did the fund remain invested in equities in February despite the Covid-19 epidemic spreading in China?

On February 1, we published our statistical analysis of the Chinese epidemic, titled Quarantine.

The publication was then followed by numerous updates, including extended studies performed in cooperation with the ETH Zurich and the Southern University of Science and Technology in Shenzhen, posted on our website: <u>www.gavekal-intelligence-software.com</u>

The conclusion at the beginning of February was that the epidemic had already started to fade in China, and that we could define an upper bound case risk that would trigger the closing of our positions. The upper bound has never been reached, and the fading of the outbreak continued as expected, even faster than initially anticipated.

However, at the end of February, the epidemic turned into a pandemic, with new epidemic centres developing in various countries. The fund was caught up in the market meltdown in the last week of February and closed all its equity positions following the month-end signals.

Why did the fund radically change its view at the end of February?

The exit from equities was due to a series of macro factors collapsing the equity value-for-risk calculation globally. Two factors especially turned deeply "red":

- 1. The growth prospects for major economies
- 2. The collapse of expected world trade

Our macro heat map turned to risk-off mode in all of the 40 countries we track. From a macroeconomic standpoint, there was no safe haven for equities.

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)



Figure 4. 28 Feb: The fund's Track Macro model flashed negative signals across the world

Source: Gavekal Capital

The fund's behavioural model led to the same conclusion: 37 countries out of 40 turned to risk-off mode. The market had entered a typical positive feedback process, when people sell because other people sell. This is historically the most dangerous configuration for fragile assets.

Why did the fund then invest in cash, and not in bonds?

There are two reasons why the managers invested in cash and not in bonds.

The first reason is that the yield-to-maturity on 10-year developed market government bonds are negative or near zero (Figure 5 on the next page). The decision was taken and communicated to investors last year that the fund would not switch to bonds in such circumstances, given the lack of historical data backing the behaviour of bonds with negative yields.

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)

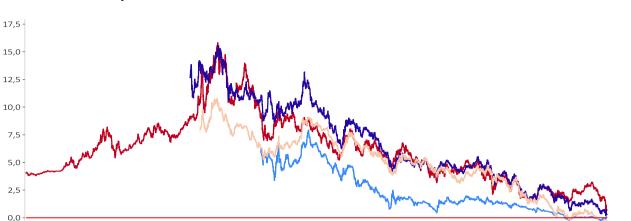


Figure 5. The yield-to-maturity in main government bond markets are negative or near zero for the first time in post-World War Two history.



Source: Gavekal/Macro Bond

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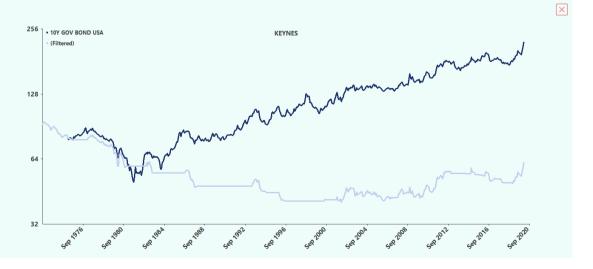
The second reason to avoid bonds results from the conclusion of our fundamental research in 2019 on the consequences on monetary policies. In essence, there are two types of monetary policies: "Wicksellian" and "Keynesian". A Wicksellian-type of monetary policy sets cash rates high enough to maintain the purchasing power of savings. A Keynesian-type of monetary policy maintains interest rates artificially low to favor borrowers, at the expense of lenders.

On January 31, 2019 the major developed economies kicked off Keynesian-type monetary policies, which has had significant consequences on the relative performance of bonds versus real assets. Bonds tend to return less than cash, while real assets such as gold outperform.

Figure 6 shows the excess performance above cash rate of a 10-year US treasury position since the end of the gold standard in 1971 (the dark blue line) and the same performance in Keynesian times only (the light blue line) Figure 7 on the next page highlights the performance in Wicksellian times (the light blue line).

Holding fixed-rate bonds in Keynesian times simply puts the odds against you.





Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)

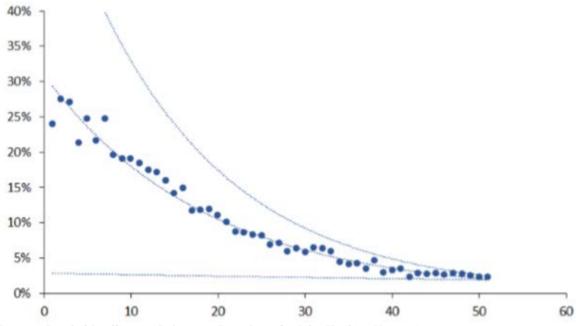


Figure 7. 10y US treasury excess return above US dollar Libor in Wicksellian periods (light blue)

The end of medical risk?

In late April the Covid-19 related deaths had passed their peaks in almost all developed countries. The daily mortality rate was fading smoothly from about 30% per day at the early stage of the pandemic to less than 2% (Fig 8). Given the sharp slowdown in the mortality rate, and no evidence of a new wave of infection, the medical risk was slowly giving way to the financial risk, i.e., the real economic impact of the lockdown on the world economy.

Figure 8. February 28: Daily increase in the number of deaths from Covid-19 in 42 countries, rescaled at start of their epidemic diffusion (10 deaths), average and standard deviations as a function of the number of days since the beginning.



Source: Gavekal Intelligence Software – Data from the John Hopkins University

Source: Gavekal/MacroBond

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

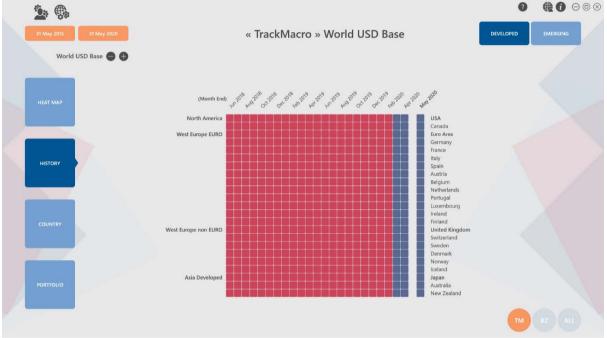
GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)

The return of financial risk

At the end of April the inflation-growth mix, being one rule of the macroeconomic model, was deteriorating sharply and the mix was negative for all the 40 countries we track. World trade, another rule of the model, was not showing any signs of recovery, and the collapse of the oil price—despite being a positive factor for the world economy (except for the energy sector and energy exporting countries)—was not enough to support equity allocation. From an equity valuation perspective, no countries were flashing a risk-on signal, the reason being in the model's construction which looks at the combination of earnings and volatility.

The only good news was a switch in the US dollar liquidity rule, which turned positive at the end of March for the first time since 2017 (Fig 9).

Figure 9. The Track Macro World USD Base Liquidity rule switched to a positive reading at the end of March



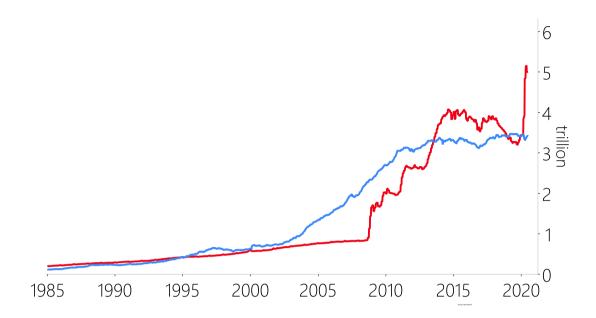
Source: Gavekal Intelligence Software – Gavekal TrackMacro

The liquidity rule tracks changes in two metrics: the level of US dollars in circulation in the US and the level of US dollars deposited at the Fed by foreign central banks. The rule does not track monetary mass but rather central banks' money, out of which pyramids of credit can be built. In other words, it tracks the foundations of global liquidity. On the one hand, the Fed decided to monetize the massive economic consequences of lockdowns, as evidenced by the US\$2.5tm increase of its balance sheet (red line on Fig 10). On the other hand, the fall in worldwide economic activity and oil prices did not trigger major dollar withdrawals from foreign central banks' deposits with the Fed (blue line Fig 10).

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

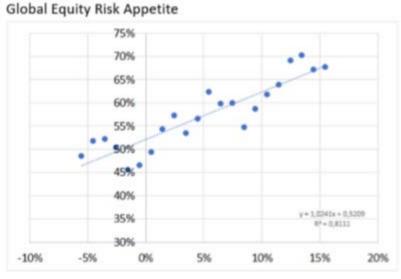
GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)

Figure 10. Federal Reserve currency in circulation (red) and foreign central bank deposits (blue)



In market finance, the inflation of money supply is positively correlated to risk appetite. In other words, abundant and cheap liquidity supports asset prices, and prevents financial markets from crashing. To show the link between liquidity and risk appetite, we can isolate our TrackBehavior model, which is a proxy for risk appetite. We can build an index tracking 40 countries and measure the proportion of countries with a positive risk appetite. At the end of April, the index was still at a very low level of just 2.5%. Figure 11 below shows that over the last 23 years, risk appetite does not deteriorate with liquidity injections—quite the contrary. We simply clustered the time periods when liquidity increased by, say 5%, 10%, 15% etc., or decreased over the previous 12 months, and we measured the average subsequent risk appetite the following month. It turns out that risk appetite increases with liquidity.

Figure 11. Global equity risk appetite increases with liquidity



World real USD base variation in the previous 12 months

Source: Gavekal Capital, Bloomberg 31/12/1997 31/05/2020

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)

Looking forward

The Covid-19 pandemic may not be over, as new clusters of infections appear as lockdowns end around the world. However, we see one main why equity markets do not seem to be affected by the resurgence of global health risk, as detailed below.

Liquidity injections support equity rallies

Our macro model tracks the amount of central bank money deposited at the Fed to identify periods of excess liquidity and periods of insufficient liquidity globally.

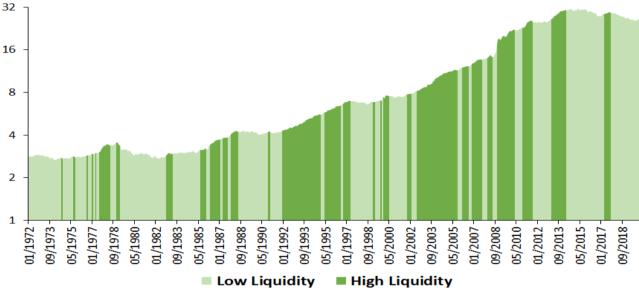
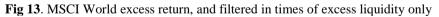


Fig 12. World monetary base in US\$, acceleration, and deceleration phases

Source: Gavekal Intelligence Software

Since 2017, the amount of US dollars in circulation was insufficient, but over the last three months the supply has accelerated fast. Thus, we have re-entered a period of excess liquidity, which over the last 50 or so years has proven to be a very equity-friendly environment.

Figure 13 shows that the MSCI World index returned cash + 12.8% per annum in times of excess liquidity, as compared to an average of cash + 3% per annum over the whole period.





Source: Gavekal Intelligence Software, Bloomberg data

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund (continued)

Conversely, the MSCI World returned less than cash in times of insufficient liquidity over 50 years.

Fig 14. MSCI World excess return, and filtered in times of insufficient liquidity only



Source: Gavekal Intelligence Software, Bloomberg data

US dollar liquidity is certainly not the sole factor driving equity markets, but the amount of liquidity that has been injected in the last quarter is unprecedented. And it is expected to balloon the US deficit to more than 20 times the size of the Marshall Plan after the 2nd World War, in constant US dollar terms.

Entering the second half of the year, our macro and behavioural models have improved substantially, advocating for an increased allocation to equity markets. The fund has implemented new equity allocations to developing Asia, which has not monetized the Covid-19 crisis, and Japan, on top of the US and South African markets.

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund

During the first half of 2020, the Markit iBoxx ALBI China Offshore IG TRI ("the benchmark") gained 1.0% in USD terms. Against this backdrop, the GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund declined -0.14% in USD terms, underperforming the benchmark by 114bps. CNH depreciated by -1.55% against the USD during the period. Despite the renminbi weakness and the volatility in rates, the fund's AUM increased by USD202mn in 1H20, from USD460mn to USD662mn.

The fund's underperformance was mainly due to its overweight in Chinese government bonds compared to the benchmark (44.5% vs 32.4% at end-June). In addition, most of the fund's Chinese government bond exposure is obtained onshore due to the difficulty in sourcing offshore Chinese government bonds. During the first half of 2020, the fund increased its onshore exposure from 45.65% of NAV as of end-2019 to a high of 60.68% in May, before reducing it to 57.87% at the end of June.

Onshore bond markets sold off significantly in May and June, with 10-year Chinese government bonds back to their pre-Covid-19 lockdown levels. The interest rate spread differential between 10-year US treasuries and Chinese government bonds has reached a new high of 240bps. The striking divergent rates development is somewhat surprising given the strong headwinds the global economy currently faces. We believe that the sell-off in Chinese government bonds is mainly due to certain idiosyncratic drivers such as the increasing supply of special Chinese government bonds, fewer broad-based easing actions by the People's Bank of China, and a faster-than-expected economic recovery which is reflected in stronger-than-expected official and Caixin manufacturing PMIs for China in June.

Despite expansionary PMI readings, the economic recovery remained uneven as new export orders continued to contract. Sub-indexes also showed a contraction in employment in both the manufacturing and service sectors, indicating that businesses remain cautious about hiring. In addition, the recent rebound in Covid-19 cases in the US may lead to a pause in the country's economic reopening. Daily new infections globally are still trending up (over 200,000 per day since July 4) with Australia's second most populous state reimplementing lockdowns. In order to stabilize Chinese employment amid the substantial global growth headwinds, we believe more accommodative policies are needed in the coming months to bring overall financing costs lower and to provide liquidity support for the upcoming large bond supply. As such, we believe Chinese government bond yields are close to a near-term peak, with their US dollar-hedged yields even higher than developed market government bond yields.

Regarding renminbi internationalization, February 28 marked the inclusion of nine renminbi-denominated Chinese government bonds in the JP Morgan Government Bond Index-Emerging Markets series, with full inclusion of the bonds to be completed in 10 months. Despite the global outbreak of Covid-19, foreign ownership of onshore Chinese bonds continued to make record highs at RMB2.51trn (USD354.7bn) in June on the China Central Depositary and Clearing Co. and Shanghai Clearing House.

In order to broaden participation and to boost liquidity in the onshore renminbi bond market, Chinese regulators started to allow several Chinese banks and insurers to join a pilot program to trade in Chinese government bond futures, a reform that has been more than 20 years in the making.

The People's Bank of China and the State Administration of Foreign Exchange also announced that it will be scrapping quota restrictions on the QFII and RQFII systems on June 6. After the changes, qualified foreign investors will only need to go through a registration-based process to transfer money into the country.

In the second quarter of the year, foreign inflows to China's onshore bond markets under the CCDC platform were USD34bn, almost three times the USD12bn recorded in the first quarter. We expect inflows to stay solid in the coming months, supported by wide yield differentials between Chinese government bonds and developed market government bonds, index inclusion and enhanced onshore market access, which should support the performance of Chinese government bonds. In this environment the renminbi has room to strengthen given China's economic strength, high interest rate premium, rising current account surplus and capital inflows.

Investment Advisor's Report (continued)

GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund

Launched on May 15, 2020 the GaveKal China Onshore RMB Fund EUR B founder share class declined -4.97% (in EUR terms), underperforming the benchmark by 62bps, while CNH depreciated by -2.89% against EUR. At end-June, the fund's weighted average duration was 7.72 years, some 0.6 years longer than the benchmark. The fund's weighted yield-to-maturity was 2.89%, slightly higher than the benchmark by 15bps. The fund's AUM ended the period at EUR63mn.

The fund's underperformance is mainly due to a) its overweight in duration (7.72 years vs the benchmark's 7.09 years), and b) the build-up time required to smooth out the transaction costs and the yield contribution of the off-the-run bonds in the benchmark (12 bonds in the fund vs 148 bonds in the benchmark). Given the significant sell-off in onshore bond markets, with 10-year Chinese government bonds almost back to their pre-Covid-19 lockdown levels, the interest rate spread differential between 10-year US treasuries and Chinese government bonds has reached a new high of 240bps. The striking divergent rates development is somewhat surprising given the strong headwinds the global economy currently faces. We believe that the sell-off in CGBs is mainly due to certain idiosyncratic drivers such as the increasing supply of special CGBs, fewer broad-based easing actions by the People's Bank of China, and a faster-than-expected economic recovery which is reflected in stronger-than-expected official and Caixin manufacturing PMIs for China in June.

Despite expansionary PMI readings, the economic recovery remained uneven as new export orders continued to contract. Sub-indexes also showed a contraction in employment in both the manufacturing and service sectors, indicating that businesses remain cautious about hiring. In addition, the recent rebound in Covid-19 cases in the US may lead to a pause in the country's economic reopening. Daily new infections globally are still trending up (over 200,000 per day since July 4) with Australia's second most populous state reimplementing lockdowns. In order to stabilize Chinese employment amid the substantial global growth headwinds, we believe more accommodative policies are needed in the coming months to bring overall financing costs lower and to provide liquidity support for the upcoming large bond supply. As such, CGB yields are close to a near-term peak, with CGBs' US dollar-hedged yields even higher than developed market government bond yields.

Despite the global outbreak of Covid-19, foreign ownership of onshore Chinese bonds continued to make record highs at RMB2.51trn (USD354.7bn) as of end-June on the China Central Depositary and Clearing Co and Shanghai Clearing House. In the second quarter of the year, foreign inflows to China's onshore bond markets under the CCDC platform were USD34bn, almost three times of the USD12bn recorded in the first quarter. We expect inflows to stay solid in the coming months, supported by wide yield differentials between CGBs and developed market government bonds, index inclusion and enhanced onshore market access, which should support the performance of CGBs. In this environment the renminbi has room to strengthen given China's economic strength, high interest rate premium, rising current account surplus and capital inflows.

Statement of Financial Position

| | GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund | |
|--|---|-------------------|
| | As at 30-Jun-2020 | As at 31-Dec-2019 |
| Current assets | EUR | EUR |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 203,847,425 | 207,670,365 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 8,030,338 | 3,531,640 |
| Accrued income | 293,556 | 320,941 |
| Receivable for investments sold | 7,265,945 | 1,371,662 |
| Subscriptions receivable | 76,460 | - |
| Dividends receivable | 286,345 | 46,808 |
| Total assets | 219,800,069 | 212,941,416 |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accrued expenses | (438,929) | (393,095) |
| Payable for investments purchased | (7,545,568) | (1,375,836) |
| Redemptions payable | (12,658) | (281,611) |
| Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to Unitholders) | (7,997,155) | (2,050,542) |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders | 211,802,914 | 210,890,874 |

Statement of Financial Position

| | GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | As at 30-Jun-2020 | As at 31-Dec-2019 |
| | USD | USD |
| Current assets | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 644,864,392 | 447,486,340 |
| Unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 16,795 | 95,794 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 22,529,853 | 5,593,953 |
| Receivable for investments sold | 8,601,763 | 672,420 |
| Accrued income | 9,262,917 | 6,909,969 |
| Subscription receivable | 708,742 | 390,867 |
| Total assets | 685,984,462 | 461,149,343 |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accrued expenses | (620,158) | (375,446) |
| Payable for investments purchased | (23,366,482) | (672,721) |
| Redemptions payable | (407,132) | (235,716) |
| Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to Unitholders) | (24,393,772) | (1,283,883) |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders | 661,590,690 | 459,865,460 |

Statement of Financial Position

| | GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund | |
|--|---|-------------------|
| | As at 30-Jun-2020 | As at 31-Dec-2019 |
| | USD | USD |
| Current assets | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 30,944,558 | 33,100,296 |
| Unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 28,135 | 188,131 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6,067,055 | 7,432,195 |
| Receivable for investments sold | - | 398,911 |
| Dividends receivable | - | 3,608 |
| Total assets | 37,039,748 | 41,123,141 |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | (21,125) | (52,716) |
| Unrealised loss on forward currency contracts | - | - |
| Accrued expenses | (82,247) | (104,161) |
| Payable for investments purchased | (4,104,238) | (2,645,855) |
| Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to Unitholders) | (4,207,610) | (2,802,732) |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders | 32,832,138 | 38,320,409 |

Statement of Financial Position

| | GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund* | |
|--|---|--|
| | As at | |
| | 30-Jun-2020 | |
| | EUR | |
| Current assets | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 61,993,044 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5,178,869 | |
| Receivable for investments sold | 3,777,006 | |
| Prepaid expenses | 47,615 | |
| Accrued income | 563,630 | |
| Total assets | 71,560,164 | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accrued expenses | (33,998) | |
| Payable for investments purchased | (8,829,153) | |
| Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to Unitholders) | (8,863,151) | |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders | 62,697,013 | |

* Comparative figures are not applicable for GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund as the Sub-Fund launched on 15 May 2020.

Statement of Comprehensive Income

| | GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund | |
|---|--|-------------|
| | 30-Jun-2020 | 30-Jun-2019 |
| | EUR | EUR |
| Income | | |
| Dividend income | 1,193,154 | 1,726,669 |
| Bond interest income | 720,920 | 798,685 |
| Deposit interest | 15,064 | 138,572 |
| Net realised gain on investments and foreign exchange | 2,193,056 | 1,525,702 |
| Net change in unrealised gain on investments and foreign exchange | 2,640,399 | 24,345,182 |
| Total investment income | 6,762,593 | 28,534,810 |
| | | |
| Expenses | | |
| Management fees | (1,429,206) | (1,714,218) |
| Depositary fees | (28,896) | (24,519) |
| Administration and transfer agent fees | (81,966) | (96,789) |
| Audit fees | (3,978) | (3,923) |
| Transaction fees | (1,991,420) | (935,843) |
| Other fees | (29,794) | (56,984) |
| Total operating expenses | (3,565,260) | (2,832,276) |
| Operating profit before tax | 3,197,333 | 25,702,534 |
| Withholding tax on dividends | (157,605) | (93,092) |
| Increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from | | |
| operations | 3,039,728 | 25,609,442 |

Statement of Comprehensive Income

| | GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 30-Jun-2020 30-Jun-201 | |
| | USD | USD |
| Income | | |
| Deposit interest | 23,857 | 72,561 |
| Bond interest income | 12,082,971 | 9,500,899 |
| Net realised loss on investments and foreign exchange | (6,876,198) | (4,341,770) |
| Net unrealised (loss)/gain on investments and foreign exchange | (5,728,274) | 7,116,197 |
| Total investment (loss)/income | (497,644) | 12,347,887 |
| Expenses | | |
| Management fees | (1,561,063) | (1,099,843) |
| Depositary fees | (59,925) | (46,001) |
| Administration and transfer agent fees | (255,509) | (196,702) |
| Audit fees | (4,385) | (4,431) |
| Transaction fees | (36,266) | (17,805) |
| Other fees | (42,850) | (75,065) |
| Total operating expenses | (1,959,998) | (1,439,847) |
| Operating (loss)/profit before tax | (2,457,642) | 10,908,040 |
| (Decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders | | |
| resulting from operations | (2,457,642) | 10,908,040 |

Statement of Comprehensive Income

| | GaveKal Global Asset | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------|
| | Allocation UCITS Fund | |
| | 30-Jun-2020 | 30-Jun-2019 |
| | USD | USD |
| Income | | |
| Dividend income | 6,451 | - |
| Bond interest income | 127,245 | 369,310 |
| Deposit interest | 11,202 | 44,931 |
| Net realised loss on investments and foreign exchange | (3,405,470) | (857,433) |
| Net unrealised loss on investments and foreign exchange | (891,863) | (1,059,755) |
| Total investment loss | (4,152,435) | (1,502,947) |
| | | |
| Expenses | | |
| Management fees | (168,952) | (210,352) |
| Depositary fees | (7,355) | (7,762) |
| Administration and transfer agent fees | (27,288) | (2,943) |
| Audit fees | (4,383) | (5,107) |
| Transaction fees | (21,135) | (36,507) |
| Other fees | (7,945) | (61,229) |
| Total operating expenses | (237,058) | (323,900) |
| Operating loss before tax | (4,389,493) | (1,826,847) |
| Withholding tax on dividends | (1,935) | - |
| Decrease in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from | | |
| operations | (4,391,428) | (1,826,847) |

Statement of Comprehensive Income

| | GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund* | |
|--|---|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 | |
| | EUR | |
| Income | | |
| Bond interest income | 131,289 | |
| Deposit interest | 837 | |
| Net realised loss on investments and foreign exchange | (275,004) | |
| Net unrealised loss on investments and foreign exchange | (1,702,938) | |
| Total investment loss | (1,845,816) | |
| Expenses | | |
| Management fees | (28,311) | |
| Depositary fees | (944) | |
| Administration and transfer agent fees | (4,041) | |
| Audit fees | (1,600) | |
| Transaction fees | (1,337) | |
| Other fees | (14,357) | |
| Total operating expenses | (50,590) | |
| Operating loss before tax | (1,896,406) | |
| Decrease in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | (1,896,406) | |

* Comparative figures are not applicable for GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund as the Sub-Fund launched on 15 May 2020.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements. Comparative figures are for the period from 1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders

| | GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund | |
|--|---|---------------------------|
| | 30-Jun-2020 EUR | 30-Jun-2019 EUR |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at beginning of the financial period | 210,890,874 | 232,126,323 |
| Increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | 3,039,728 | 25,609,442 |
| Proceeds from Units issued Payments for Units redeemed | 21,294,066 (23,421,754) | 8,932,509 (26,758,076) |
| Decrease in net assets resulting from Unit transactions | (2,127,688) | (17,825,567) |
| Increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders | 912,040 | 7,783,875 |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at end of the financial period | 211,802,914 | 239,910,198 |

Statement of Changes in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders

| | GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 USD | 30-Jun-2019 USD | |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at beginning of the financial period | 459,865,460 | 379,798,022 | |
| (Decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | (2,457,642) | 10,908,040 | |
| Proceeds from Units issued | 324,293,130 | 236,184,192 | |
| Payments for Units redeemed | (120,110,258) | (156,229,698) | |
| Increase in net assets resulting from Unit transactions | 204,182,872 | 79,954,494 | |
| Increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders | 201,725,230 | 90,862,534 | |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at end of the financial period | 661,590,690 | 470,660,556 | |

Statement of Changes in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders

| | GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund | | |
|--|---|-------------|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 30-Jun-2019 USD USI | | |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at beginning of the financial period | 38,320,409 | 44,333,515 | |
| Decrease in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | (4,391,428) | (1,826,847) | |
| Proceeds from Units issued Payments for Units redeemed | (1,096,843) | (3,076,999) | |
| Decrease in net assets resulting from Unit transactions | (1,096,843) | (3,076,999) | |
| Decrease in net assets attributable to Unitholders | (5,488,271) | (4,903,846) | |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at end of the financial period | 32,832,138 | 39,429,669 | |

Statement of Changes in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders

| | GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund* | |
|--|---|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 EUR | |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at beginning of the financial period | - | |
| Decrease in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | (1,896,406) | |
| Proceeds from Units issued Payments for Units redeemed | 64,593,419 | |
| Increase in net assets resulting from Unit transactions | 64,593,419 | |
| Increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders | 62,697,013 | |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders at end of the financial period | 62,697,013 | |

* Comparative figures are not applicable for GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund as the Sub-Fund launched on 15 May 2020.

Statement of Cash Flows

| | GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund | | |
|---|---|--------------------|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 EUR | 30-Jun-2019 EUR | |
| Increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | 3,039,728 | 25,609,442 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities | | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Net decrease/(increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 3,822,940 | (75,297,502) | |
| Net (increase)/decrease in receivable for investments sold | (5,894,283) | 5,000,067 | |
| Net increase in dividends receivable | (239,537) | (658,227) | |
| Net increase/(decrease) in payable for investments purchased | 6,169,732 | (298,930) | |
| Net decrease in prepaid expenses | - | 334 | |
| Net decrease in accrued income | 27,385 | 87,614 | |
| Net increase in accrued expenses | 45,834 | 4,618 | |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities | 3,932,071 | (71,162,026) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from Units issued | 21,217,606 | 9,040,664 | |
| Payments for Units redeemed | (23,690,707) | (23,628,341) | |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (2,473,101) | (14,587,677) | |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 4,498,698 | (60,140,261) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 3,531,640 | 78,215,742 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 8,030,338 | 18,075,481 | |

Statement of Cash Flows

| | GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 USD | 30-Jun-2019 USD | |
| Net (decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to Unitholders from operations | (2,457,642) | 10,908,040 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile (decrease)/increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities | | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Net increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | (197,378,052) | (87,453,140) | |
| Net decrease in net unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 78,999 | 267,962 | |
| Net (inrease)/decrease in receivable for investments sold | (7,929,343) | 417,374 | |
| Net increase in payable for investments purchased | 22,693,761 | 1,655,481 | |
| Net increase in accrued income | (2,352,948) | (1,234,772) | |
| Net increase in prepaid expenses | - | (5) | |
| Net increase in accrued expenses | 244,712 | 20,348 | |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (184,642,871) | (86,326,752) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from Units issued | 323,975,255 | 240,500,699 | |
| Payments for Units redeemed | (119,938,842) | (157,231,168) | |
| Net cash provided by financing activitie | 204,036,413 | 83,269,531 | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 16,935,900 | 7,850,819 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial period | 5,593,953 | 3,547,263 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial period | 22,529,853 | 11,398,082 | |

Statement of Cash Flows

| | GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund | | |
|---|---|--------------------|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 USD | 30-Jun-2019 USD | |
| Decrease in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | (4,391,428) | (1,826,847) | |
| Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by operating activities | | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Net decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 2,124,147 | 6,126,741 | |
| Net (increase)/decrease in net unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 159,996 | 106,955 | |
| Net decrease/(increase) in receivable for investments sold | 398,911 | (6,215,085) | |
| Net (decrease)/increase in payable for investments purchased | 1,458,383 | 996,241 | |
| Net decrease in accrued income | - | 152,943 | |
| Net decrease in accrued expenses | (21,914) | (4,840) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 4,123,131 | 1,162,955 | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from Units issued | - | - | |
| Payments for Units redeemed | (1,096,843) | (3,076,999) | |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (1,096,843) | (3,076,999) | |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (1,365,140) | (3,740,891) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial period | 7,432,195 | 8,030,237 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial period | 6,067,055 | 4,289,346 | |

Statement of Cash Flows

| | GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund* | |
|--|---|--|
| | 30-Jun-2020 EUR | |
| Decrease in net assets attributable to Unitholders resulting from operations | | |
| | (1,896,406) | |
| Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net assets resulting | | |
| from operations to net cash used in operating activities | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | (61,993,044) | |
| Increase in receivable for investments sold | (3,777,006) | |
| Increase in payable for investments purchased | 8,829,153 | |
| Increase in accrued income | (563,630) | |
| Increase in prepaid expenses | (47,615) | |
| Increase in accrued expenses | 33,998 | |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (57,518,144) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from Units issued | 64,593,419 | |
| Payments for Units redeemed | - | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 64,593,419 | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 5,178,869 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial period | - | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial period | 5,178,869 | |

* Comparative figures are not applicable for GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund as the Sub-Fund launched on 15 May 2020.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements. Comparative figures are for the period from 1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Basis of Preparation

The condensed financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards and in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

2 Significant accounting policies

The same accounting policies, presentation and methods of computation are followed in these condensed financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Trust's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Realised gains and losses on sales of investments are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Unrealised gains and losses on investments arising during the period are taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Dividends are recognised as income on the dates that securities are first quoted "ex-dividend" to the extent information thereon is reasonably available to the Trust. Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis in line with the contractual terms. Deposit interest is recognised as income of the relevant Sub-Fund on a cash basis.

3 Redeemable Participating Units

| GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund | Class A EUR | Class A GBP | Class A USD | Class B GBP | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|
| Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 | | | | | |
| January 2019 | 490,391 | 45,928 | 789,963 | 11,408 | |
| Issued during the year | 48,700 | - | 76,849 | - | |
| Redeemed during the year | (216,646) | (2,274) | (129,647) | (6,019) | |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January | | | | | |
| 2020 | 322,445 | 43,654 | 737,165 | 5,388 | |
| | | | | | |
| Issued during the period | 77,543 | - | 21,507 | - | |
| Redeemed during the period | (78,914) | - | (23,066) | (1,331) | |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | 321,074 | 43,654 | 735,606 | 4,057 | |
| | | | | | |
| GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund | Class C | Class C | Class C | Class C | Class |
| | AUD | GBP | EUR | USD | Select EUR |
| Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 | | | | | |
| January 2019 | 108,189 | 457 | 67,212 | 17,535 | 86,275 |
| Issued during the year | | - | 11,592 | 3,887 | - |
| Redeemed during the year | (54,223) | - | (39,809) | (14,696) | (40,275) |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January | (- , -) | | (| ()/ | |
| 2020 | 53,966 | 457 | 38,995 | 6,726 | 46,000 |
| | | | | | |
| Issued during the period | - | - | 1,292 | - | - |
| Redeemed during the period | (4,523) | - | (11,068) | (490) | |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | 49,443 | 457 | 29,219 | 6,236 | 46,000 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3 Redeemable Participating Units (continued)

| Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 1,403,272 308,523 588,723 124,590 164,792 Issued during the year 1,568,054 346,131 852,77 50,187 - Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 12,580,056 552,383 137,589 145,312 164,792 Issued during the period 959,029 605,751 46,029 398,720 530,539 Redeemed during the period 2294,106 1,026,044 147,801 529,684 695,331 GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund 2294,106 1,026,044 147,801 529,684 695,331 Issued during the period 2,294,106 1,026,044 147,801 529,684 695,331 GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund - | GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund | Class A EUR | Class A USD | Class A3 EUR | Class C EUR | Class SE SEK |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Issued during the year 1,568,054 346,131 85,277 50,187 - Redeemed during the year 1,368,056 552,383 137,589 145,312 164,792 Issued during the period 959,029 605,751 46,029 398,720 530,539 Redeemed during the period 959,029 (052,979) (132,090) (35,817) (14,348) - Balance at 30 June 2020 2294,106 1,026,044 147,801 529,684 695,331 GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019 Issued during the year Redeemed during the year Redeemed during the period Issued during the period | Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 | | | | | |
| Redeemed during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 (1,113,270) (162,271) (536,411) (29,465) - Issued during the period Redeemed during the period (32,2970) (132,200) (153,200) (110,200) | January 2019 | 1,403,272 | 368,523 | 588,723 | 124,590 | 164,792 |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 1,858,056 552,383 137,589 145,312 164,792 Issued during the period 959,029 605,751 46,029 398,720 530,539 Balance at 30 June 2020 2,294,106 1,026,044 147,801 529,684 695,331 GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund 2,294,106 1,026,044 147,801 529,684 695,331 Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019 2,394,106 1,026,044 147,801 529,684 695,331 Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 332,493 31,284 26 - < | ÷ • | | | | | - |
| 2020 1,858,056 552,383 137,589 145,312 164,792 Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020 959,029 605,751 46,029 398,720 530,539 GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019 147,801 529,684 695,331 Issued during the year Redeemed during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 332,493 31,284 26 Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020 - 19,385 4,853 GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCTIS Fund January 2019 - - 117,227 4879 GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCTIS Fund January 2019 - - 117,251 300,000 Issued during the period Redeemed during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 - - - - Saud during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 - - - - Saud during the period Redeemed during the period Redeemed during the period Redeemed during the period - - - - Saud during the perio | | (1,113,270) | (162,271) | (536,411) | (29,465) | - |
| Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020(32,979) 2,294,106(132,090) 1,026,044(35,817) 147,801(14,348) 529,684-GaveKal China Fixed Income FundClass A CNHClass B EURClass B GBPClass B CNHClass B EURClass B GBPNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020332,49331,28426Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020-19,3854,853GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund-19,3854,853Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019-117,271300,000Issued during the period Redeemed during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020-Class A (S0,955)Class A (S0,955)GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund Data and fully paid up at 1 January 2019Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Sued during the period Balance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020-< | - | 1,858,056 | 552,383 | 137,589 | 145,312 | 164,792 |
| Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020(32,979) 2,294,106(132,090) 1,026,044(35,817) 147,801(14,348) 529,684-GaveKal China Fixed Income FundClass A CNHClass B EURClass B GBPClass B CNHClass B EURClass B GBPNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020332,49331,28426Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020-19,3854,853GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund-19,3854,853Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019-117,271300,000Issued during the period Redeemed during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020-Class A (S0,955)Class A (S0,955)GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund Data and fully paid up at 1 January 2019Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Sued during the period Balance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020-< | Issued during the period | 959,029 | 605,751 | 46,029 | 398,720 | 530,539 |
| GaveKal China Fixed Income FundClass A CNHClass B EURClass B GBPNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019Issued during the year397,54431,93426Redeemed during the year397,54431,93426Issued during the period(65,050)(650)-Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January31,28426Issued during the period(23,182)(2,742)-Balance at 30 June 2020309,31147,9274,879GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A USDClass A EURClass A (50,955)Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 20202,526-Issued during the year Balance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A USDClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A EURClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Sued during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A EURClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period37,227500,000572,985Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Balance at 31 December 201 | | | | | | - |
| CNHEURGBPNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 201931,93431,93426Issued during the year Redeemed during the year 2020332,49331,28426Issued during the period Balance at 30 June 2020-19,3854,853GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A (23,182)Class A (2,742)Class A (27,42)GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A (50,955)Class A (50,955)Class A (23,256)Salance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020117,251300,000Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A EURClass B EUR SEKBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period </td <td>Balance at 30 June 2020</td> <td>2,294,106</td> <td>1,026,044</td> <td>147,801</td> <td>529,684</td> <td>695,331</td> | Balance at 30 June 2020 | 2,294,106 | 1,026,044 | 147,801 | 529,684 | 695,331 |
| January 2019Image: Constraint of the period selected during the year397,54431,93426Redeemed during the period(65,050)(650)-Jalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January332,49331,28426Issued during the period-19,3854,853Redeemed during the period(23,182)(2,742)-Balance at 30 June 2020309,31147,9274,879GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass AClass AClass ANumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1117,251300,000300,000Issued during the year(50,955)Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January202068,822300,000Issued during the periodRedeemed during the periodBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January68,822300,000Issued during the periodRedeemed during the periodRedeemed during the periodRedeemed during the periodGaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass AClass AClass BBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 JanuaryIssued during the periodGaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundSEKEURSEKBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 JanuaryIssued during the periodGaveKal Chin | GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund | | | | | |
| Issued during the year 397,544 31,934 26 Redeemed during the year 332,493 31,284 26 Issued during the period 332,493 31,284 26 Issued during the period - 19,385 4,853 Redeemed during the period (23,182) (2,742) - Balance at 30 June 2020 309,311 47,927 4,853 GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund Class A Class A Class A Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 117,251 300,000 300,000 Issued during the year - (50,955) - - Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 68,822 300,000 Issued during the period - - - - Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January - - - - Issued during the period - - - - - Redeemed during the period - - - - - - Balance at 30 June 2020 - - - - - - | | | | | | |
| Redeemed during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020(65,050)(650)-332,49331,28426Issued during the period Redeemed during the period-19,3854,853(23,182)(2,742)-Balance at 30 June 2020309,31147,9274,879GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A USDClass A EURClass A USDNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019117,251300,000Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 20202,526-Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodGaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A EURClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed during the periodClass A EURClass A EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed during the period </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> | • | | | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020332,49331,28426Issued during the period Redeemed during the period January 2019-19,3854,853GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A USDClass A USDClass A EURNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019-300,000Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodGaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A Class B EURClass A EURClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed durin | | | | | | 20 |
| 2020332,49331,28426Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020-19,385 (23,182)4,853 (2,742)GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A USDClass A USDClass A EURNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019 Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020117,251 (50,955)300,000 (2,526)Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund 2020Class A (12,254)Class B EURClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Class A 2020Class A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the peri | e . | | • | (05,050) | (050) | |
| Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020(23,182)(2,742)-309,31147,9274,879GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A USDClass A USDClass A USDNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019 Issued during the year Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020117,251 2,526300,000Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Class A 2,526Class B EURClass A 2,526-GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Class A 2,526Class B EURClass A 2,526-GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Class A 2,526Class B EURClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the period37,227500,000572,985 2 | • | | | 332,493 | 31,284 | 26 |
| Balance at 30 June 2020309,31147,9274,879GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A USDClass A EURNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019117,251300,000Issued during the year2,526-Redeemed during the year(50,955)-Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January68,822300,000Issued during the periodRedeemed during the periodRedeemed during the periodBalance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the periodBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the periodBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period37,227500,000StyleIssued during the period37,227500,000StyleIssued during the periodRedeemed during the periodIssued during the period <td>Issued during the period</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>19,385</td> <td>4,853</td> | Issued during the period | | | - | 19,385 | 4,853 |
| GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS FundClass A USDClass A EURNumber of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019117,251300,000Issued during the year2,526-Redeemed during the year(50,955)-Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 202068,822300,000Issued during the periodRedeemed during the periodRedeemed during the periodBalance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period37,227500,000572,985 - | Redeemed during the period | | | (23,182) | (2,742) | - |
| Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 January 2019USDEURIssued during the year117,251300,000Redeemed during the year2,526-Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 202068,822300,000Issued during the periodRedeemed during the periodRedeemed during the periodRedeemed during the periodBalance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period37,227500,000Steke during the period37,227500,000Steke during the period37,227500,000Steke during the periodStele during the periodIssued during the period37,227500,000Stele during the periodStele during the period <t< td=""><td>Balance at 30 June 2020</td><td></td><td></td><td>309,311</td><td>47,927</td><td>4,879</td></t<> | Balance at 30 June 2020 | | | 309,311 | 47,927 | 4,879 |
| Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 117,251 300,000 Issued during the year 2,526 - Redeemed during the year (50,955) - Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 68,822 300,000 Issued during the period - - Redeemed during the period - - Balance at 30 June 2020 - - GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund Class A Class A Class B Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 - - Issued during the period - - - Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January - - - 2020 - - - - Issued during the period - - - - Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January - - - - Issued during the period 37,227 500,000 572,985 - - - - - | GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund | | | | | |
| January 2019117,251300,000Issued during the year2,526-Redeemed during the year(50,955)-Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January68,822300,000Issued during the periodRedeemed during the periodBalance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass AClass ABalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January2020Issued during the periodBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January2020Issued during the period37,227500,000Steed during the period37,227500,000Steed during the periodIssued during the periodIssued during the period | Number of Units issued and fully paid up at 1 | | | | COD | LON |
| Redeemed during the year(50,955)-Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 202068,822300,000Issued during the periodRedeemed during the periodBalance at 30 June 202056,568300,000GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period37,227500,000572,985 -Issued during the period37,227500,000572,985 - | | | | | 117,251 | 300,000 |
| Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 202068,822300,000Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodGaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the periodIssued during the period Redeemed during the period37,227500,000572,985 | Issued during the year | | | | 2,526 | - |
| 202068,822300,000Issued during the period Redeemed during the period Balance at 30 June 2020GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Class A EURClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the period37,227500,000572,985 - | | | | - | (50,955) | - |
| Redeemed during the period(12,254)-Balance at 30 June 202056,568300,000GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the period37,227500,000572,985 - | - | | | | 68,822 | 300,000 |
| Balance at 30 June 202056,568300,000GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period Redeemed during the period37,227500,000572,985 - | Issued during the period | | | | - | - |
| GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond FundClass A EURClass A SEKClass B EURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period37,227500,000572,985 -Redeemed during the period | | | | _ | | - |
| EURSEKEURBalance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020Issued during the period37,227500,000572,985Redeemed during the period | Balance at 30 June 2020 | | | = | 56,568 | 300,000 |
| 2020 - - - - Issued during the period 37,227 500,000 572,985 - - - - | | | | | | |
| Redeemed during the period | - | | | - | - | - |
| | | | | 37,227 | 500,000 | 572,985 |
| | Balance at 30 June 2020 | | • | 37,227 | 500,000 | 572,985 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4 Taxation

Under current law and practice, the Trust qualifies as an investment undertaking as defined in Section 739B of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997, as amended. On that basis it is not chargeable to Irish tax on its income or capital gains.

However, Irish tax may arise on the occurrence of a "chargeable event" in the Trust. A chargeable event includes any distribution payments to Unitholders or any encashment, redemption, cancellation or transfer of Units and the holding of shares at the end of each eight year period beginning with the acquisition of such shares.

No Irish tax will arise on the Trust in respect of chargeable events in respect of:

- (a) A Unitholder who is neither Irish resident nor ordinarily resident in Ireland for tax purposes, at the time of the chargeable event, provided appropriate valid declarations in accordance with the provisions of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997, as amended, are held by the Trust.
- (b) Certain exempted Irish resident Unitholders who have provided the Trust with the necessary signed statutory declarations.

Dividends, interest and capital gains (if any) received on investments made by the Trust may be subject to withholding taxes imposed by the country from which the investment income/gains are received and such taxes may not be recoverable by the Trust or its Unitholders.

5 Exchange rates

GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund and GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund

The financial statements of GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund and GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund are prepared in EUR. The following exchange rates have been used to translate assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies to the functional currency of the Sub-Fund.

| | 30-Jun-2020 | 31-Dec-2019 |
|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Currency | EUR | EUR |
| AUD | 0.6145 | 0.6258 |
| CHF | 0.9397 | 0.9214 |
| CNH | 0.1259 | 0.1281 |
| CNY | 0.1260 | - |
| GBP | 1.1039 | 1.1826 |
| HKD | 0.1149 | 0.1145 |
| IDR | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| JPY | 0.0082 | 0.0082 |
| KRW | 0.0007 | 0.0008 |
| NZD | 0.5746 | 0.6002 |
| SGD | 0.6388 | 0.6627 |
| THB | 0.0288 | 0.0300 |
| TWD | 0.0301 | 0.0297 |
| USD | 0.8902 | 0.8919 |
| | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5 Exchange rates (continued)

GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund and GaveKal Asset Allocation UCITS Fund

The financial statements of GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund and GaveKal Asset Allocation UCITS Fund are prepared in USD. The following exchange rates have been used to translate assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies to the functional currency of the Sub-Funds.

| | 30-Jun-2020 | 31-Dec-2019 |
|----------|--------------------|-------------|
| Currency | USD | USD |
| CAD | 0.7306 | 0.7698 |
| CHF | 1.0556 | 1.0333 |
| CNH | 0.1414 | 0.1436 |
| CNY | 0.1415 | 0.1436 |
| EUR | 1.1233 | 1.1212 |
| GBP | 1.2401 | 1.3259 |
| HKD | 0.1290 | 0.1283 |
| JPY | 0.0093 | 0.0092 |
| KRW | 0.0008 | 0.0009 |
| MXN | 0.0434 | 0.0528 |
| SEK | 0.1073 | - |
| SGD | 0.7176 | 0.7431 |
| ZAR | 0.0579 | 0.0714 |
| | | |

6 Soft commissions

In 2020, the Trust utilised soft dollar arrangements that are used for the payment of execution and research costs including market data covered under the Hong Kong Securities & Futures Ordinance. GaveKal Capital Limited has established a number of commission sharing arrangements with several top tier brokers. These brokers retain part of their commissions designated as payments for research, analysis or price information including computer or other information facilities including performance measurement.

7 Distributions

The Manager does not propose making a distribution out of the assets of any of the Sub-Funds.

8 Related party transactions

At 30 June 2020, the Directors of the Manager who served at any stage during the financial period held shares in the Sub-Funds as follows:

| | Louis Vincer | nt Gave |
|---|--------------|-----------|
| | 30-Jun-20 | 31-Dec-19 |
| d | 26 | 26 |

The Regulations require that any transaction carried out with the Trust by the Manager, the Trustee or their associated or group companies ("connected parties") are carried out as if negotiated at arm's length and are in the best interests of the shareholders.

The Directors of the Manager are satisfied that there are arrangements in place to ensure that this requirement is applied to transactions with connected parties, and that transactions with connected parties during the period complied with this requirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9 Fair Value Hierarchy

IFRS 13 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy that prioritises the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following fair value hierarchy levels based on the significance of the inputs used in measuring its fair value:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active or financial instruments for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies;

Level 3 Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and are unobservable. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and reflect the Sub-Fund's own assumptions about how market participants would be expected to value the asset or liability.

An investment is always categorised as Level 1, 2 or 3 in its entirety. In certain cases, the fair value measurement for an investment may use a number of different inputs that fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Each Sub-Fund's financial instruments are measured at fair value and it is usually possible to determine their fair values within a reasonable range of estimates. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on market conditions and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties that may require significant judgement (e.g., interest rates, volatility, estimated cash flows etc.). Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The following tables illustrate the fair value hierarchy for investments held by the Sub-Funds at the period end.

| Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|-------------|--|---|---|
| EUR | EUR | EUR | EUR |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 180,880,018 | 180,880,018 | - | - |
| 22,967,407 | 22,967,407 | - | - |
| 203,847,425 | 203,847,425 | - | - |
| | | | |
| Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| EUR | EUR | EUR | EUR |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 147,653,959 | 147,653,959 | - | - |
| 24,333,600 | 24,333,600 | - | - |
| 35,682,806 | 35,682,806 | - | - |
| 207,670,365 | 207,670,365 | - | - |
| | EUR 180,880,018 22,967,407 203,847,425 Total EUR 147,653,959 24,333,600 35,682,806 | EUR EUR 180,880,018 180,880,018 22,967,407 22,967,407 203,847,425 203,847,425 Total Level 1 EUR EUR 147,653,959 147,653,959 24,333,600 24,333,600 35,682,806 35,682,806 | EUR EUR EUR 180,880,018 180,880,018 - 22,967,407 22,967,407 - 203,847,425 203,847,425 - Total Level 1 Level 2 EUR EUR EUR 147,653,959 147,653,959 - 24,333,600 24,333,600 - 35,682,806 35,682,806 - |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9 Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

| <u>GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund</u> <u>30-Jun-20</u> Current assets | Total USD | Level 1 USD | Level 2 USD | Level 3 USD |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - Bonds Unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 644,864,392 <u>16,795</u> | 636,378,789 | - 16,795 | 8,485,603 |
| | 644,881,187 | 636,378,789 | 16,795 | 8,485,603 |
| <u>31-Dec-19</u> | Total USD | Level 1 USD | Level 2 USD | Level 3 USD |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | | | | |
| - Bonds | 447,486,340 | 438,868,127 | - | 8,618,213 |
| Unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 95,794 | - | 95,794 | - |
| | 447,582,134 | 438,868,127 | 95,794 | 8,618,213 |
| <u>GaveKal Global Asset Alloaction UCITS Fund</u> <u>30-Jun-20</u> | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| | USD | USD | USD | USD |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | | | | |
| - Money Market | 26,487,401 | 26,487,401 | - | - |
| - UCITS | 4,457,157 | 4,457,157 | - | - |
| Unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 28,135 | - | 28,135 | - |
| | 30,972,693 | 30,944,558 | 28,135 | - |
| Current liabilities Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | | (01.105) | | |
| - Futures | (21,125) | (21,125) | - | - |
| Unrealised loss on forward currency contracts | - (21.125) | - (21.125) | - | |
| | (21,125) | (21,125) | - | - |
| <u>31-Dec-19</u> | Total USD | Level 1 USD | Level 2 USD | Level 3 USD |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | | | | |
| - Money Market | 25,462,395 | 25,462,395 | - | - |
| - UCITS | 7,111,190 | 7,111,190 | - | - |
| - Futures | 526,711 | 526,711 | - | - |
| Unrealised gain on forward currency contracts | 188,131 | - | 188,131 | |
| | 33,288,427 | 33,100,296 | 188,131 | |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | (5) 51 () | (50.71.0 | | |
| - Futures | (52,716) | (52,716) | - | |
| | (52,716) | (52,716) | - | - |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9 Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

| GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund 30-Jun-20 Current assets | Total EUR | Level 1 L EUR | evel 2 Level 3 EUR EUR |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: | 61 002 044 | 61 002 044 | |
| - Bonds | <u>61,993,044</u> 61,993,044 | 61,993,044 61,993,044 | |
| = | 01,223,044 | 01,999,044 | |
| 10 Net Asset Values per Unit | | | |
| GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund | 30-Jun-2020 | 31-Dec-2019 | 30-Jun-2019 |
| Class A EUR | | | |
| Units | 321,074 | 322,445 | 455,236 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 245.60 | 241.15 | 222.37 |
| | | | |
| Class A USD | 725 606 | 727 165 | 745 101 |
| Units NAV per Unit USD | 735,606 156.19 | 737,165 153.08 | 745,191 143.15 |
| | 150.17 | 155.00 | 1-5.15 |
| Class A GBP | | | |
| Units | 43,655 | 43,654 | 43,945 |
| NAV per Unit GBP | 199.14 | 182.53 | 178.25 |
| Class B GBP | | | |
| Units | 4,058 | 5,388 | 7,133 |
| NAV per Unit GBP | 198.46 | 182.34 | 178.37 |
| | | | |
| Class C AUD | | | |
| Units | 49,443 | 53,966 | 87,761 |
| NAV per Unit AUD | 255.43 | 244.45 | 226.67 |
| Class C GBP | | | |
| Units | 457 | 457 | 457 |
| NAV per Unit GBP | 156.71 | 144.00 | 140.98 |
| - | | | |
| Class C EUR | | | |
| Units | 29,219 | 38,995 | 65,008 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 145.60 | 143.32 | 132.50 |
| Class C USD | | | |
| Units | 6,237 | 6,726 | 12,130 |
| NAV per Unit USD | 140.21 | 137.76 | 129.15 |
| | | | |
| Class Select EUR | | | |
| Units | 46,000 | 46,000 | 86,275 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 158.80 | 155.53 | 143.05 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

10 Net Asset Values per Unit (continued)

| GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund | 30-Jun-2020 | 31-Dec-2019 | 30-Jun-2019 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Class A EUR | | | |
| Units | 2,294,106 | 1,858,056 | 1,980,144 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 162.36 | 162.90 | 159.18 |
| Class A USD | | | |
| Units | 1,026,044 | 552,383 | 447,662 |
| NAV per Unit USD | 136.79 | 136.98 | 135.74 |
| Class A3 EUR | | | |
| Units | 147,801 | 137,589 | 235,497 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 101.74 | 102.92 | 103.70 |
| Class C EUR | | | |
| Units | 529,684 | 145,312 | 133,744 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 112.76 | 113.42 | 111.11 |
| Class SESEK | | | |
| Units | 695,330 | 164,792 | 164,792 |
| NAV per Unit SEK | 109.37 | 110.06 | 108.10 |
| Class RMB CNH | | | |
| Units | 309,311 | 332,493 | 332,493 |
| NAV per Unit CNH | 105.68 | 104.20 | 101.87 |
| Class B EUR | | | |
| Units | 47,927 | 31,284 | 30 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 100.92 | 101.61 | 99.64 |
| Class B GBP | | | |
| Units | 4,879 | 26 | - |
| NAV per Unit GBP | 105.58 | 98.89 | - |
| GaveKal Global Asset Alloaction Fund | 30-Jun-2020 | 31-Dec-2019 | 30-Jun-2019 |
| Class A USD | | | |
| Units | 56,568 | 68,822 | 84,910 |
| NAV per Unit USD | 87.05 | 98.14 | 94.83 |
| Class A EUR | | | |
| Units | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 82.81 | 93.85 | 91.99 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

10 Net Asset Values per Unit (continued)

| GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund | 30-Jun-2020 | 31-Dec-2019 | 30-Jun-2019 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Class A EUR | | | |
| Units | 37,227 | - | - |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 95.01 | - | - |
| Class A SEK | | | |
| Units | 500,000 | - | - |
| NAV per Unit SEK | 98.71 | - | - |
| Class B EUR | | | |
| Units | 572,985 | - | - |
| NAV per Unit EUR | 95.03 | - | - |

11 Significant events during the financial period

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization officially declared COVID-19, the disease caused by novel coronavirus, a pandemic. The Directors are closely monitoring the evolution of this pandemic, including how it may affect the economy and the general population. The Directors have considered the implications of the COVID-19 outbreak on the financial statements including impacts subsequent to the financial period ended 30 June 2020 and accordingly are satisfied that the Trust will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due. However, the Directors will continue to monitor the impact of COVID-19.

GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund launched on 15 May 2020.

Mr Joergen Buchholt was appointed as Director with effect from 26 May 2020.

There are no other significant events during the financial period which would require disclosure in the financial statements.

12 Significant events after the balance sheet date

Gavekal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund terminated on 24 July 2020.

There are no other subsequent events during the period or subsequent to the period end which would require disclosure in the financial statements.

13 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Directors of the Manager on 24 August 2020.

Schedule of Investments as at 30 June 2020 Gavekal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund

| Description | Coupon rate | Maturity | Quantity | Ccy | Fair value EUR | % of TNA |
|--|----------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------------------|--------------|
| FINANCIAL ASSEIS AT FAIR VALUE THROU | | TORLOSS | | | | |
| Bonds | | | | | | |
| Donus | | | | | | |
| Australia | | | | | | |
| Australia Government Bond | 4.750% | 21-Apr-27 | 1,000,000 | AUD | 785,087 | 0.37 |
| China | | | | | | |
| China Government Bond | 3.950% | 29-Jun-43 | 30,000,000 | CNH | 4,043,568 | 1.91 |
| China Government Bond | 4.100% | 21-May-45 | 20,000,000 | CNH | 2,755,905 | 1.30 |
| Export-Import Bank of China | 4.150% | 18-Jun-27 | 1,000,000 | CNH | 135,751 | 0.06 |
| Hong Kong | | | | | 6,935,224 | 3.27 |
| China Construction Bank Asia | 4.080% | 18-Nov-24 | 12,800,000 | CNH | 1,690,124 | 0.80 |
| | | | | | | |
| Indonesia Indonesia Government Bond | 8.375% | 15-Mar-24 | 105,500,000,000 | IDR | 6,998,485 | 3.30 |
| Indonesia Government Bond | 7.000% | 15-Mai-24 15-Sep-30 | 70,000,000,000 | IDR | 4,311,258 | 2.04 |
| Indonesia Government Bond | 7.000% | 15-May-22 | 35,000,000,000 | IDR | 2,247,229 | 1.06 |
| | 1.00070 | 10 Muy 22 | 55,000,000,000 | IDR | 13,556,972 | 6.40 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Bonds | | | | | 22,967,407 | 10.84 |
| Equities | | | | | | |
| China | | | | | | |
| Alibaba Group Holding Ltd | | | 549,800 | HKD | 13,236,018 | 6.25 |
| Pinduoduo Inc ADR | | | 170,800 | USD | 13,052,143 | 6.16 |
| Tencent Holdings Ltd | | | 227,700 | HKD | 13,039,973 | 6.16 |
| Meituan Dianping | | | 610,500 | HKD | 12,053,771 | 5.69 |
| Li Ning Co Ltd | | | 2,645,000 | HKD | 7,473,468 | 3.53 |
| Zhuhai Gree Electric Appliances Inc NetEase Inc ADR | | | 914,337 | CNH USD | 6,512,067 5,695,506 | 3.07 |
| Sun Art Retail Group Ltd | | | 14,900 3,492,500 | HKD | 5,311,116 | 2.69 2.51 |
| Topsports International Holdings Limited | | | 3,853,000 | HKD | 4,381,225 | 2.07 |
| Weichai Power Co Ltd | | | 2,169,000 | HKD | 3,597,395 | 1.70 |
| Geely Automobile Holdings Ltd | | | 2,565,000 | HKD | 3,594,253 | 1.70 |
| Agile Group Holdings Ltd | | | 3,422,000 | HKD | 3,584,563 | 1.69 |
| Sany Heavy Industry | | | 1,257,950 | CNH | 2,971,136 | 1.40 |
| Kweichow Moutai A | | | 15,621 | CNH | 2,877,027 | 1.36 |
| Midea Group Co | | | 365,794 | CNH | 2,753,541 | 1.30 |
| Beijing Capital Intl Airpo | | | 4,336,000 | HKD | 2,415,419 | 1.14 |
| Huya Inc ADR | | | 96,000 | USD | 1,595,584 | 0.75 |
| Country Garden Services Holdings Company Ltd | | | 378,505 | HKD | 1,565,076 | 0.74 |
| Douyu International Holdngs Ltd ADR | | | 127,200 | USD | 1,306,764 | 0.62 |
| Hong Kong | | | | | 107,016,045 | 50.53 |
| HKG Exchanges & Clearing Ltd | | | 385,200 | HKD | 14,600,293 | 6.90 |
| ASM Pacific Technolology | | | 675,800 | HKD | 6,314,473 | 2.98 |
| CK Asset Holdings Ltd | | | 1,142,500 | HKD | 6,062,609 | 2.86 |
| Sun Hung Kai Properties | | | 187,500 | HKD | 2,130,975 | 1.01 |
| Budweiser Brewing Co APAC Limited | | | 551,000 | HKD | 1,427,117 | 0.67 |
| | | | | | 30,535,467 | 14.42 |

Schedule of Investments as at 30 June 2020 Gavekal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund (continued)

| Description | Quantity | Ccy | Fair value EUR | % of TNA |
|---|----------|-----|----------------|----------|
| FINANCIAL ASSEIS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS | | | | |
| Japan | | | | |
| Alps Electric Co Ltd | 229,200 | JPY | 2,608,842 | 1.23 |
| Murata Manufacturing Co Ltd | 27,900 | JPY | 1,453,451 | 0.69 |
| TDK Corporation | 16,400 | JPY | 1,444,672 | 0.68 |
| | | | 5,506,965 | 2.60 |
| Korea | | | | |
| NCSoft | 17,375 | KRW | 11,459,352 | 5.41 |
| Samsung Electronics Co Ltd | 254,494 | KRW | 9,946,471 | 4.70 |
| SK Hynix Inc | 105,713 | KRW | 6,659,099 | 3.14 |
| LG Household & Health Care Ltd | 4,300 | KRW | 4,284,213 | 2.02 |
| Samsung SDI | 14,850 | KRW | 3,995,659 | 1.89 |
| | | · | 36,344,794 | 17.16 |
| Taiwan | | | | |
| Largan Precision | 12,000 | TWD | 1,476,746 | 0.70 |
| Total Equities | | | 150,344,550 | 70.99 |
| Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | | 173,311,957 | 81.83 |
| | | | | |
| Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | | | 173,311,957 | 81.83 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | 8,030,338 | 3.79 |
| Other assets and liabilities | | | 30,460,618 | 14.38 |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders | | | 211,802,914 | 100.00 |

Schedule of Investments as at 30 June 2020 GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund

| Description | Coupon rate | Maturity | Quantity | Ccy | Fair value USD | % TN |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|------|
| FINANCIAL ASSEIS AT FAIR VALUE T | | TORLOSS | | | | |
| Bonds | | | | | | |
| Australia | | | | | | |
| National Australia Bank | 4.600% | 07-Sep-23 | 10,000,000 | CNH | 1,493,721 | 0.2 |
| China | | | | | | |
| China Government Bond | 1.990% | 09-Apr-25 | 500,000,000 | CNH | 68,984,415 | 10.4 |
| China Government Bond | 3.250% | 06-Jun-26 | 320,000,000 | CNH | 46,424,167 | 7.0 |
| China Government Bond | 3.190% | 11-Apr-24 | 310,000,000 | CNH | 44,990,510 | 6.8 |
| Republic Of China | 2.940% | 17-Oct-24 | 310,000,000 | CNH | 44,663,666 | 6.7 |
| China Government Bond | 3.120% | 05-Dec-26 | 270,000,000 | CNH | 38,855,554 | 5.8 |
| China Government Bond | 3.220% | 06-Dec-25 | 180,000,000 | CNH | 26,188,310 | 3.9 |
| China Government Bond | 3.480% | 08-Jan-29 | 130,000,000 | CNH | 18,498,359 | 2.8 |
| Exp Imp | 2.930% | 01-Mar-25 | 120,000,000 | CNH | 16,864,202 | 2.5 |
| China Development Bank | 3.430% | 14-Jan-27 | 110,000,000 | CNH | 15,668,637 | 2.3 |
| Fantasia Holdings Group | 11.875% | 11-Sep-20 | 108,910,000 | CNH | 15,262,310 | 2.3 |
| Zhenro Properties Group Limited | 8.000% | 16-Nov-20 | 93,000,000 | CNH | 13,184,711 | 1.9 |
| Easy Tactic Ltd | 7.000% | 25-Apr-21 | 8,900,000 | USD | 8,696,635 | 1.3 |
| Agricul Dev Bank China | 4.980% | 12-Jan-25 | 50,000,000 | CNH | 7,617,773 | 1.1 |
| China Government Bond | 3.390% | 16-Mar-50 | 50,000,000 | CNH | 6,794,846 | 1.0 |
| CFID Cayman Investment | 9.000% | 31-Jul-21 | 6,470,000 | USD | 6,637,832 | 1.0 |
| CFID Cayman Investment | 8.625% | 28-Feb-21 | 6,400,000 | USD | 6,506,304 | 0.9 |
| Central China Real Estate | 6.875% | 10-Feb-21 | 6,300,000 | USD | 6,307,749 | 0.9 |
| Agricul Dev Bank China | 3.740% | 12-Jul-29 | 40,000,000 | CNH | 5,808,225 | 0. |
| Ronshine China | 11.250% | 22-Aug-21 | 5,300,000 | USD | 5,591,765 | 0. |
| China Government Bond | 4.000% | 30-Nov-35 | 30,500,000 | CNH | 4,682,320 | 0.1 |
| Shimao Property Holdings | 5.750% | 15-Mar-21 | 31,200,000 | CNH | 4,483,202 | 0. |
| Fantasia Holdings Group | 15.000% | 18-Dec-21 | 4,000,000 | USD | 4,306,080 | 0. |
| Redco Properties Group | 11.500% | 08-Dec-20 | 3,500,000 | USD | 3,465,175 | 0. |
| China Goverment Bond | 3.030% | 24-Jun-24 | 23,000,000 | CNH | 3,325,531 | 0. |
| CIFI Holdings Group Co Ltd | 6.700% | 23-Apr-22 | 22,000,000 | CNH | 3,179,154 | 0.4 |
| Agricul Dev Bank Cnina | 3.750% | 25-Jan-29 | 20,000,000 | CNH | 2,903,547 | 0.4 |
| Agricul Dev Bank China | 3.180% | 06-Nov-22 | 18,420,000 | CNH | 2,645,980 | 0.4 |
| Export Import Bank China | 3.260% | 24-Feb-27 | 15,000,000 | CNH | 2,117,837 | 0.3 |
| China Government Bond | 4.100% | 12-Apr-22 | 14,000,000 | CNH | 2,069,934 | 0.3 |
| Zhenro Properties Group | 12.500% | 02-Jan-21 | 2,000,000 | USD | 2,066,320 | 0.3 |
| Central China Real Estate | 8.750% | 23-Jan-21 | 2,000,000 | USD | 2,041,450 | 0.1 |
| China SCE Property Hldgs | 7.450% | 17-Apr-21 | 2,000,000 | USD | 2,018,640 | 0.3 |
| Red Sun Properties Group | 10.500% | 03-Oct-22 | 2,000,000 | USD | 2,010,000 | 0.3 |
| Rongxingda Development | 8.750% | 28-Jan-21 | 2,000,000 | USD | 2,001,520 | 0.1 |
| China Construction Bank | 2.450% | 24-Jun-30 | 2,000,000 | USD | 1,995,840 | 0.3 |
| China Government Bond | 4.100% | 26-Jun-22 | 13,500,000 | CNH | 1,981,020 | 0.1 |
| Easy Tactic Ltd | 8.875% | 27-Sep-21 | 1,800,000 | USD | 1,772,802 | 0.2 |
| Easy Tactic Ltd | 8.750% | 10-Jan-21 | 1,602,000 | USD | 1,600,222 | 0.1 |
| Peoples Republic Of China | 3.800% | 09-Jul-23 | 10,000,000 | CNH | 1,476,290 | 0.1 |
| CIFI Holdings Group | 7.750% | 20-Sep-20 | 8,500,000 | CNH | 1,210,506 | 0. |
| Zhenro Properties Group | 9.150% | 08-Mar-22 | 1,050,000 | USD | 1,075,295 | 0. |
| Fantasia Holdings Group | 12.250% | 18-Oct-22 | 1,000,000 | USD | 1,045,490 | 0. |
| Fantasia Holdings Group | 11.750% | 17-Apr-22 | 1,000,000 | USD | 1,035,420 | 0. |
| CFID Cayman Investment | 6.920% | 16-Jun-22 | 1,000,000 | USD | 998,100 | 0. |
| Fantasia Holdings | 7.950% | 05-Jul-22 | 1,000,000 | USD | 964,710 | 0. |
| Hong Seng Ltd | 9.875% | 27-Aug-22 | 1,000,000 | USD | 951,660 | 0. |
| Easy Tactic Ltd | 5.750% | 13-Jan-22 | 1,000,000 | USD | 922,710 | 0. |
| China Government Bond | 3.900% | 04-Jul-36 | 5,000,000 | CNH | 756,689 | 0. |
| China SCE Property Hldgs | 5.875% | 10-Mar-22 | 500,000 | USD | 492,995 | 0.0 |
| Fantasia Holdings Group | 8.375% | 08-Mar-21 | 472,000 | USD | 492,995 | 0.0 |
| i antasia morangs Oroup | 0.375% | 00^{-1} 10^{-2} | +/2,000 | 030 | +/+,132 | 0.0 |

Schedule of Investments as at 30 June 2020 GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund (continued)

| Description | Coupon | Maturity | Quantity | Ccy | Fair value USD | % TNA |
|--|------------------|------------|-------------|-------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Description FINANCIAL ASSEIS AT FAIR VALUE THROU | rate GH PROFI | TORLOSS | | - | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Bonds (continued) | | | | | | |
| China (continued) | | | | | | |
| China Govt Bond | 3.160% | 27-Jun-23 | 3,000,000 | CNH | 434,382 | 0.07 |
| Ronshine China | 10.500% | 01-Mar-22 | 300,000 | USD | 318,696 | 0.05 |
| China Government Bond | 3.310% | 30-Nov-25 | 1,000,000 | CNH | 147,135 | 0.02 |
| | | | | | 466,985,345 | 70.57 |
| Germany | | | | | | |
| Daimler International Finance BV | 3.450% | 27-Sep-22 | 110,000,000 | CNH | 15,755,289 | 2.38 |
| Daimler International Finance BV | 3.780% | 22-Mar-22 | 84,000,000 | CNH | 12,055,190 | 1.82 |
| Daimler International Finance BV | 4.500% | 21-Sep-21 | 61,000,000 | CNH | 8,837,270 | 1.34 |
| BMW Finance NV | 4.400% | 20-Sep-21 | 60,000,000 | CNH | 8,679,244 | 1.31 |
| BSH Hausgerate GmbH | 4.375% | 25-Jul-22 | 45,000,000 | CNH | 6,492,600 | 0.98 |
| Daimler International Finance BV | 4.800% | 09-Apr-21 | 4,000,000 | CNH | 574,668 52,394,261 | 0.09 7.92 |
| Hong Kong | | | | | 52,394,201 | 1.92 |
| Far East Horizon Ltd | 4.900% | 27-Feb-21 | 102,040,000 | CNH | 14,506,657 | 2.19 |
| Sinopec Century Bright Capital Investment Ltd | 4.500% | 31-Oct-21 | 99,030,000 | CNH | 14,315,639 | 2.19 |
| Zhenro Properties Group | 5.600% | 28-Feb-21 | 2,500,000 | USD | 2,482,800 | 0.38 |
| Zhenro Properties Group | 9.800% | 20-Aug-21 | 1,650,000 | USD | 1,699,302 | 0.26 |
| | 2.00070 | 20 Mug 21 | 1,050,000 | CDD | 33.004.398 | 4.99 |
| Korea | | | | | 55,001,570 | 1.77 |
| Korea Development Bank | 4.190% | 27-Jul-20 | 60,000,000 | CNH | 8,496,082 | 1.28 |
| I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I | | | , , | | -,, | |
| Middle East | | | | | | |
| QNB Finance Ltd | 3.850% | 10-Jul-25 | 85,000,000 | CNH | 12,077,230 | 1.83 |
| QNB Finance Ltd | 4.350% | 29-Jan-22 | 62,000,000 | CNH | 8,934,443 | 1.35 |
| Emirate of Sharjah Government International Bo | 5.800% | 02-Feb-21 | 60,000,000 | CNH | 8,485,603 | 1.28 |
| QNB Finance Ltd | 3.800% | 17-Jun-25 | 50,000,000 | CNH | 7,138,301 | 1.08 |
| Arab Petroleum Investments | 4.700% | 13-Mar-21 | 44,600,000 | CNH | 6,387,108 | 0.97 |
| First Abu Dhabi Bank | 3.500% | 02-Jul-25 | 31,000,000 | CNH | 4,396,986 | 0.66 |
| QNB Finance Ltd | 3.800% | 25-Apr-22 | 29,000,000 | CNH | 4,145,177 | 0.63 |
| First Abu Dhabi Bank PJSC | 4.500% | 10-Sep-21 | 15,000,000 | CNH | 2,159,565 | 0.33 |
| | | | | | 53,724,413 | 8.13 |
| Philippines | 5 00000 | 22.34 21 | 0.000.000 | CNUL | 1 207 260 | 0.10 |
| Philippine Government International Bond | 5.000% | 23-Mar-21 | 9,000,000 | CNH | 1,287,268 | 0.19 |
| Portugal | | | | | | |
| Portugal Government International Bond | 4.090% | 03-Jun-22 | 150,000,000 | CNH | 21,319,653 | 3.22 |
| i ortugar Government international Dond | 4.09070 | 05 Juli 22 | 150,000,000 | citii | 21,519,055 | 5.22 |
| Other Latin America | | | | | | |
| Central American Bank | 4.200% | 21-Sep-21 | 43,000,000 | CNH | 6,159,251 | 0.93 |
| | | 1 | - , , | | -,, - | |
| Total Bonds | | | | | 644,864,392 | 97.47 |
| | | | | | | |
| Forward foreign currency exchange contracts | | | | | | |
| Buy EUR 14,797,617.50 sell USD 16,615,815.56 | | | | | 16,795 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Total financial assets at fair value through pr | ofit or loss | | | | 644,881,187 | 97.47 |
| | | | | | | 05 |
| Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through | profit or loss | 8 | | | 644,864,392 | 97.47 |
| Forward foreign currency exchange contracts | | | | | 16,795 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | 22,529,853 | 3.41 |
| Other assets and liabilities | | | | | (5,820,350) | (0.88) |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders | | | | | 661,590,690 | 100.00 |

Schedule of Investments as at 30 June 2020 GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund

| Description | Coupon rate | Maturity | Quantity | Ccy | Fair value | % TNA |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----|-------------|---------|
| FINANCIAL ASSEIS AT FAIR VALUE | THROUGH PROFI | TORLOSS | | | | |
| UCITS | | | | | | |
| iShares China Large-Cap ETF | | | 40,000 | USD | 1,588,000 | 4.84 |
| iShares MSCI South Africa ETF | | | 40,000 | USD | 1,409,600 | 4.29 |
| iShares MSCI South Korea ETF | | | 25,548 | USD | 1,459,557 | 4.45 |
| Total UCITS | | | | = | 4,457,157 | 13.58 |
| Money Market | | | | | | |
| United States Treasury Bill | 0.000% | 10-Sep-20 | 7,500,000 | USD | 7,498,133 | 22.84 |
| United States Treasury Bill | 0.000% | 15-Oct-20 | 5,000,000 | USD | 4,997,921 | 15.22 |
| United States Treasury Bill | 0.000% | 25-Mar-20 | 7,000,000 | USD | 6,992,018 | 21.30 |
| United States Treasury Bill | 0.000% | 30-Jul-20 | 7,000,000 | USD | 6,999,330 | 21.32 |
| Total Money Market | | | | = | 26,487,401 | 80.68 |
| Forward foreign currency exchange contr | racts | | | | | |
| Buy EUR 24,789,221 sell USD 27,329,37 | 3 | | | | 28,135 | 0.09 |
| Total forward foreign currency exchange | contracts | | | = | 28,135 | 0.09 |
| Total financial assets at fair value th | rough profit or loss | | | _ | 30,972,693 | 94.35 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value thro | ough profit or loss | | | | | |
| Futures | | | | | | |
| S&P 500 EMINI 0920 | | | 25 | USD | (21,125) | (0.06) |
| Total Futures | | | | = | (21,125) | (0.06) |
| | | | | _ | | |
| Total financial liabilities at fair valu | e through profit or l | OSS | | = | (21,125) | (0.06) |
| Financial assets and liabilities at fair value | through profit or los | 5 | | | 30,951,568 | 94.27 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | C 1 | | | | 6,067,055 | 18.48 |
| Other assets and liabilities | | | | | (4,186,485) | (12.75) |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholder | e e | | | | 32,832,138 | 100.00 |

Schedule of Investments as at 30 June 2020 GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund

| Description | Coupon rate | Maturity | Quantity | Ccy | Fair value USD | % TNA |
|---|-----------------|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------|--------|
| FINANCIAL ASSEIS AT FAIR VALUE | E THROUGH PROFI | TORLOSS | | | | |
| Bonds | | | | | | |
| China | | | | | | |
| China Government Bond | 3.390% | 16-Mar-50 | 100,000,000 | CNH | 12,097,749 | 19.30 |
| China Government Bond | 1.990% | 09-Apr-25 | 90,000,000 | CNH | 11,053,973 | 17.63 |
| Republic Of China | 2.940% | 17-Oct-24 | 70,000,000 | CNH | 8,978,125 | 14.32 |
| China Government Bond | 3.250% | 06-Jun-26 | 60,000,000 | CNH | 7,748,905 | 12.36 |
| China Government Bond | 3.290% | 23-May-29 | 30,000,000 | CNH | 3,888,692 | 6.20 |
| China Government Bond | 3.220% | 06-Dec-25 | 30,000,000 | CNH | 3,885,538 | 6.20 |
| Export Import Bank | 2.930% | 02-Mar-25 | 30,000,000 | CNH | 3,753,192 | 5.99 |
| China Government Bond | 2.680% | 21-May-30 | 30,000,000 | CNH | 3,725,903 | 5.94 |
| Agricul Dev Bank | 2.250% | 22-Apr-25 | 30,000,000 | CNH | 3,635,859 | 5.80 |
| Republic Of China | 3.540% | 01-Aug-28 | 10,000,000 | CNH | 1,315,563 | 2.10 |
| China Government Bond | 3.120% | 05-Dec-26 | 10,000,000 | CNH | 1,281,104 | 2.04 |
| Export Import Bank | 3.260% | 24-Feb-27 | 5,000,000 | CNH | 628,443 | 1.00 |
| | | | | | 61,993,046 | 98.88 |
| Total Bonds | | | | | 61,993,046 | 98.88 |
| Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | | | | 61,993,046 | 98.88 |
| Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | | | | | 61,993,046 | 98.88 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | 5,178,869 | 8.26 |
| Other assets and liabilities | | | | | (4,474,902) | (7.14) |
| Net assets attributable to Unitholders | | | | | 62,697,013 | 100.00 |

Schedule of Portfolio Changes

GaveKal Asian Opportunities UCITS Fund

| | | % of total | | Proceeds | % of total |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| Largest Purchases | Cost EUR | purchases | Largest Sales | EUR | sales |
| Meituan Dianping | 20,658,718 | 5.47% | Meituan Dianping | 22,507,714 | 5.82% |
| HK Exchanges & Clearing Ltd | 18,704,997 | 4.95% | HDFC Bank | 19,989,662 | 5.17% |
| NCSoft | 15,855,052 | 4.20% | ICICI Bank | 16,557,481 | 4.28% |
| SK Hynix Inc | 14,781,734 | 3.92% | AIA Group Ltd | 14,466,131 | 3.74% |
| Samsung Electronics | 12,799,250 | 3.39% | SK Hynix Inc | 12,179,288 | 3.15% |
| HDFC Bank | 12,355,190 | 3.27% | Reliance Industries | 11,837,401 | 3.06% |
| Guangdong Investment | 10,742,373 | 2.85% | Guangdong Investment | 11,704,995 | 3.03% |
| Murata Manufacturing | 8,502,611 | 2.25% | China Resources | 11,210,183 | 2.90% |
| Zhuhai Gree Elec. | 8,050,392 | 2.13% | Beijing New Bldg | 10,990,093 | 2.84% |
| Sony Corp | 7,777,589 | 2.06% | Sony Corp | 9,759,148 | 2.52% |
| LG Household & Health Care | 7,685,811 | 2.04% | Hon Hai Precision | 9,322,082 | 2.41% |
| Techtronic Ind | 7,153,872 | 1.89% | Han's Laser Technol | 8,856,506 | 2.29% |
| Tencent Holdings Ltd | 7,117,473 | 1.89% | Samsung Electronics | 8,748,343 | 2.26% |
| ICICI Bank | 7,056,046 | 1.87% | Taiwan Semiconductor | 8,723,869 | 2.26% |
| MTR Corp | 7,048,583 | 1.87% | Techtronic Ind | 8,256,088 | 2.13% |
| Li Ning Co | 6,824,982 | 1.81% | NCSoft | 7,440,766 | 1.92% |
| ASM Pacific Technology | 6,073,536 | 1.61% | Sun Art Retail | 7,288,648 | 1.88% |
| Budweiser Brewing | 6,035,309 | 1.60% | MTR Corp | 6,891,276 | 1.78% |
| CK Asset Holdings | 5,963,034 | 1.58% | HK Exchanges & Clearing Ltd | 6,496,808 | 1.68% |
| Reliance Industries | 5,619,858 | 1.49% | Murata Manufacturing | 6,496,061 | 1.68% |
| TDK Corporation | 5,286,665 | 1.40% | Geely Auto Hold Ltd | 6,232,559 | 1.61% |
| Alps Electric Co | 5,241,875 | 1.39% | Delta Elect Ind Inc | 6,175,483 | 1.60% |
| Shenzhou Intl | 5,215,413 | 1.38% | Shenzhou Intl | 6,137,952 | 1.59% |
| HDFC | 4,991,800 | 1.32% | HDFC | 5,908,871 | 1.53% |
| Sun Art Retail | 4,965,786 | 1.32% | Sunac China Holdings | 5,613,452 | 1.45% |
| Han's Laser Technol | 4,922,251 | 1.30% | Aust & NZ Var 25 Cnh | 5,408,493 | 1.40% |
| Topsport Int Hld Ltd | 4,916,402 | 1.30% | Budweiser Brewing | 4,755,391 | 1.23% |
| Indonesia 7% 09/30 | 4,723,664 | 1.25% | HDFC | 4,553,628 | 1.18% |
| Beijing New Bldg | 4,543,348 | 1.20% | Guangzhou Auto Gp | 4,497,886 | 1.16% |
| Dr Reddy's Laboratories | 4,400,406 | 1.17% | LG Chem | 4,496,679 | 1.16% |
| China Yangtze Po Cnh | 4,246,731 | 1.12% | Dr Reddy's Laboratories | 4,412,023 | 1.14% |
| AIA Group Ltd | 4,241,199 | 1.12% | TDK Corporation | 4,308,981 | 1.11% |
| Sany Heavy Ind | 4,237,781 | 1.12% | China Yangtze Po Cnh | 4,194,935 | 1.08% |
| Tokyo Electron Ltd | 4,179,104 | 1.11% | Wharf Real Estate | 4,127,409 | 1.07% |
| Samsung SDI | 4,125,095 | 1.09% | LG Household & Health Care | 4,055,409 | 1.05% |
| LG Chem | 4,092,169 | 1.08% | China Mengniu | 3,886,027 | 1.00% |
| Geely Auto Hold Ltd | 3,976,143 | 1.05% | | | |
| China Mengniu | 3,923,749 | 1.04% | | | |
| Weichai Pwr Co Ltd | 3,820,983 | 1.01% | | | |

Schedule of Portfolio Changes

GaveKal China Fixed Income Fund

| | | % of total | | | % of total |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Largest Purchases | Cost USD | purchases | Largest Sales | Proceeds USD | sales |
| China Govt 1.99% 04/25 | 70,364,685 | 10.49% | China Govt 3.29% 05/29 | 78,012,151 | 16.89% |
| China Govt 3.25% 26 | 47,218,481 | 7.04% | China Govt 3.25% 28 | 57,601,943 | 12.47% |
| China Govt 3.29% 05/29 | 45,532,763 | 6.79% | China Govt 3.13% 29 | 17,722,024 | 3.84% |
| China Govt 2.94% 10/24 | 41,054,131 | 6.12% | China Govt 4.08% 48 | 14,190,695 | 3.07% |
| China Govt 3.12% 12/26 | 39,659,873 | 5.91% | China Govt 3.36% 05/22 | 13,362,677 | 2.89% |
| China Govt 3.19% 24 | 36,743,494 | 5.48% | Eastern 3.4% 11/22 | 13,029,831 | 2.82% |
| China Govt 3.22% 25 | 26,813,628 | 4.00% | Britsh Colum 4.8% 20 | 11,477,746 | 2.48% |
| China Govt 3.25% 28 | 25,064,846 | 3.74% | China Govt 3.19% 24 | 10,385,496 | 2.25% |
| China Dev 3.48% 29 | 18,975,669 | 2.83% | China Govt 2.94% 10/24 | 10,306,562 | 2.23% |
| China Govt 3.13% 29 | 17,605,398 | 2.62% | China Dev 3.65% 29 | 8,730,967 | 1.89% |
| Exp Imp 2.93% 03/25 | 17,366,599 | 2.59% | Rep of Philip 5% 21 | 8,643,889 | 1.87% |
| China De 3.43% 01/20 | 16,105,225 | 2.40% | Easy Tac 8.75% 21 | 8,310,700 | 1.80% |
| China Govt 4.08% 48 | 14,345,237 | 2.14% | Peoples 4.1% 04/22 | 8,035,446 | 1.74% |
| QNB Finance 3.85% 25 | 12,025,352 | 1.79% | Agrcul Dev 3.4% 24 | 7,457,771 | 1.61% |
| Easy Tac 8.75% 2021 | 9,932,400 | 1.48% | China Bk 3.3% 02/24 | 7,322,606 | 1.59% |
| First 3.50% Cnh 2025 | 9,896,791 | 1.47% | China De Bk 4.07% 21 | 7,300,366 | 1.58% |
| QNB Finance 3.8% 06/25 | 9,130,752 | 1.36% | China Govt 3.22% 25 | 7,280,196 | 1.58% |
| Easy Tactic 7% 21 | 8,802,050 | 1.31% | Agri China 3.63% 26 | 7,276,358 | 1.58% |
| China Dev 3.65% 29 | 8,767,201 | 1.31% | China Govt 2.69% 22 | 7,222,693 | 1.56% |
| Korea 4.19% Cnh 07/20 | 8,513,623 | 1.27% | Daimler 4.5% 09/21 | 6,929,281 | 1.50% |
| Agricul Dev 4.98% 01/25 | 7,799,108 | 1.16% | First 4.5% 09/21 | 6,480,076 | 1.40% |
| Agrcul Dev 3.4% 24 | 7,418,710 | 1.11% | CIFI Holding 6.7% 22 | 5,978,094 | 1.29% |
| Cent China 6.875% 21 | 7,305,780 | 1.09% | China Govt 3.61% 25 | 5,943,554 | 1.29% |
| China Govt 3.39% 03/50 | 6,830,376 | 1.02% | China Govt 3.3% 04/07/23 | 5,924,806 | 1.28% |
| | | | China Dev 3.5% 08/26 | 5,820,642 | 1.26% |
| | | | CAR Inc 6.5% 4/4/21 | 5,642,507 | 1.22% |
| | | | | | |

First 3.50% Cnh 2025

Cn Cons 2.95% 3/22

China Govt 3.38% 06/07/26

5,540,721

5,248,969

4,923,414

1.20%

1.14%

1.07%

Schedule of Portfolio Changes

GaveKal Global Asset Allocation UCITS Fund

| | | % of total | | | % of total |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Largest Purchases | Cost USD | purchases | Largest Sales | Proceeds USD | sales |
| iShares MSCI South Africa ETF | 2,729,469 | 26.30% | iShares China Large-Cap ETF | 2,794,655 | 23.42% |
| iShares China Large-Cap ETF | 2,201,653 | 21.21% | Market Vectors Russia ETF | 2,664,559 | 22.33% |
| SPDR S&P 500 ETF | 1,873,168 | 18.05% | iShares MSCI Brazil ETF | 2,561,191 | 21.46% |
| iShares MSCI South Korea ETF | 1,460,832 | 14.08% | SPDR S&P 500 ETF | 1,703,595 | 14.28% |
| iShares MSCI Brazil ETF | 676,864 | 6.52% | iShare MSCI South Africa ETF | 1,420,060 | 11.90% |
| iShares MSCI Mexico ETF | 667,997 | 6.44% | iShares MSCI Mexico ETF | 683,089 | 5.72% |
| Market Vectors Russia ETF | 663,604 | 6.39% | iShares Gold Producers ETF | 105,690 | 0.89% |
| iShares Gold Producers ETF | 105,129 | 1.01% | | | |

Schedule of Portfolio Changes

GaveKal China Onshore RMB Bond Fund

| | | % of total | | | % of total |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Largest Purchases | Cost USD | purchases | Largest Sales | Proceeds USD | sales |
| China Govt 1.99% 04/25 | 12,807,204 | 18.54% | China Govt 3.19% 04/24 | 4,018,114 | 76.64% |
| China Govt 3.39% 03/50 | 12,451,060 | 18.02% | China Govt 1.99% 04/25 | 1,224,708 | 23.36% |
| China Govt 2.94% 10/24 | 9,303,756 | 13.46% | | | |
| China Govt 3.25% 06/26 | 7,924,193 | 11.47% | | | |
| China Govt 3.22% 12/25 | 4,093,129 | 5.92% | | | |
| China Govt 3.19% 04/24 | 4,080,303 | 5.91% | | | |
| China Govt 3.29% 05/29 | 4,022,304 | 5.82% | | | |
| China Govt 2.68% 05/30 | 3,772,744 | 5.46% | | | |
| Exp Imp 2.93% 03/25 | 3,752,975 | 5.43% | | | |
| Agricul 2.25% 04/25 | 3,632,466 | 5.26% | | | |
| China Govt 3.54% 08/28 | 1,338,296 | 1.94% | | | |
| China Govt 3.12% 12/26 | 1,294,649 | 1.87% | | | |
| China Govt 3.26% 22/27 | 623,982 | 0.90% | | | |